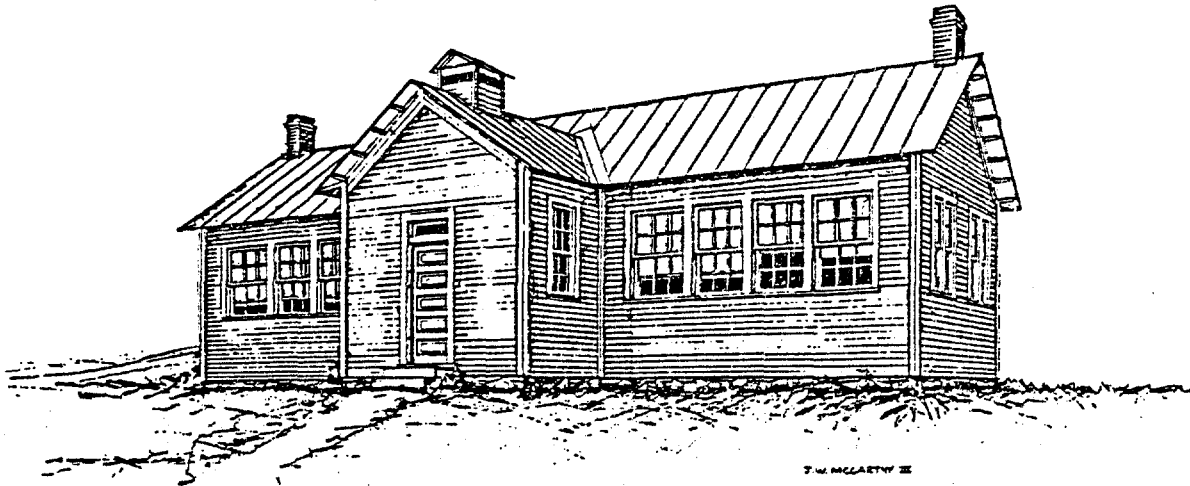


THE KELLEY SCHOOL

(PATE/WARE STORE)

D-332
Vol. 1 of 3



Blue Ridge Parkway, Milepost 149

Jean Haskell Speer • Frances H. Russell

Appalachian Studies Program

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

1989



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THE KELLEY SCHOOL
(PATE/WARE STORE)
BLUE RIDGE PARKWAY
MILEPOST 149

HISTORIC RESOURCE STUDY - VOLUME 1
AND
HISTORIC STRUCTURE REPORT - VOLUME 2

Prepared for
The Blue Ridge Parkway

by

Jean Haskell Speer
Frances H. Russell
Gibson Worsham

Appalachian Studies Program
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

Blacksburg, Virginia

1989

**SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING APPENDICES FOR
THE KELLEY SCHOOL
(PATE/WARE STORE)
HISTORIC RESOURCE STUDY**

The appendices for the Kelley School Historic Resource Study encompass about 570 pages of material. Due to the considerable expense involved in producing copies of these voluminous appendices, only limited copies have been produced. Complete copies of the Kelley School Historic Resource Study and Historic Structure Report and all appendices are available for inspection at the following locations:

- ▶ Appalachian Studies Program Office
VPISU
Blacksburg, Virginia
- ▶ Blue Ridge Parkway, Headquarters
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- ▶ Blue Ridge Parkway Library
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- ▶ Blue Ridge Parkway, Rocky Knob District Office
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- ▶ Floyd County Public Library
Floyd, Virginia (2 copies)

THE KELLEY SCHOOL
(PATE/WARE STORE)
BLUE RIDGE PARKWAY
MILEPOST 149

HISTORIC RESOURCE STUDY - VOLUME 1

Prepared for
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Jean Haskell Speer
Frances H. Russell

Blacksburg, Virginia

1989

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PREFACE

This study of the historical and architectural significance of the Kelley School/Pate Store/Ware Store has been conducted as part of a cooperative agreement between the Blue Ridge Parkway of the National Park Service and the Appalachian Studies Program at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. Dr. Jean Haskell Speer, director of the Appalachian Studies Program, Ms. Frances H. Russell, research associate, and Mr. Gibson Worsham, historical architect, comprised the research team responsible for this report.

Background research, oral history, and other research and fieldwork took place between September 1988 and July 1989. The final report was prepared in August and September of 1989. To gather the information necessary to prepare a historic resource study and historic structures report of this site, we searched deed, will, birth-marriage-death records, old newspapers files, family papers and genealogical records, maps, school board records, unpublished manuscript collections, Blue Ridge Parkway records, and a host of other published and unpublished documents. In addition, we conducted nearly fifty interviews (telephone and in-person) with local historians, Kelley-Pate-Ware family members, former teachers and students at the Kelley School, members of the local community, and other persons knowledgeable about aspects of the site's history. We gathered and corroborated evidence that may be considered as historically factual and also anecdotal material to give life and animation to the historical skeleton.

One of the most pleasant and rewarding information-gathering activities of the study period was a summer gathering at the school/store site. Modeled on the tradition of "picture-taking day" at the Kelley School, we invited anyone with information and/or photographs and artifacts of the Kelley School/Pate Store/Ware Store to join us at the site for a picnic. Approximately twenty-five persons attended, were interviewed, brought photographs and documents, and a fine "dinner on the grounds." Combining their memories proved to be a good way to dredge up forgotten information.

As we conducted this research, we received able and enthusiastic assistance from a host of people with either a professional or personal interest in this historic site and we want to thank them. First, special thanks to the members of the families who have figured in the

site's history: Al and Mary Lou Kelley, who squired us around Floyd County and fed us information, photographs, and good food; Paul Kelley, who told us interesting stories and provided photographs; Paula Kelley Ward, who provided family background all the way from Texas; Herman and Gladys Pate, who patiently answered queries about family and their store operation; and Gene Ware, who provided photographs and information about his parents' ownership of the store.

Several former teachers and students at the Kelley School, most of whom came to picture-taking day, gave us stories of school life and drawings and details of the interior and exterior of the school house. We thank Opal Young, Irene Poff, Howard Peters, Daisy and Marvin Thomas (who also helped us locate Daniels Run Road), Emma Kelley West, Lula Hatcher Turner, Mrs. T. S. Sweeney, Frank Peters, and all the others who made picture-taking day a success.

Three local historians gave us invaluable help with understanding the historical context of the school/store site: Marguerite Tise, Kathleen Ingoldsby, and Max S. Thomas. Mr. Thomas graciously gave us permission to include a copy of his book *Walnut Knob* in this report. Sarah Simmons, a professor at Roanoke College (Roanoke, Virginia), and Sandra Pratt of the Floyd County School Board Office guided us through the history of public education in Floyd County and the maze of school records.

No research study of this kind can materialize without the help of librarians and court clerks. We have many to thank: Dorothy McCombs of the University Library at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University; Pamela Cadmus and Frances Anderson of the Jesse Peterman Library in Floyd, Virginia; Carol Tuckwiller, Roanoke City Library; and Margaret H. Harman, Clerk, and Danah T. Howell, Deputy Clerk at the Floyd County Courthouse.

Others who have earned our thanks include Holly Olden and Joe McCarthy, who assisted Gibson Worsham with the architectural drawings; Norma Montgomery and Michelle Shepherd of VPI&SU, who have typed manuscripts and balanced our budget; Rick Griffiths and Paul Lancaster, both of VPI&SU, who recorded many of our efforts on film; WDBJ Television, Roanoke, Virginia, for a tape of O. B. Ware; Lewis Burwell, Floyd, Virginia, who provided maps; Ann McCleary at the Museum of American Frontier Culture and Hunter Barnes at the State Department of Education for research on standard school plans; and several members of the

Blue Ridge Parkway staff--Al Hess, Richard Morefield, and L. T. Nolen. We especially thank Al Hess for his guidance, patience, and good editorial eye.

This study unfolds chronologically, starting with the settlement of the Kelley family in Floyd County, the development of the Kelley School, the Pate residence and store operation on the site, the O. B. Ware country-store era, and finally the acquisition and management of the site by the Blue Ridge Parkway and National Park Service. We offer suggestions for additional research and recommendations for future management of this important cultural resource. Rounding out the report are appendices that contain all pertinent documents, photographs, and resources, and an annotated bibliography.

The Kelley School/Pate Store/Ware Store site, unoccupied for several years now, stands mute as millions of travelers pass by on the Blue Ridge Parkway. But it does have a fascinating and evocative story to tell.

Frances H. Russell

Jean Haskell Speer

Gibson Worsham

September 1989

INTRODUCTION

Cultural artifacts contain within them the heritage of the land and people who created and shaped them. As the years pass, they may acquire layer upon layer of cultural baggage. But if we begin to unpack that baggage, we can discover the stories the artifact has to tell.

As we began this project, we were asked to study the Ware store at Milepost 149 on the Blue Ridge Parkway in Floyd County, Virginia. We had little information with which to begin. We quickly learned, however, that the Ware store was only one part of the rich history and evocative cultural memory of this site. Our investigation ultimately led us all the way back to the earliest settlers in Floyd County, to a family dedicated to the service of others, to a community whose history was intertwined in a rural school, a country store, a tourist attraction, and with the Blue Ridge Parkway.

Learning that the Ware store was, in fact, the Kelley School House for many years and had been the site of a school for over sixty years raised questions we had to pursue. Who were the Kelleys and why was the school named for them? Where did they come from, how did they live, and why was education so important to them? What was it like to attend the Kelley School? Who were its students, teachers, and supporters? What did this school look like in those days and what made up the typical school day? What role did the school play in its community? What caused the school to cease operation? What role did the Parkway, newly constructed in the 1930s on the edge of the school, play in the life of the school?

After the school closed in 1939, the building became a residence and small business for Virgie Pate and her son, Herman, both former students at Kelley School. We pondered how the Pates changed the old school site, why they chose to run a country store, and how the store may have reflected changes in the surrounding mountain community.

Because the Parkway co-existed with all the important phases of the site--the Kelley School, the Pate Store, and the Ware Store--we were intrigued to follow the pattern of that co-existence. How has the Parkway administration viewed the site? What has it made of the site's significance? Of what potential value is this cultural resource in fulfilling the Parkway's mission?

In the pages that follow, we have assembled all the evidence we have been able to muster to answer these questions and the myriad other questions that arose in the course of the research. Our story begins with the Kelley family.

THE KELLEY FAMILY

Floyd County, formed from Montgomery County by the passage of an act of the General Assembly of Virginia on January 15, 1831, and named for Governor John Floyd, is situated on a high plateau between the Blue Ridge Mountains on the east and the Alleghany Mountains on the west. A narrow strip of land, five miles in length, was cut off from Franklin County in 1871 by authority of the General Assembly and became a part of Floyd County. Within the boundaries of the county are mountains, valleys, and small ridges. It is watered and drained by the Little River and its tributaries and is rich in fertile farmland, mineral resources and scenic beauty.¹

Situated along the headwaters of the Little River in the eastern section of the county were many fine farms of the early settlers. Among these families were the Kelleys, the Conners, the Vests, the Poffs, the Cannadays and the Grays.² These settlers were good substantial farmers, many of whom were from Eastern Virginia.³

George Washington Kelley moved to Floyd County from Franklin County in 1840. He settled with his family at the top of Daniels Run in the east end of the county on the crest of the Blue Ridge Mountains.⁴ This area where he and his family lived became known as the Lilac community and was in what is now known as the Locust Grove District. The Kelleys likely came up the Daniels Run Road, a wagon road about one mile north of Lilac, that goes down the mountain to Callaway in Franklin County. This road was a gateway for settlers coming up the mountain; it was "one of the better ways."⁵

At the time he moved to Floyd County, George Kelley was 45 years old, married to Sarah Webster of Franklin County and had eight children. They were Elizabeth, James L., Benjamin, Joseph Pedigo, Ann, George, William, and Moses Greer.⁶ The Kelley family always maintained close ties with their relatives and friends in Franklin County.

George W. Kelley was born in North Carolina on March 9, 1794. He was the son of James and Elizabeth Kelley of Stokes County, North Carolina. He was "in his youth, quite a small and weakly man"; however, he did enlist and serve in the Seventh Regiment, Fourth Company as a third corporal in the War of 1812, and participated in the Battle of New Orleans. After his discharge he came back to his home in North Carolina where he joined the Primitive Baptist Church at Clear Spring and was baptized by Elder John Wilson. After this "union with

the church" he moved to Franklin County, Virginia and married Sarah Webster of that county on December 23, 1819.⁷ Prior to his marriage he had united by letter with the Pigg River Primitive Baptist Church at its September meeting in 1819. He "was licensed to exercise by his church" and was ordained on September 4, 1833 by a presbytery consisting of Elders Moses Greer and Joseph Pedigo.⁸ "Of these old Soldiers of the Cross Elder Kelly [sic] always spoke with pride. After ordination he traveled and preached in several states. He notwithstanding labored at home for the support of his family and by honest industry acquired an ample support."⁹ A biographical sketch of Kelley described his work and the high esteem with which he was regarded in the Primitive Baptist Church: "During his ministry he baptized many persons and married over eight hundred couples. Probably no man of the nineteenth-century ever stood more firm in the doctrine of salvation by grace. He had no fellowship for the new-fangled schemes introduced among the Baptists in the present century; but when these peace-and-union dividing heresies were troubling the church he stood firm as a rock Elder Kelley stood on the old platform and never wavered to the right or left....The latter part of his ministry seemed to be the brightest."¹⁰

In 1838 Elder Kelley was chosen Pastor of the Pigg River Church at its July meeting. He continued to serve this church until his resignation on the fourth Saturday in September, 1862. The Pigg River Church held services on Saturday and Sunday morning and Elder Kelley, in order to travel the distance from his home, would "most likely" have left home on Friday and traveled part of the way. After arriving Saturday he would preach both Saturday and Sunday and leave Sunday for the return journey home.¹¹

Six years after the Kelleys moved to Floyd County, Elder Kelley's wife, Sarah, died. In the 1850 Census of Virginia, there are only six children at home, three of whom attended school within the year. In 1856, ten years after the death of his first wife, Elder Kelley married Nancy Divers Greer, who had been widowed several years before and had returned to her home in Franklin County. They had no children.¹²

In 1850 James L., Joseph Pedigo, and Benjamin, the three oldest sons, were not living at home as indicated by the census of that year. According to a story told by a family member, "Jim Kelley said he was going to leave" and "he went to Ohio or West Virginia. He made good and boasted to Joseph Pedigo Kelley that he was never going to come back and grub sprouts

and eat side meat anymore. Jim Kelley lost his job and came back, starving and looking for work and Joseph told him he had some new land he was clearing. So he did grub sprouts and the only way he could pay him was in side meat."¹³

Joseph P. Kelley married Sarah Catherine Payne in July, 1850. Catherine was the daughter of Lewis Payne who settled around the Payne Creek area in the east end of the present Floyd County in 1825.¹⁴ James L. Kelley married Sarah Lester, daughter of Abner and Rachel West Lester of Floyd County, in December of that same year.¹⁵ The Paynes and Lesters were neighbors of the Kelleys. At that time people tended to marry "within the community, within walking distance."¹⁶ James L. and Sarah were certified to obtain a marriage license on December 16; Joseph P. certified that his brother was "over and above the age of 21" and Abner Lester certified that his daughter was "over and above the age of 21." Michael Howerly, a prominent Primitive Baptist minister, married James and Sarah on December 19, 1850, according to the Floyd County marriage records.

James L. bought a tract of land from his father (George), approximately 87 acres on "Diving [Divins] Branch" waters of Little River, and 109 acres from John and Mary Jane Moran on the headwaters of Little River; the deed for the latter property was recorded on August 19, 1874.¹⁷ However, the deed for the land he bought from his father was never recorded, but only noted in James' will.

James and Sarah had five children between the years 1851 and 1862 (Nancy Mary, George F., Louisa A., Elizabeth, and J.A.), and Joseph and Catherine had four sons (Homer H., Jefferson, George, John B., James M.), and a daughter, Sarah. Moses Greer Kelley, James' younger brother, married Kesiah Conner in December of 1860 and at the time of the 1880 Census had nine children.

Times were hard during the Civil War period and many families, including the Kelleys, suffered losses. Joseph Kelley served in Company A, 54th Virginia Infantry, as a private and died in the Battle of Seven Pines, June, 1862. In Company H, 54th Virginia Infantry were First Corporal James L. Kelley and Privates Moses G. and William D. Kelley; the latter two were captured at Franklin, Tennessee sometime during the war.¹⁸ As though the war were not hardship enough, in 1862 there was a diphtheria epidemic in Floyd County; many people died. James and Sarah lost two daughters, four-year-old Elizabeth, and six-year-old Louisa, and a

son, J.A., nine months old, all on the same day in November of 1862.¹⁹ Sarah herself died sometime during the war years; the exact date is unknown, possibly in 1862 or 1863. Perhaps the tragic deaths of her three children and a husband at war were more than she could bear. This story has been told about her death: "It was during Civil War times. The father was off fighting. The family at home were having a hard time. They nearly starved to death. One cold afternoon, a small girl and her brother were out in the woods gathering firewood. The mother came to where the children were working and told them not to stay out too late, to come to the house before dark. When the children returned home, they found their mother - she had hung herself!"²⁰ James later married Sarah A. Sowder, daughter of John and Cynthia Sowder of Franklin County at her home on January 28, 1864. James and Sallie had two children, Sarah Jane and Joseph Lee, within the next four years.²¹

James' oldest child, Nancy Mary, married Joseph T. Turner on April 25, 1872, in her home. They were married by her grandfather, Elder George W. Kelley. Joseph Turner was from Franklin County and also was an Elder in the Primitive Baptist Church. He preached in many area churches and performed many marriages. It has been told that Joseph Turner used two texts when preaching; "Don't lay up salt for tomorrow" and "Women respect your husbands." When he preached at Paynes Creek Primitive Baptist Church on the latter text his wife would sit and shake her head.²² The year he was married, Joseph Turner purchased land from the Lewis Payne estate near the Floyd/Franklin Pike. In addition to his preaching duties, he was also a blacksmith and operated a mill at his home place.²³

After the war the Kelleys continued to work very hard on their farms; they, like most post-Civil War families in the South, did not have much money. What wealth they possessed was in land and personal property. They had farm animals, raised all their own food, and would sell milk if they had enough. They did not travel far from home. A Kelley descendant remembers hearing two relatives talk about the children bringing wood in from outside in the wintertime by putting down cardboard in the snow to walk on, because they had no shoes.²⁴ According to the 1870 Census George and Nancy Kelley, the patriarch and matriarch of the family, owned approximately 450 acres in Floyd County with a value of \$1400.00 and personal property valued at \$620.00. They also owned 135 acres in Franklin County on Snow Creek, according to a recorded deed. James and Sallie owned approximately 199 acres valued at

\$1000.00 and had a personal estate valued at \$800.00. Census records indicate that the two families raised horses, cows, sheep, and swine; had crops of hay, rye, corn, oats, buckwheat, and potatoes; produced wool, flax and flax seed, butter, and molasses. Some of the animals they raised were sold for slaughter. The two oldest children of James L. Kelley (by his first wife, Sarah) were listed in the census as "attending school."

The Kelleys made many land transactions among themselves as well as their neighbors in the area, especially James L. Kelley. James and Sallie purchased land from his father for \$500.00 and also the Morans for \$545.00. In the deed, the Moran tract is identified as 109 acres on the headwaters of Little River and adjoining the Kelley land. James also took land bonds against his two nephews, Homer and Jefferson Kelley. Elder George Kelley sold land at his home place to his son Moses in 1874. This was the first recorded deed for the Kelleys in Floyd County.

Four years after this deed transaction, in 1878, Elder Kelley died at his home at the age of 84. During the latter part of his life he was partially blind but continued his ministry to churches in Floyd County and other counties using a guide. His obituary stated that he was a wise counsellor, a faithful minister, a kind husband, a loving father, a benefactor to the poor, and a good citizen.

In his will written June 5, 1874, Elder Kelley provided for his wife Nancy; she was to receive a third of his real estate which included their dwelling house, two beds and bedding, the best cupboard, a folding table, a drop table, as well as other furnishings, animals, and meat and grain for a year. He left James nothing "for the reason that he has already gotten as much or more, than any of my children can get."²⁵ The remainder of his estate, real and personal, was sold and proceeds divided evenly among his remaining children and the heirs of Joseph. His son Moses and son-in-law Nathan Conner were appointed executors. His widow, Nancy, died in 1880 and at the time of her death was living with Moses and Kesiah and their nine children (1880 Census).

James L. Kelley died in August, 1882, at age fifty-two.²⁶ Two years prior to his death he was listed in the 1880 Census as having "asthama" as was his daughter, Sarah Jane, fifteen, who was "at school." His will, written May 5, 1882, had twelve provisions and provided for his wife, Sallie, and their two children, Sarah Jane and Joseph L., his daughter, Nancy

Mary Turner, and his two grandchildren, children of his son George F., who presumably had deserted them since he had left the state and his father had paid two debts that he had owed. James left his fancy bay mare to his wife and to his daughter, Sarah Jane, he left a good side saddle or twenty dollars to buy one. His wife was to keep the house furnishings together until Joseph L. was twenty one. One thousand dollars from the land bonds he held against Homer and Jefferson was to be used by Sallie, his wife, to buy a home for herself and their two children, Sarah Jane and Joseph L., and this land at her death was to go to them. Moses G. Kelley, his brother, was appointed guardian of his grandchildren.²⁷

Because Elder George Kelley had never executed a deed to convey to James the land he had sold him some years earlier, and because of the terms of James' will, two deeds had to be written and recorded in June, 1883; the first to convey to James' widow, Sallie, a tract of land which was on the Divins Branch waters of Little River, and the second to explain and correct the first deed in order to conform to James' will. These two deeds were made between Sallie Kelley and the heirs of Elder Kelley with Moses acting as the attorney for his two brothers who lived out of the state (Deeds R 138 & 477).

Homer H. Kelley was one of the six children of Joseph P. and Sarah Payne Kelley. In a deed recorded in June, 1866, Joseph and Sarah were assigned 102 acres of land on either side of the Floyd/Franklin Turnpike from the estate of Lewis Payne, Sarah's father.²⁸ In the 1870 Census, Sarah Catherine is listed as living in the Little River Township with her four sons, Homer, fourteen, John, twelve, Jefferson, ten, and Marion, eight, and a farm laborer. The value of her real estate at this time was \$500.00. All four boys attended school during the year. Nine years later Sarah Catherine sold her home tract, 102 acres, to Homer and John with the provision that they take care of and support and clothe her as long as she lived. Then at her death the property was to be equally divided among her children or the proceeds from its sale (Deed P, pg. 182). She died in 1892 and was buried in the Kelley Family cemetery. Her epitaph reads as follows: "Rest mother/Rest in great sleep/While friends in sorrow over thee weep." There is an unmarked grave beside her grave and according to family tradition, Joseph P. Kelley, her husband who died during the Civil War, is buried there.

After his mother's death, Homer bought from his brothers and sister all their interest in their mother's real estate, the 102 acres on the waters of Paynes Creek, adjoining the lands

of George Ingram and others (Deed V, pg. 249). Homer also acquired the John Peters tract of land, the Jordan Peters tract, and other land. In his will, his personal property consisted of "bonds, notes, bank certificates, bank deposits, livestock of all kinds, farming tools, household and kitchen furniture of every kind."²⁹

Homer married Nora Ellen Ingram, daughter of Sarah R. and William L. Ingram on January 16, 1889. According to a grandson, Nora's mother died ten days after Nora was born in Lee County, West Virginia and "she was such a tiny little baby that her daddy stayed there. They done already had one baby before, that did die, and he thought she was gonna die and he was gonna bury her there with her mother. And he stayed until the twentieth of December I think is the date, and he loaded her on a wagon, put her in a basket he said and tied her up to the boards to keep the bouncin from killin her.... He come all the way from Lee County (West Virginia) which is about a hundred and, I'd guess, a hundred seventy or eighty miles, something like that. Maybe the way he had to go then dodgin rivers and trees. And in the middle of winter she wasn't as near dead as he thought she was or she would have never made it. Came back here and lived until 1937 when she died, I think she was sixty-eight. But she was a small person."³⁰ It is a family tradition that Homer and Nora began housekeeping in the one room Kelley schoolhouse after they were married in 1889, possibly in the spring or summer when the children were out of school. Nora died in January, 1937. Homer died fourteen years before in November, 1923. Both Homer and Nora are buried in the Kelley Family Cemetery near Payne Creek.

The descendants of George Washington Kelley, who first settled in Floyd County in 1840, are numerous. Many of the first three generations lived in the Lilac community or nearby, their lives intertwined with those of their neighbors. They farmed, many had children who attended the Kelley School and later taught at the school. Today there are only a few direct descendants of the original settler living in the county.

ENDNOTES

¹R. L. Humbert, et. al. *Industrial Survey of Floyd County, Virginia* (Blacksburg: Engineering Extension Division, V.P.I., 1930).

²Amos D. Wood, *Floyd County, A History of Its People and Places* Ed. by Ann Scott Swain (Radford: Commonwealth Press, 1981), p. 284.

³Telephone interview with Marguerite Tise (Floyd, VA), April 10, 1989.

⁴Wood, p. 121.

⁵Telephone interviews with Max Thomas (Floyd, VA), July 7, 1989 and Lewis Burwell (Floyd, VA), June 12, 1989.

⁶Wood, p. 121.

⁷Obituary of George W. Kelley, in Kelley Family Papers, property of A. Sharon Kelley, Floyd, VA.

⁸Elder Lane Carter, "Pigg River Baptist Church History," (unpublished manuscript).

⁹Obituary of G. W. Kelley.

¹⁰R. H. Pittman, ed. *Biographical History of Primitive or Old School Baptist Ministers of the United States* (Stone Mountain: Primitive Baptist Publications, 1984).

¹¹Telephone interview with Elder William Lane Carter (Callaway, VA), June 7, 1989.

¹²Marshall Wingfield, *Franklin County, Virginia: A History* (Berryville, VA: Chesapeake Books, 1964), pp. 87-88.

¹³Telephone interview with A. Sharon Kelley (Floyd, VA), June 6, 1989.

¹⁴Wood, p. 144.

¹⁵Opal Young, "Papers of the Kelley Family." Unpublished documents.

¹⁶Telephone interview with Marguerite Tise (Floyd, VA), April 10, 1988.

¹⁷Floyd County Deed Book P, p. 182, Floyd County Courthouse, Floyd, VA.

¹⁸Wood, p. 121.

¹⁹*Floyd County, Virginia Birth and Death Records (1853-1872) and the Zion Lutheran Church Register*. Compiled by Marjorie Fluor and Marguerite Tise. (Kwik Print, 1981), p. 259.

²⁰Young, Papers of the Kelley Family.

²¹*Ibid.*

²²Telephone interview with Max Thomas (Floyd, VA), July 25, 1989.

²³Young, Papers of the Kelley Family.

²⁴Telephone interview with Paula Kelley Ward (San Antonio, Texas), May 17, 1989.

²⁵George W. Kelley Will, Floyd County Will Book E, Floyd County Courthouse, Floyd, VA, p. 221.

²⁶*Floyd County Birth and Death Records, 1853-1872.*

²⁷James L. Kelley Will, Floyd County Will Book E, p. 325.

²⁸Floyd County Deed Book N, p. 342.

²⁹Homer Kelley Will, Floyd County Will Book 4, p. 63.

³⁰Interview with Frank Peters (Floyd, VA), June 20, 1989.

Kelley School House

The history of the Kelley family provides clues to their long involvement with education in Floyd County, Virginia. Elder George Kelley, himself a literate and learned man, believed in and lived a life of citizenship and service. Although Primitive Baptists were firm believers in the separation of church and state and did not support church affiliated schools, they believed in education and as parents wanted their children to be better educated than they were. And generally "ministers [like Elder Kelley] in the nineteenth century were considered to be better educated than others."¹ Primitive Baptists, like the Kelley family, as well as Presbyterians, Baptists, and Methodists who settled Floyd County, supported schooling and started schools for their children.

Judging from wills, deeds, and marriage records, Elder Kelley's children were literate (signatures rather than marks) and his children (even daughters) were listed in early census records as "attending school." As the Kelleys prospered in land-holdings and progeny, they seemed to continue to place value on education. Plus, the establishment of their family in Floyd County paralleled the establishment of public education in Floyd and most of rural America.

The period 1831 to 1870, during which the Kelleys were settling in Floyd County, was one of a "hit or miss" approach to education in Virginia, as well as most of America. There were community or "old field schools" that were citizen run, owned, and operated. The patrons would pay the teacher and the curriculum was whatever the patrons decided it would be.² Usually, the children were to be instructed in the basics--reading, writing, and arithmetic. In addition to these community schools, there were private academies, and charity schools. The Literary Act of 1818 established charity schools to educate the poor, funded by a Literary Fund established in 1810. Fifteen school commissioners in each county were to govern the schools and the commissioners were appointed by the County court.³

After Floyd County was created in January, 1831, the administrative work of the county was carried on by the justices of the county court. In their October, 1831, meeting the justices appointed the school commissioners and thus the system of public school education for Floyd County began.⁴ The duties of the commissioners were to decide "upon eligibility for attendance, qualifications for teachers, instruction, and student improvement."⁵

The Underwood Constitutional Convention, held to write a new constitution for Virginia in 1867-1868, included a clause in the new constitution mandating universal education and further stated that this "uniform system of public free schools" had to be in place by 1876.⁶ Dr. Callohill Minnis Stigleman was appointed Floyd County's first school superintendent by the newly established State Board of Education. His responsibility was to organize, build, and fund a school system with the help of three trustees from each of the six districts in the county.⁷ These trustees "administered the school business for the district. Meetings for the members from all the districts were held two to four times a year for the purpose of setting the school levy (this varied by districts), deciding upon construction of new buildings, changing sites of schools, setting salary scales, deciding upon the opening dates for school, length of term, choosing textbooks, and general policy."⁸ At the first meeting of the Floyd County school board on December 5, 1870, a resolution was passed that there should be a school for every 100 pupils in each district. Two years later on April 13, 1872, the school board met according to "the requirements of the law in relation to Public Common Free Schools" in order to consider the levy for school taxes to support the schools.⁹

At the September meeting the same year, the trustees decided that the teachers employed in each of the district schools be paid according to their qualifications and grade, which the superintendent was to affix to each certificate. Grade A was to be paid \$28.00; Grade B, \$25.00; and Grade C, \$20.00.¹⁰

A year later at its September meeting, the board appointed a book agent to furnish books to the schools and agreed that the trustees of Locust Grove Township (the Kelley School area) with permission of the voters could levy a tax to complete unfinished school houses.¹¹ In September, 1874, the district boards were requested to estimate the amount of money required "to comply with the provision of the state constitution that says 'That the Public Free School System shall have equal and full introduction by the year 1876....'"¹²

During the 1870's when the Locust Grove trustees were seeing that school houses were being built to comply with the law, James L. and Sarah sold to the Trustees of the Locust Grove district--John T. West, James C. Martin, and Hosea Wimmer--a tract of land for a public school. This land was located near the Daniel Run Road and "in a line of the Kelleys." The deed, recorded in March, 1877, states that in consideration of the amount of fifteen dollars

which was to be paid in three annual and equal installments, the first in the fall of 1876, the Kelleys sold and conveyed to the school board a tract of land in Floyd County on the waters of Little River containing one and a fourth acres and 27 poles and it was to be used for "piblick [sic] free School purposes and to be known as the Kelley School hous [sic]..." (Deed Book 0, p. 461). Kelleys was reported as completed in a report from the Locust Grove District to the board at the February 18, 1876 meeting.¹³

Kelley School House was a one-room frame building, with a shake roof, painted white and located at the junction of routes now known as 651 and 678. There was no running water, no electricity, and as late as 1917 there was no outhouse.¹⁴ The building was rectangular, with a door in the short side facing what is now the Blue Ridge Parkway. There were four windows, two on each long side.¹⁵ In the late 1800's and early 1900's made (not manufactured) furniture, some made of split logs, was used in the schoolhouses. There were woods around the school house but they had been cleared out around the building so the children could have a playground.¹⁶

Moses G. Kelley, James' brother, was a teacher in the period 1870 to 1900 and was a member of a school board textbook committee composed of teachers and trustees.¹⁷ This committee's report, given to the board on October 1, 1878, recommended Holmes' readers, Maury's geographics, McDonald's history of the United States, McGill's history of Virginia, Webster's dictionaries, Davies' arithmetics, copybooks and grammars for use in the Floyd County schools.¹⁸ Educational historian William Link has written that "the most successful texts were those 'best suited to the wants of each community.' Because they appealed to the values of Victorian culture, successful schoolbooks are good indicators of the common denominators of rural life."¹⁹ The Kelley School was ungraded and, according to a Floyd County historian, when the children got through one book, they went on to another and then passed the book down in the family or sold it to someone else. He said that the schools "had good textbooks; Smith's New Arithmetic was a cracker-jack of a book."²⁰

In August of 1879 a resolution was adopted by the school board regarding public schools and teachers. "It is the opinion of the County School Board that our public schools should have as high a standard of efficiency and ability to impart instruction as the private schools of the State; and that they should in no wise be inferior to these; and that all our

teachers should be a pattern to his school of good morals, good manners, and sobriety...."²¹ In August, 1893, the board was addressed by the Rev. S.K. Harris on education and the "duty of the Parent to the child," and imparted "the fact that one of the greatest missions of the public school is to reach the people who care the least to educate their children."²²

New schoolhouses in the county were built as they were needed. In August of 1890 a petition was presented and the district board was authorized to build a new schoolhouse between the Kelley and Chestnut Level Schools.²³

At the school board meeting on August 2, 1902, the Locust Grove District was granted permission to build a new school near Payne Creek.²⁴ In a deed recorded on September 17, 1902, between Homer H. Kelley and his wife, Nora, and the Locust Grove District trustees, the Kelleys sold a tract of land for fifteen dollars "containing one acre more or less in Floyd County on the waters of Payne Creek." This tract adjoined the lands of Homer Kelley and George Ingram and was in a line with the Floyd-Franklin turnpike. The deed also gave free access to a spring during the school term and the timber growing on the land was to be used by Homer Kelley (Deed 29, pg. 197). A former teacher at Paynes Creek School said that Homer Kelley's two boys had a one acre potato patch to the side of and in front of the schoolhouse, and when they were digging potatoes one day, they told him that their father had given the land for the Paynes Creek School.²⁵

[In all subsequent deeds relating to the Kelley school reference is erroneously made to this deed instead of the 1877 deed between the Locust Grove trustees and James L. and Sarah A. Kelley. When the Floyd County School Board sold the Paynes Creek School to N.G. and Mertyl Kelley, deed dated August 26, 1952, the deed states the the land to be sold was all of the tract of real estate known as the Paynes Creek School and was the tract conveyed to the school board by deed dated September 17, 1902, by H.H. Kelley (Deed 73, pg. 348). This tract was then sold a month later by the Kelleys to W.H. and Laura M. Peters (Deed 73, pg. 380). Four years later, in a deed recorded February 6, 1956, W.H. and Laura Peters sold this same schoolhouse lot to Robert Linwood Allen (Deed 77, pg. 278). The school house has been remodeled as a dwelling and Mr. Allen lives there today.]

The Locust Grove Trustees and the Lilac community patrons had considerable control over the day-to-day operation of the Kelley School. In the Clerks Account Book for the years

1914-1922, there is listed all of the services supplied by the patrons to the schools in the district and payments made to them. Among some of the items supplied to the schools were axes, axe handles, dippers, buckets, brooms, desks, stoves, stove pipes, and chalk. Services supplied by patrons were repairing stoves, hauling and setting up desks, moving and repairing outhouses, and repairing roofs. In 1914 supplies were sold to Kelley for \$1.41 and books were supplied for \$.55. In 1915 and 1916 wood was supplied for \$6.90 and \$6.25. In another listing \$40.00 was paid for the library at Kelley.²⁶

Kelley School had many teachers because most taught only one or two year terms. Most of them had grown up in the community and attended schools in the area, and some were descendants of George W. Kelley. Normal Schools had been established for the training of teachers and the teachers were encouraged to attend. In 1902-1903 Lera Angle from Rocky Mount taught at Kelley School and boarded with the Homer Kelley family.²⁷ Lila Vest Thomas taught at Kelley in 1906 when she was 20 or 21. Some of her pupils were as old as she was. She had a First Grade Certificate issued to her after she took the examination in the superintendent's office. Brownlow Light, one of Floyd County's most outstanding teachers, taught her at Iddings School and inspired her to attend a Normal School in the county at Alum Ridge for two summers. She told a story about several of the boys she taught at Kelley School: they had an old buck sheep and when they got tired of getting knocked down and got mad at the sheep, they put an axe in the fork of a stump and put a hat over it and the buck sheep split his head in two!²⁸

The 1909-1910 term was taught by Sallie Mae Turner, daughter of Nancy Mary Kelley Turner, and granddaughter of James L. and Sarah Kelley. She was issued a Third Grade Certificate after she made the required average on an examination covering Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History of the United States and Virginia, Civil Government, Physiology and Hygiene, and after she furnished evidence of good moral character and general fitness. In a photograph taken at a picture-taking day at the old Kelley School, there are fifty-two children and young people including Sallie Mae Turner, the teacher, and her fiance, Artis Young, standing at the side of the school, and nine more young people looking out the two windows.²⁹

During the period from 1916 to 1923, Gaye, Emma, and Willie Kelley, daughters of James Marion Kelley and granddaughters of Joseph P. Kelley, taught at the Kelley School.³⁰ Other teachers who taught at Kelley School before it closed include Marshall Maxey, Burton Hundley, Maisie King, Carrie James, Pauline Akers, Archie Clower, Minnie Houchins, Beatrice Houchins, Vera Bryant, Clara Poff, Aberdeen King, Daisy DeWitt Thomas, and Irene Peters Poff.

Emma Kelley West taught at Kelley School in 1916-1917. She attended a mission school and took advanced classes at Floyd. Then she attended the Normal School at Martinsville for a month, was issued a certificate and the next year taught at Kelley. She walked two and a half miles to school every day during the term; in the wintertime she would sometimes have to wade through snowdrifts and go around through the fields to get to the school house. She went every day during the term because there were no substitute teachers. "There was a neighbor boy, he'd come every morning and start the fire for me--have the school warm when I got here. And that was very nice." There were between fifty and sixty children, ages seven to sixteen in grades one through seven, all from the Lilac community. Mrs. West relates, "The first thing when they got here, they know'd where they were supposed to put their lunch and their cloaks and everything. They put 'em in place and they went wherever their desk was." Cloaks were hung on nails in the wall; the girls cloaks were on one side, the boys' on another. The factory-made desks were in rows and were for the advanced pupils; the primary children sat on four benches around the stove.³¹

A pupil during this period, 1916 to 1922, remembers the primary children sitting around the stove in the center of the room. It had a wooden frame built around it holding six to eight inches of sand to keep the fire from getting out, and the children would prop their feet on the frame.³² There was a blackboard painted on the wall, the children had slates to write on, notebook paper, and books. The advanced grades studied history, geography, grammar, spelling, reading, and arithmetic, and the primary children "had reading and spelling, and the very smallest ones just had ABC classes until they learned their ABC's." Most of the pupils had their own books; the teacher would obtain books from the school board for those children who could not buy their own.³³

The day began with a pledge of allegiance and then classes started. The advanced boys and girls usually prepared their lessons at home the night before and then had the recitation at the school house. The children were good; Mrs. West recalls, "They was very obedient children I'm bound to say. I didn't have no bad. They was two boys that was a little rude but other than that they all was pretty good...they generally always was very obedient. Maybe I'd have to make some of 'em stand up or something like that, but other than that I never, in teaching six schools, I never whipped a child. So many teachers whipped children, but I never had no cause for whipping."³⁴ At times the trustees would visit the school for three or four hours and would always make a speech telling the children how they should treat the teacher.

A program was held at Christmastime when the parents would be invited. Once Mrs. West planned a special entertainment to raise money to buy a water cooler for the school. The entertainment consisted of recitations of stories and poems by the pupils, most of them choosing their own poem. Some patrons came for the program and also boys and girls who did not attend Kelley School. They all paid a little fee and Mrs. West got the water cooler. It held about five gallons and the children could get their water by turning a spigot. Every Friday there would be "a match game," a spelling match, and the pupils would be divided, "so many on one side and so many on the other, and they'd rival one another. And whenever they missed they had to sit down."³⁵

A former pupil at Kelley during this time, Lula Hatcher Turner, remembers that parents came to the school on Friday afternoons when the spelling matches would be held and at Christmastime when there was a program. She remembers playing ball games and "Annie Over" at recess and going home at noon for dinner.³⁶ Another former pupil recalls that the biggest day during the school term was "picture taking day," when a traveling photographer came to the school. Parents and friends would come then to be in the picture with the group. There were no special programs in the spring or at graduation. The first year she attended school she used one primer the whole year and remembers the older students helping the younger ones. Once a day two children were sent to a neighbor's to get water from a spring because it tasted better than well water which had an "irony" taste. The water bucket sat

on a shelf near the cloakroom door and the children drank from the dipper until the teacher decided that the children should bring drinking vessels.³⁷

Some former teachers think there may have been a singing school for teaching shapenote singing at Kelley during the summer, possibly around 1922 as there was one at the Paynes Creek Primitive Baptist Church near the school that year. Henry Graham, who held the singing school at the Primitive Baptist Church and could "sing any part and play any instrument,"³⁸ may have conducted a similar singing school at the Kelley School House. Some former students remember dances were held at the school for the people in the community.³⁹

The September 8, 1922, meeting of the school board was the first one held under the County Unit Law (County Unit of Administration). Under this law the board came into "actual possession of all of the property, both real and personal and will receive, manage, control and disburse all moneys raised by taxation in the County or apportioned by the state, for the benefit of the Free School System of this County."⁴⁰ Thus the school districts were abolished and with it much of the control of the local communities over their schools.

Because of increasing enrollments, at the December, 1922, meeting of the board the patrons at Kelley School presented a petition and were granted permission to allow the first three grades "to be taught in a building near the school-house."⁴¹ One year later on August 4, 1923, the board gave Superintendent Epperly and W.A. Compton the authority "to contract for the erection of a two-room school house on the Kelley school lot."⁴² The May, 1924, minutes of the board state that the decision to build a new Kelley school house was postponed until a committee composed of Superintendent Epperly, Mr. W.L. Reed, Judge W.D. Vaughan and W.A. Compton could investigate the best possible location for the new school and report to the board. A month later the board decided unanimously to build a two-room school house at Kelley and another committee of Superintendent Epperly, Mr. W.L. Reed and W.L. Compton were to advertise in the Floyd Press and by posted bills for bids to build the school. In July Superintendent Epperly W.L. Reed, G.W. Helms, and W.A. Compton were appointed a committee to receive bids and contract for the building of the new Kelley two-room school house. This committee reported to the board at its August meeting that Mr. Jim Harris had agreed to erect the school house according to specifications for \$1,850.00. Then in September the minutes state that an order for \$400.00 from J.S.Harris to G.W. Helms was to be paid from the

amount due Harris on the Kelley school house, and an additional \$150.00 was to be paid to J.S. Harris on the amount due on the school house. The board authorized W.L. Reed "to dispose of the old Kelley Schoolhouse."⁴³ A former pupil recalls that for a time the new and old school houses stood back to back.⁴⁴ And another former pupil remembers that Rufus Moran tore the old school house down and built a store with the lumber just south of the school on Route 651.⁴⁵

The new two-room school house was a joint effort between the school board and the Lilac community. According to the son of Nathan C. Thomas, the sawyer for the building, the patrons were very interested in the school and did a lot of work on the building. The patrons helped Mr. Harris, the carpenter who had the contract for the erection of the school house, construct the building. He did not know who "patterned" the building but said Mr. Harris built it.⁴⁶ The patrons hauled logs to Mr. Thomas' sawmill which was located on his farm about one mile from the school house. He sawed all the logs for the school; all the framing was of oak.⁴⁷

There were two teachers in the new school house, one for the primary (grades one through four), and one for the elementary (grades five through seven). Each group was separate and independent of the other.⁴⁸ A daily program for the two-room school was written by Superintendent Epperly, who was superintendent from 1913 to 1938. In the preface he wrote that "The advantages of a graded course of study are conceded by everyone... It...gives a clearly defined objective for both pupils and teachers...produces a well-rounded development of the child, aids discipline and increases attendance...."⁴⁹

A pupil who attended both the one-room and the two-room schools recalled the feelings of the pupils about the new school: the children felt as if they had been promoted when they went into the new two-room school house.⁵⁰

At this time the children attended school from October until March. Most of their parents were small farmers "so the children had to be at home to work, putting out crops in the spring and gathering in the crops in the fall."⁵¹ One former pupil said that he only went to school when the weather was bad, "My dad had to have the money to live, so pretty days I worked at home and bad days I came to school."⁵² Their houses were frame and kept in good repair, "a nice neighborhood." Some of the fathers went to the coalfields in the wintertime to earn extra money for the family; some were carpenters who found work elsewhere in the

wintertime.⁵³ Another former student whose father was a carpenter recalled that, "He taken care of everything." He said the family "had very little and had to put up with a lot; kids of today would not believe what went on." At the school all the wood was chopped; there was no saw. The boys fought over who would chop the wood or go carry the water for the school. There were a great many pupils absent every day because no one thought education was more vital than the day-to-day economy of living. "School was secondary to everyday business."⁵⁴

The children wore handmade clothing; the girls wore black stockings and some knitted stockings. All the children walked to school as they always had; the ones farthest away walked about two miles. The teachers usually rode horseback. The school was open in all weather conditions; even when there was snow and ice, school was held. Because the children walked they were not kept in after school. One pupil remembered that one day she brought an apple from home and it looked so good she could not resist taking a little bite, so the teacher kept her in at recess time.⁵⁵

School hours were from nine in the morning until four in the afternoon. The bell in the cloakroom was rung in the morning and in the afternoon and rung to call the children in at lunchtime. It was an honor to ring the bell; usually the first child who asked or the teacher would ring the bell. At lunchtime, when the weather was nice, the children ate lunch outside. This was a free time; however, the teacher was always nearby "in case of little spats."⁵⁶

The floors were oiled to keep the dust down; the teachers oiled the floors on Fridays after school and did all the sweeping and cleaning of the room. Patrons would furnish wood for the stoves, big long logs, and the boys chopped the wood and stacked it in a pile. The children sometimes played on the wood pile. The teachers visited in the homes of their pupils, a request made by the superintendent, and occasionally they spent the night at a pupil's home.⁵⁷

A pupil who attended school in the 1920's recalled that attendance was not very good; pupils went if they wanted to go. He said he never missed a day as he was afraid not to go, and he liked history and geography. He remembered that in the new school there was a "handful of books" for the library. At recess time the boys did most of the playing; they played ball--baseball, not football. Some circle games were played such as "Ring Around the Rosy."

The teacher rang the bell when recess time was over in the morning and in the afternoon. The teachers ruled the schools and "taught you more than the three R's."⁵⁸

In the 1930's enrollment decreased at Kelley School and so only one room in the school house was used for instruction. Daisy DeWitt Thomas taught at Kelley during the early 1930's for four years. She was twenty-three years old and Kelley was her fourth school. She began teaching at age 19 with a Normal Professional Certificate and was working toward her degree at Radford State Teachers College.⁵⁹ In the August minutes of the school board, experienced teachers received compensation according to their certification; those teaching with an Elementary Certificate, \$60.00, Normal Professional Certificate, \$70.00, and Collegiate Professional Certificate, \$80.00.⁶⁰ She taught seven grades in only one room and had an enrollment of approximately 32 children each of her four years there. The second classroom was used as a storage room and playroom in bad weather.

The duties of the teacher were the same as as they had been in previous years. She swept and kept the room cleaned; however, the children washed the blackboard and kept their own desks cleaned. She built the fire in the stove or appointed children to help with the building of the fire. The wood was still brought to the school by patrons who were paid by the school board. The wood would be in long lengths and it was the duty of the teacher to see that it was prepared for the stove. The seventh grade boys were always eager to get outside to chop the wood, so this was their reward if they had finished their lessons. The drinking water was carried everyday in an open bucket from a nearby neighbor's well and poured into a two gallon cooler. The children had their own cups which were kept on a shelf in the cloakroom. This shelf was cleared every Friday. Also kept in the cloakroom were lunch pails on benches and wraps hung on nails.⁶¹

The day began with the ringing of the bell in the cloakroom at nine. If any of the children were cold or wet, they were brought to the stove before work was started. Mrs. Thomas "started at the bottom and went to the top with the little ones. Just like Mrs. West said, with their numbers and ABC's. The older ones would help the little ones." The older children would take the younger children to the outhouses which were in the woods. There were two outhouses, one for the girls and one for the boys, quite a distance from each other. At holidays, especially Halloween, a favorite prank was to turn the outhouses over. There was

not a great need for discipline. "The children got along, not very much fussing." They were cooperative as a family.

But occasionally, Mrs. Thomas had a discipline problem. There were two children who would get into a fight every afternoon on the way home. They walked to school the same way, so one would have to leave a half-hour before the other one would go. At first it worked for a few days, then "it was the same old thing again." So she said "now you all just have it out." They were to fight just like they did in the road going home. "And they thought it was real funny but I just made 'em go to it. And they fought until they really got angry. I said you fight until you tell me you can go home tonight without fussing. Finally one of them says, 'I think I can.' I said, 'think you can do what?' 'I think I can go home without fighting.' 'No, I won't settle for I think; it's got to be positive.' So when they both told me they could, well I never had any more trouble."⁶²

Lunch was always eaten inside. On cold days some children brought soup for lunch and it was heated in a large kettle on the stove which was located at that time in the center of the room.

Mrs. Thomas recalled a special project suggested by her supervisor. As the farm economy had changed, oddly enough many of the children had never seen eggs hatch. So Mrs. Thomas brought an old hen to school and different children brought the eggs. They set the eggs under the old hen in the playroom/storage room and the children cleaned up after the hen. They wanted to do this chore so much that Mrs. Thomas had to post a schedule of who was to do the cleaning each day so the children would not argue. When the baby chicks weighed a pound and a half, a merchant in the little store south of the Kelley School took them to Roanoke and sold them. The money was used to buy paper shades for the eight windows in the classroom.⁶³

The pupils were from farm families and most of the families owned their own farms. They were "sociable" and visited among themselves as they always had. Among the families in the community at that time were the Kelleys, Morans, Pates, Peters, and Cannadays. They were subsistence farmers and raised much of their own food except for sugar, coffee, flour, and other staples. Their children had to work on the farms in order for the family "to meet all of its demands and needs." Parents came to the school for "gatherings" at Christmastime

and on the last day of the school year. Occasionally spelling bees were held on Fridays evenings and parents came to those.⁶⁴

On the twenty-second or twenty-third of December, the Christmas "gathering" was held. The Christmas tree was put in the playroom and the folding doors were opened. The children exchanged presents, which had been placed under the tree, and afterward there was a dance. Many parents came for the dance and "local musicians from the area played for the dance." Their instruments were banjo, fiddle, and a guitar. The children danced too and looked at their presents. Refreshments were served and "a good time was had by all." On the last day of school parents brought food for a picnic.⁶⁵ A former pupil of a school near Kelley recalled coming to Kelley on the last day of school to be with the other children. Her three brothers and two sisters attended Kelley but when she began school her health was bad so her parents wanted her to attend a school a little closer because of the long walk. Her parents then enrolled all their children in another school.⁶⁶

The Kelley school lot was greatly reduced in size in 1936 when the school board conveyed to the Commonwealth of Virginia .94 acres for the Park to Park Highway (Deed 53, pg. 395) and a year later conveyed another .7 acres (Deed 54, pg. 447).

The last two terms (1937 to 1938) of Kelley's existence as a school were taught by Irene Peters Poff, a former student. She attended Radford College almost four years and took elementary education. She began to teach with a Normal Professional Certificate after a few months of college work, then continued to attend school in the summertime.⁶⁷

In a term report in 1938-1939, Mrs. Poff stated that Kelley School had fourteen double desks, a table, and a bookcase. There was no large dictionary or encyclopedia; however, there was a library of nineteen volumes, with one volume added during the year at a cost of fifteen cents. The total value of the library was \$5.00. There was no Parent-Teacher Association. Two units taught during the year were: "How has transportation affected our ways of living?" (an interesting topic with the Blue Ridge Parkway having just been built right beside the school) and "How do children in other countries provide themselves with the necessities of life?"⁶⁸ Enrollment for the last year Mrs. Poff taught had decreased to eighteen pupils, including three students from Franklin County.

A former pupil of both Mrs. Thomas and Mrs. Poff, Herman Pate (who later lived in the school and operated it as a store), said that there were no discipline problems in the classroom; all were "good kids." Drinking water was carried everyday from a spring near the school and was put in the cloakroom. Two pupils carried the water so it was "a good chore to get out of school." Miss DeWitt (Thomas) rode a horse to school and another good chore was to take the horse to a neighbor's barn in the morning and get it in the afternoon. At recess time the children played ball; there were swings and a seesaw. They "had a ball." Pate recalled studying math, history, reading, and spelling. For lunch he brought from home cornbread, milk, and a piece of onion, sometimes a biscuit and applebutter. Lunches were carried in a paper bag and some children had better lunches than others.⁶⁹

In the Locust Grove District school consolidation had been discussed but did not actually begin until 1924, when the "first school bus transported pupils from the Copper Hill and Stonewall Communities to the Check school."⁷⁰ This school was located approximately five miles from Kelley. During this time there was a gradual closing of one and two-room school houses as the children were taken to the new schools at Check and Floyd. Road improvements were made each year and the school board had begun "hauling" children to school in the 1920's. Buses were improved and school routes were expanded each year. Time, however, seemed to stand still for the teachers and children at Kelley School during this period. Then on December 23, 1939, a very cold day according to local memory, the school board sold the Kelley School at auction. Virgie Nolen Pate, a former Kelley School pupil, was among the crowd there that day. She was the only one to bid on the school house⁷¹ and paid the sum of \$480.00 cash for the building and lot of 3/100 of an acre (Deed 58, pg. 360).

A former teacher at Kelley said, "The one-room and two-room school houses were "kindly kicked out."⁷² A former pupil at Kelley said "everybody in the community supported the school" and was "disappointed when the school closed. Buses came up the Parkway. Some went to Check, most to Floyd."⁷³ A local historian wrote that, "All the little schools were closed and the children were hauled to consolidated schools....Churches started following this example....It seemed that all identity of this rural area was now gone."⁷⁴

ENDNOTES

- ¹Telephone interview with Elder William Lane Carter (Callaway, VA), June 7, 1989.
- ²Interview with Sarah J. Simmons (Roanoke, VA), April 19, 1989.
- ³Sarah J. Simmons, "The Development of Schooling in Floyd County, Virginia 1831-1900." (Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, 1987), p. 21.
- ⁴Manuscript collection of the Floyd County Historical Society, compiled by Ruby Bishop West (Special Collections, University Library, VPI&SU), folder 12.
- ⁵Simmons, p. 85.
- ⁶*Ibid.*, p. 82.
- ⁷*Ibid.*, p. 103.
- ⁸West manuscript collection, folder 12.
- ⁹Floyd County School Board Minutes, Floyd County, VA, p. 1.
- ¹⁰*Ibid.*, p. 5.
- ¹¹*Ibid.*, p. 15.
- ¹²*Ibid.*, pp. 21-22.
- ¹³School Board minutes, p. 33.
- ¹⁴Telephone interview with Irene Peters Poff, former teacher at old Kelley School, May 15, 1989.
- ¹⁵Telephone interview with Poff, March 20, 1989.
- ¹⁶Interview with Emma Kelley West, former teacher at old Kelley School, June 20, 1989.
- ¹⁷Simmons, p. 273.
- ¹⁸School Board minutes, pp. 53-54.
- ¹⁹William Link, "Rough Times: Rural Education in Late Nineteenth-Century Virginia." *Virginia Cavalcade* (Autumn 1987), p. 91.
- ²⁰Telephone interview with Max Thomas (Floyd, VA), July 11, 1989.
- ²¹School Board minutes, p. 60.
- ²²*Ibid.*, p. 124.
- ²³*Ibid.*, p. 77.
- ²⁴*Ibid.*, p. 160.
- ²⁵Max Thomas interview, 7-11-89.
- ²⁶Clerks Account Books, 1914-1922, Montgomery County School Board Office, Christiansburg, VA.

- ²⁷Opal Young, Papers of the Kelley Family, unpublished documents.
- ²⁸Max Thomas interview, July 25, 1989.
- ²⁹Young papers.
- ³⁰*Ibid.*
- ³¹West interview.
- ³²Poff interview.
- ³³West interview.
- ³⁴*Ibid.*
- ³⁵*Ibid.*
- ³⁶Interview with Lula Hatcher Turner (Floyd, VA), former student at Kelley, June 20, 1989.
- ³⁷Poff interview.
- ³⁸Max Thomas interview, 7-25-89.
- ³⁹Interview with Marvin Thomas, former student at Kelley, June 20, 1989.
- ⁴⁰School Board minutes, September 8, 1922.
- ⁴¹*Ibid.*, 12-5-22.
- ⁴²*Ibid.*, 8-4-23.
- ⁴³*Ibid.*, 9-2-24.
- ⁴⁴Poff interview.
- ⁴⁵Telephone interview with Marvin Thomas, May 30, 1989.
- ⁴⁶Marvin Thomas interview, 6-20-89.
- ⁴⁷Telephone interview with Daisy D. Thomas (Floyd, VA), May 20, 1989.
- ⁴⁸Poff interview.
- ⁴⁹West papers, folder C.
- ⁵⁰Poff interview.
- ⁵¹*Ibid.*
- ⁵²Marvin Thomas interview, 6-20-89.
- ⁵³Poff interview.
- ⁵⁴Telephone interview with Howard Peters, former pupil at Kelley, June 16, 1989.
- ⁵⁵Poff interview.
- ⁵⁶*Ibid.*

- ⁵⁷*Ibid.*
- ⁵⁸Howard Peters interview.
- ⁵⁹Interview with Daisy D. Thomas (Floyd, VA), June 20, 1989.
- ⁶⁰School Board minutes, 8-4-34.
- ⁶¹Daisy Thomas interview.
- ⁶²*Ibid.*
- ⁶³*Ibid.*
- ⁶⁴*Ibid.*
- ⁶⁵*Ibid.*
- ⁶⁶Interview with Minnie Sweeney (Floyd, VA), June 20, 1989.
- ⁶⁷Poff interview.
- ⁶⁸School Board Register, 1938-39.
- ⁶⁹Telephone interview with Herman J. Pate (Roanoke, VA), June 12, 1989.
- ⁷⁰West papers, folder 13.
- ⁷¹Howard Peters interview.
- ⁷²Daisy Thomas interview.
- ⁷³Pate interview.
- ⁷⁴Max S. Thomas, *Walnut Knob* (Radford, VA: Commonwealth Press, 1977), pp. 75-76.

PATES' GENERAL STORE

Virgie Nolen Pate attended the Kelley School as a girl; Emma Kelley (West) taught her in 1916-1917 in the one- room school house. Virgie was born circa 1899 to Pleasant and Frances Allen Nolen (Nowlin in some records) who owned a farm in Franklin County, Virginia. According to the 1910 Census she was one of a family of seven children. There were three older sisters, Ella, Solome, and Judie, an older brother Arthur, a younger brother, Birther [sic] and a sister Chloe. Arthur, Judie, and Virgie attended school that year. Arthur worked on the home farm; Ella was a dressmaker at home. Nine years later, on June 11, 1919, Virgie's father bought 75 acres of land in Floyd County and moved to the county with his family. This tract of land adjoined land he owned to the south. Their neighbors were the Kelleys, Radfords, and Peters. (Deed Book 43, page 498).

Virgie married Charlie Pate, son of John and Frances Pate, from Franklin County on December 25, 1923, at the home of her parents. She moved with Charlie to West Virginia where he worked in the coal mines. They had a son, Herman J., who was born in West Virginia about 1925, and when Herman was just four months old his father was killed in an accident in the mines. Virgie moved back to the Locust Grove District in Floyd County with her baby and lived with her parents at the home place.¹

Herman attended the Kelley School for seven years and had Daisy DeWitt Thomas and Irene Peters Poff as his teachers. He was thirteen when he enrolled in the seventh grade in the fall of 1938. He lived approximately a half-mile from the school. Virgie's occupation was listed in the register for that year as "Farmer."² She owned land in Franklin County and in Floyd County.³ In January, 1930, she bought 44-1/2 acres on the headwaters of Pine Creek for \$450 at a public auction held at the front door of the courthouse in Floyd (Deed 48, page 586). And she had acquired approximately 50 acres located across the parkway from the Kelley School on Route 678 from Pled Nolen, her father. She operated a dairy farm there and milked from eight to twenty-five cows. The milk was picked up and taken to Christiansburg.⁴ She was a member of the Stonewall Primitive Baptist located on Route 221, south of the Kelley School near Check.

On December 23, 1939, Virgie bought the Kelley School and lot from the Floyd County School Board for \$480.00. This was the tract of land sold to the school board in 1877 by James L. and Sarah A. Kelley and erroneously described in the deed as being the land sold to the school board by Homer Kelley in 1902. She wanted to have a place to live and also have a small business which was to be a "little country store," "handy" for the neighbors in the community. All of her neighbors traded with her when they "wanted something quick," and she gave credit when cash was unavailable. The Blue Ridge Parkway was built at this time and in the summer months travelers stopped to get a drink, stretch, and talk. The store was known as Pate's Grocery Store.⁵

Soon after Virgie Pate bought the school, she had the classroom facing south remodeled for the store. Eli Board did the remodeling for her. He put in shelves where the blackboard had been, and added a front porch with a new front door. The other part of the school was made into a dwelling for Virgie and Herman. A former neighbor recalled that she made a "nice home" and had a "nice store." In these post-Depression years, people in the local community generally began to live better because they began to have more money.⁶

Shortly after the remodeling was completed Mrs. Pate and Herman moved in and opened the store. She had a well dug, built a well house and had electricity connected. Herman was fifteen at the time. Even though the store was to be their livelihood, they always had the farm and milked cows.⁷

When Herman was eighteen he went into the Army and served in the European theater from 1942 to 1944. After his return he met Gladys Sigmon. She was the daughter of Norman and Theora Sigmon of Franklin County and was eighteen at the time. They met at Midway Presbyterian Church in Franklin in the evenings after Sunday school. Two years later they were married in February, 1947, in Rocky Mount, Franklin County.⁸

After their marriage, Herman and Gladys lived at the store with Herman's mother, Virgie. At that time, upstairs living quarters were added and a back porch was attached. They built a woodshed, a granary, and an outhouse near the granary. Feed was kept in the granary and canned fruit and potatoes were kept in the basement of the granary. Russell Rison, assisted by Marvin Thomas who had attended Kelley School, did this remodeling and constructed the outbuildings. A sidewalk was also added. Herman Pate cut all the logs for the

outbuildings; he took them out of the hill with a horse, logged them, and hauled them to the sawmill in his truck.⁹

The store was heated by a coal stove located near the center of the room and the neighbors came in many times to sit around the stove and talk. They could "grow the biggest crops around December and January" and "had the best milking cows." There was an old pan with ashes in it for spitting because the men chewed tobacco as they visited and talked.¹⁰

There was a gasoline pump in front of the store; inside were many staples, a line of canned goods (no fresh vegetables as each family grew their own), coffee, sugar, and meal. Virgie Pate made quilts to sell in the store and also did some sewing for the neighbors.¹¹ She did all the buying for the store in wholesale concerns in Roanoke. All the family members worked in the store; Herman's and Gladys' two sons, Galen and James, helped a little and Mrs. Pate's brother, Bertha [sic] Nolen, stayed there at times and worked in the store.¹²

In the 1950's the Pates purchased a television set in Roanoke and put it in the store. The neighbors came in the evenings to watch programs and the Pates kept the store open as long as anyone was there. One neighbor was especially fond of watching the wrestling matches on the television. The Pates talked and visited with their friends, drank cokes and watched programs together. Occasionally friends and family members came at night and they all played rook, even Galen and James.¹³

For eleven years Herman Pate commuted to his job in Roanoke and in the 1960's the family moved there. The store was rented for a time. Then on February 27, 1970, Virgie Pate sold the property to Kenneth and Patricia Turman (Deed 98, pg. 564) and two years later on March 18, 1972, Herman bought it back (Deed 104, pg. 145). A month later, April 24, 1972, the Pates sold the property to O.B. and Juanita Love Ware (Deed 109, pg. 667).

After World War II many families began to move away from the Kelley School/Lilac area, especially the young people who left to find jobs. By the time the Pates moved to Roanoke in the 1960's, there were not many of the original families left in the community. However, the few families who remained in the area traded with Mr. O. B. Ware when he opened "Ye Old Country Store."

MARRIAGE LICENSE

Virginia Floyd County to-wit:

To Any Person Licensed to Celebrate Marriages:

You are hereby authorized to join together in the Holy State of Matrimony, according to the rites and ceremonies of your Church or religious denomination, and the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia,

Charlie Pate and Virgie N. Nolen
Given under my hand, as Clerk of the Superior Court of Floyd County (or City) this 24th day of Dec, 1923 G.D. Shuler, Clerk.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE

To be annexed to the License, required by Section 5074 of the Code of Virginia, 1919, as amended by Act of February 16, 1910.

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court for the County (or City) of Floyd
Date of Marriage Dec 25/23 Place of Marriage Piedmont

Charlie Pate and Virgie N. Nolen
FULL NAMES OF PARTIES
Age of Husband 25 years; Condition (single, widowed or divorced) Single
Age of Wife 21 years; Condition (single, widowed or divorced) "
Race (White or Colored) White

Husband's Place of Birth Floyd Co (PRESENT) Mailing Address Peters, Va
Wife's Place of Birth Fredricksburg Mailing Address "
Names of { Husband John and Francis
Parents { Wife Blagant and Francis
Occupation of Husband Miner
Given under my hand this 24th day of Dec, 1923 G.D. Shuler, Clerk.

Certificate of Time and Place of Marriage

I, J. F. West, a Minister of the Gospel Church, or religious order of that name, do certify that on the 25th day of Dec, 1923, at Piedmont, Virginia, under authority of the above License, I joined together in the Holy State of Matrimony the persons named and described therein. I qualified and gave bond according to law authorizing me to celebrate the rites of marriage in the County (or City) of Floyd, State of Virginia.
Given under my hand this 25th day of Dec, 1923 J. F. West

(Person who performs ceremony sign here.)

25 The Minister or other person celebrating a marriage is required, within thirty (30) days thereafter, to return the License and Certificate of the Clerk and his certificate of the time and place at which the marriage was celebrated to the Clerk who issued the License; failure to comply with these requirements of the law makes the Minister or other person celebrating the marriage liable to a fine of not less than ten nor more than twenty dollars for each offense (see Section 5074 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by Act approved February 16, 1910, Acts 1910, chapter 28, pages 36 and 37).

This is to certify that the foregoing is a true copy taken from the records of said Court. I, Margaret H. Harman, Clerk thereof, set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court This the 1st day of Nov, 1929
Margaret H. Harman Clerk
Circuit Court, County of Floyd, Virginia

Reference:
Marriage Register
Page 99

John L. Howell
Deputy Clerk

ENDNOTES

¹Telephone interview with Herman J. Pate (Roanoke, VA), May 30, 1989.

²Floyd County School Board Office Teacher's Register, 1938.

³Telephone Interview with Howard Peters (Floyd, VA), June 16, 1989.

⁴Telephone interview, Herman Pate, May 30, 1989.

⁵*Ibid.*

⁶Interview with Howard Peters (Floyd, VA), June 16, 1989.

⁷Herman Pate interview, 6-12-89.

⁸Telephone interview with Gladys Pate (Roanoke, VA), July 22, 1989.

⁹Herman Pate interview, 5-30-89.

¹⁰*Ibid.*

¹¹Gladys Pate interview, 7-22-89.

¹²Herman Pate interview, 6-12-89.

¹³Gladys Pate interview, 7-22-89.

"YE OLD COUNTRY STORE" OF O. B. WARE

O.B. Ware was born and reared on a farm in South Carolina. During the depression, in the 1930's, he left the farm and moved to Charlotte, North Carolina where he met Juanita Love, who had also lived on a farm in North Carolina and had come to Charlotte. They married and lived in Charlotte and at the end of World War II, in 1944, the family moved to Roanoke. Mr. Ware was with a company that operated restaurants, magazine, and newspaper stands, including one located in the Norfolk and Western Railroad Building and one in the Greyhound Bus Terminal. He also ran a wholesale food/sandwich distributing business in Roanoke. Some of his trucks delivered sandwiches to Smart View on the Blue Ridge Parkway where there was a small shop and concession stand, and delivered as far south as Rocky Knob. Mr. Ware made friends with the ranger at Smart View.¹

On weekends the Ware family came to the Parkway to drive and have picnic lunches. According to the Ware's son the family "had an affinity for the Parkway" and began to look for land on the Parkway to purchase. So in 1968 Mr. Ware bought at auction a farm on the top of the Blue Ridge in Franklin County. This tract was approximately 74 acres and was located south of the Kelley School/Pate's Grocery Store. He added to his acreage until he owned 200 acres and operated the farm as a beef cattle farm. He had approximately 50 head of cattle. The family used the farm as a retreat and gathered there on holidays and other special occasions.²

During this period Mr. Ware decided to semi-retire and operate several restaurants in Roanoke on a part-time basis; when he gave those up he was looking for something else to do. He had met Mr. Herman Pate at the bus station in Floyd and they had talked about Mr. Ware's desire to own a business on the Parkway.³ When Mr. Pate decided to sell his store, Mr. Ware saw that there was an opportunity to have a good business on the Parkway for tourists. So on April 24, 1972, he and his wife, Juanita Love, purchased the lot and all the buildings. This purchase was a "natural outgrowth of his interests in the restaurant business." His son says his father was very outgoing and "had a gift of gab" and needed to be around people.⁴

Mr. Ware knew the history of the building, that it had been a rural two-room school room and then a country store, from his conversations with Mr. Pate and other people in the

area. For this reason he did not change the interior of the building very much, except to put up some 4x4's in the store in order to hang up country hams. He attached a small ell to the existing counter and added a pot-bellied stove. He kept the floor boards oiled as they had always been kept. He wanted the exterior of the store to have a rustic look to "blend with the Parkway's accepted practices."⁵ Keith Young, whose great-grandparents James L. and Sarah A. Kelley, were the originators of the Kelley School, and his son Keith Young, Jr. built the false front for Mr. Ware.⁶ The Wares named their store "Ye Old Country Store." In keeping with the rustic look, old pots and pans and wrought-iron baskets and buckets were put on the front porch. In the yard there was an old Conestoga wagon and picnic tables. The apartment was refurbished, a stone fireplace and bathroom were added because the Wares planned to lease the apartment.

The Wares never lived in the apartment; they drove everyday that the store was open from their home in Roanoke, thirty miles away. Mrs. Ware had always been the bookkeeper and had prepared the tax returns for the restaurant and wholesale businesses they had owned and operated. At the store "she'd stand behind the counter and ring the cash register and he'd go out and try to solicit people to stop, and wave at them," related their son.⁷ Ware would take the dog with him, and his cat, Trixie, was always at the store with them. Occasionally on weekends their son accompanied him to the store after he had retired from the military.

Among the food items for sale in the store were cheeses, sausages, crackers, packaged sandwiches, a little beer off premises, soft drinks, canned food, bread, items that customers could have for a picnic lunch or a snack. Ware also stocked staples for the "local folks." He sold eggs and stopped at a farm on the way from Roanoke in the mornings where he would go into the hen house and "get the big fresh brown eggs. And it was such an arrangement that if they weren't there, he would just leave a note, 'I got twelve dozen eggs or whatever,' and he'd bring them on up."⁸ He brought tomatoes, corn and other fresh vegetables from his own farm in the summertime and permitted local people to display their fresh vegetables in the yard area. In the fall he would have pumpkins. On Saturdays and Sundays when there were more tourists on the Parkway, Mr. Ware allowed local people to bring their paintings and baskets, quilts, wood items, and jewelry they had crafted to sell. They spread them out in front of the store and hung the quilts in between the trees on the side of the store.

This display of wares attracted business. Because of the location of the store and the pines that were planted by the Parkway to block the view of the store, it was hard for tourists to see the store as they traveled the Parkway.⁹ A Floyd Countian recalled that the Wares had salt fish kept in a barrel, old coins and new knives, and baskets that were made by a local master basket-maker for sale.¹⁰

The store was leased for a short period of time, circa April, 1977 to late 1978, by Betty and Vincent Saggese because the Wares were having health problems. The Saggeses lived in the apartment and ran the business exactly as the Wares had done. "The decor, motif, and style of operation remained the same." The weekend barbecues on the lawn continued to be prepared by O. B. Ware. The couple left the area unexpectedly and the Wares took over the operation of the store again.¹¹

The Wares kept a guest record and in it were the signatures of people from all over the United States and from all over the world. Frequently, friends from Roanoke drove up to the mountains on the Parkway to visit and talk and occasionally people who had attended the Kelley School stopped by to reminisce. Visitors sent him postcards that he displayed in the store. Bicyclists would stop, and people on a limited budget were allowed to pitch a tent on the grounds or sleep on the back porch.¹² O. B. Ware was well known in the Floyd County community as he had quite an outgoing and exuberant personality; local people came to the store in the wintertime to sit around the stove and listen to him talk.¹³ One person recalled that he always wore a cowboy hat and cowboy boots.¹⁴ WDBJ-TV, a Roanoke television station, interviewed Ware for a television spot, and in 1983 their P.M. Magazine aired a segment on Mr. Ware and "Ye Old Country Store."

Because of continued ill health, the Wares retired from their country store and on April 24, 1984, the Parkway bought the property from the Wares.

ENDNOTES

- ¹Interview with Gene Ware (Roanoke, VA), June 20, 1989.
- ²*Ibid.*
- ³Telephone interview with Herman Pate (Roanoke, VA), June 12, 1989.
- ⁴Telephone interview with Gene Ware, June 5, 1989.
- ⁵*Ibid.*
- ⁶Telephone interview with Opal Young (Floyd, VA), May 16, 1989.
- ⁷Ware interview, June 5, 1989.
- ⁸*Ibid.*
- ⁹Ware interview, June 20, 1989.
- ¹⁰Telephone interview with Lewis Burwell (Floyd, VA), June 12, 1989.
- ¹¹Telephone interview with Gene Ware, October 8, 1989.
- ¹²Ware interview, June 5, 1989.
- ¹³Burwell interview, June 12, 1989.
- ¹⁴Telephone interview with Irene Peters Poff (Floyd, VA), March 20, 1989.

PARKWAY ACQUISITION AND MANAGEMENT

In 1936 and 1937 the Floyd County School Board took portions of the Kelley School property and sold it to the Commonwealth of Virginia for what was being called "the Park to Park Highway." From the moment of acquisition, the Park Service had concerns about the property. Internal correspondence in May of 1937 indicates a problem with private access roads crossing the parkway "near Kelley School."¹ Shortly thereafter, a question arose about the need to acquire additional fee simple or scenic easement lands beyond the 100 foot line that came with the property. The right-of-way agent, highway engineer, and landscape architect all agreed such additional land or scenic acquisition was unnecessary "through the properties of Floyd County School Board (Kelley School) and Payne Creek Baptist Church, since these properties are used for public purposes."² This proved to be a mistake.

With the closing of Kelley School in 1939, the property was sold at auction and purchased for a residence and grocery store by Virgie Nolen Pate. Samuel Weems, then acting superintendent of the Parkway, moved quickly to acquire a scenic easement on another school property (Ivy Hill School), having learned a lesson from the Kelley School experience. In an April 3, 1940 letter to the right-of-way engineer at the Virginia Department of Highways, Weems expressed his concern about "a school, known as Kelley School, which has recently been closed and the school children are being taken to Check. The old building was sold and is now operating as a store. This is most unfortunate because it fronts on a public road which crosses the Parkway at this point, and there is no scenic easement on the area to give any control whatsoever."³ Weems urged the acquisition of an easement at the Ivy Hill School site and an agreement that the property would revert to the government if no longer used for school purpose. Probably in frustration, Weems closed his letter by saying: "The store now operating on the site of the Kelley School enjoys an advantage that does not exist elsewhere on the Parkway. While we should like to eliminate this eyesore, this may be impracticable. We surely do not want any more to spring up."⁴

In 1944 Weems sent a request to the local park warden, A. G. Dillon, to make discreet inquiries about possible acquisition of the property.⁵ Dillon sent back to Weems a copy of the deed of transfer (the erroneous deed of Homer and Nora Kelley for the Payne Creek School, sometimes also called the Kelley School Lot) and an interesting postscript: "I might say fur-

ther that the present owner, Mrs. Vergie [sic] Pate is a widow. Her first husband, Mr. Pate, was killed in a mine accident in West Virginia. She married again. Her last husband, who was Carl Thomas, was killed in an automobile wreck. At this time she is still using the name of her first husband."⁶

Weems continued to pursue acquisition of the property. He urged the Virginia Department of Highways to purchase the property, expressing concern about the timber rights reserved to the Kelleys in the original deed (however, an erroneous deed to the property) and about the commercial use of the property as a store, "contrary to Parkway standards."⁷ The highway department responded somewhat curtly that it was not in a position to acquire the property and had already acquired all of the property at this location agreed upon as necessary for the Parkway. Weems made one final attempt. In July, 1944, he argued with the highway department that the property was originally excluded from scenic easement because it was used for public purposes; if the property remained privately owned, it "would create a serious threat to Parkway standards."⁸ Weems added, "you can readily see that commercial development which has already occurred and which will without question be resumed after the war, would not only be detrimental to scenic values, but would create an additional traffic hazard because of the property's nearness to a bad grade crossing of a public road and the Parkway."⁹

Regardless of Weems's arguments, the property remained privately owned and commercially operated by the Pates. In 1949, Weems felt his worst fears had been confirmed; a memo from the district ranger notes that a man from Connecticut leased land opposite the Kelley School site for the purpose of establishing an overnight tourist cabin business. A personal note on the memo asks, "In combination with the store this will probably become a little business community--for better or worse?"¹⁰ But the business expansion never materialized.

As the years passed, the park service waited for the right opportunity to acquire the property and watched its development closely. In 1972, when O. B. Ware purchased the property to operate a country store to serve Parkway tourists and the local community, he was mindful of the Parkway concerns. According to his son, Ware "was always a great believer in the Parkway motif, and a lot of the buildings that the Parkway has [use] this outside rough timber and he wanted to keep it that way hoping they wouldn't try to close him off."¹¹ Ware

ran the store, in an uneasy alliance with the Parkway, for ten years until ill-health forced him to offer to sell the property to the park service.

In April of 1984, the park service bought the property and its improvements from the Ware family. In the statement of justification for acquisition of the property, the Parkway described the structures on the property as including "the original building . . . built in the early 1900's and used for about 30 years as a rural one-room school. School use was discontinued in 1927" ¹² This misinformation seems to have been based on an erroneous report prepared by John McCracken and Associates at the time of the acquisition. ¹³

Explaining the need for the acquisition, the Parkway report argues that "the site is extremely small and highly visible from the Parkway. Commercial use of the property cannot be adequately planned and properly carried on without seriously affecting the safety of Parkway traffic and the visual resources of the Parkway." ¹⁴ The report further recommended that the buildings be razed and the site restored to a natural appearance because "the buildings have no historical value and create a very unattractive intrusion which is entirely out of character with the surrounding landscape." ¹⁵

Having now owned the Kelley School/Pate Store/Ware Store property for five years, during which time the buildings have not been razed, the Blue Ridge Parkway is reconsidering its assessment of the property's significance and its options for the management of this cultural resource.

ENDNOTES

¹Letter from H. E. vanGelder to Stanley Abbott, May 6, 1937, Blue Ridge Parkway archives.

²Correspondence between W. A. Royal, Stanley Abbott, and F. D. Henley, May, 1937, BRP archives.

³Letter from Weems to A. H. Pettigrew, April 3, 1940, BRP Archives.

⁴*Ibid.*

⁵Memo from Weems to A. G. Dillon, May 20, 1944, BRP Archives.

⁶Memo from A. G. Dillon to Samuel Weems, May 25, 1944, BRP Archives.

⁷Letter from Weems to W. A. Royal, June 20, 1944, BRP Archives.

⁸Letter from Weems to A. H. Pettigrew, July 3, 1944, BRP Archives.

⁹*Ibid.*

¹⁰Memo from Carl P. Schreiber to Weems, May 9, 1944, BRP Archives.

¹¹Interview with Gene Ware (Roanoke, VA), June 20, 1989.

¹²Justification for Acquisition, O. B. Ware, Tract 20-120, BRP Archives.

¹³John McCracken & Associates report on the O. B. Ware property and improvements, p. 10, BRP Archives.

¹⁴Justification, p. 3.

¹⁵*Ibid.*

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Kelley School/Pate Store/Ware Store site tells a fascinating sage of continuity and change in a rural, mountain community. It tells the stories of a pioneering family, the growth of rural, public education in America, the life and values of a self-sufficient community, changes wrought by economy, war, school consolidation, roads, and tourism, the shifting sense of community through time, and the persistence of family and community memory and traditions.

A striking theme throughout the history of this site is the fluidity of the concept of community. In the days of the one and two-room Kelley schools, this site was the focal point of a traditional community bound by kinship, shared economy, and shared cultural patterns. When the school closed, and children were transported out of the immediate community to school elsewhere, their parents likewise began to find work elsewhere in the boom of wartime economy. Many even followed their work to live outside the community.

For the Pates, their store venture served a changed and enlarged community, both local residents and travelers on the Parkway and the county's improved roads. They provided a television for their neighbors to bring the distant world more closely into their local community.

The Ware family continued the shift in community orientation, appealing primarily to that vast community of the traveling public searching for "authentic" places that bespeak traditional community. Mr. Ware tried to recreate that feeling for the tourist in a place that had grown out of just such a traditional community originally. In many ways, the site had come full circle.

But even in the face of so much change, equally striking is the thread of continuity at the site. Even though each owner made physical changes, the architectural features of the school house built early in this century remain clearly defined on the exterior and much of the interior of the building. Former teachers, students, and patrons of the school live nearby and retain fond memories, photographs, and artifacts of the Kelley School. Many of the teachers and students were Kelley family members themselves. The Pates, who bought the school for their store, had been students at the school (Virgie and her son Herman) and Herman Pate

still owns the old school bell. When the Pates remodeled the building for a residence, the work was done by former school pupils. Former pupils, teachers, and patrons frequented the Pate store. Mr. Ware had no association with the Kelley School but, knowing the history of the site, he took care to make few changes in the building. He attempted to recreate the site in the image of the traditional community for tourists by providing a place for local people to gather, talk, sell produce and crafts, and make music. Ironically, the rustic false-front was added to the building by Keith Young, whose great-grandparents were the originators of the Kelley School's history. At our staged "picture-taking day," we were overwhelmed by the numbers and enthusiasm of Kelley descendents, former teachers, students, and others who had connections to this site even today. The threads of the story are woven in and out of the intricate coverlet patterns of community history.

This richness of story provides many options for management of this cultural resource. The major options seem to be:

- (1) Restoration of the site as an early twentieth century school house and interpretation of late nineteenth and early twentieth century rural school culture;
- (2) Restoration and interpretation of the site as a country store;
- (3) Use of the site in some other, as yet undetermined, way appropriate to the Parkway's needs and missions;
- (4) Razing of the buildings on the site and returning the site to a natural resource area.

The restoration of the site as an early twentieth-century school house has many arguments in its favor and potentially many advantages to the Parkway. The main building on the site is a good, even unusual, example [see Historic Structure Report] of early school architecture.¹ There are few one and two-room school houses still standing in southwest Virginia or elsewhere in the region served by the Parkway that are intact and recognizable as a school. Future generations may seldom or never see the type of school that educated the majority of rural Americans in earlier times. Kelley School is a remarkable example with its cloakroom vestibule, bell tower, and early unchanged south classroom. Photographic and other evidence makes restoration with a fairly high degree of accuracy possible.

Interpretation of a school site offers many opportunities for helping Parkway visitors understand the history and culture of this section of the Blue Ridge Mountains. As William

Link has written, "Across rural America, schools were a clear window on their social surroundings . . . nineteenth-century country schools . . . were dominated by local communities. So in the way their educational system was organized, rural dwellers revealed how they reached decisions, experienced and regarded their surroundings, and valued work, life, and leisure."² The Kelley School was the center of an agricultural community in the mountains where children often had to be in the fields rather than the classroom, parents helped build and maintain the school, fathers often were away hauling produce down dangerous mountain roads or working in mines, and social gatherings often took place at the school with locally made food and music.

The Kelley School offers an opportunity to understand the development of teacher roles in the rural school system, the transmitting of values through the school and the school-community interaction, the role of Primitive Baptists in mountain education, and the role of local school districts as well as county and state governments. Interpretation of the Kelley School era also gives insights into the factors affecting growth and decline of a traditional mountain community. Because the Blue Ridge Parkway co-existed with the Kelley School for a few years, it may provide an interesting opportunity to examine the Parkway's influence on a community institution.

Perhaps one of the strongest arguments for restoration and interpretation of the Kelley School is that there is no school interpreted along the entire length of the Parkway and this is a missing link in the story of life in the Blue Ridge region. Too many visitors may uncritically accept the stereotypes that rural mountain dwellers were unschooled, illiterate, and placed no value on education. Interpretation at the Kelley School site could do much to counteract such notions.

In practical terms, interpretation of the Kelley School can offer the visitor interesting, unusual, and fun opportunities for learning, and the chance to participate in part of America's rural cultural heritage. Activities at the site might include costumed teachers teaching a typical lesson in the restored school room; bringing water from the neighbor's well; bringing in wood for the stove; participating in a spelling bee, school-yard games, or an "entertainment." Visitors could ring the old Kelley School bell, which should be acquired from Mr. Herman Pate. According to a local historian, some of the old school desks may be available, as are the

portraits of the six early school superintendents in Floyd County that exist but are not displayed.³ Enough information is available to make a rich interpretation program possible.

Funding for restoration, maintenance, and interpretation of the Kelley School and its site could be accomplished through a partnership agreement between the Blue Ridge Parkway and various public and private sources. The Virginia State Department of Education, the Virginia State Council of Higher Education, the Floyd County Board of Supervisors, and the Floyd County state delegate and state senator are possible public agency partners. Faculty at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University already have expressed interest in operating a demonstration school at the site. Other area colleges and universities (e.g., Roanoke College, Radford University) may have interest in participating. Other groups such as the Floyd County Historical Society, the local Daughters of the American Revolution chapter, and the local teachers' association offer potential partners.

Grants funds for projects in public education and history are available from numerous agencies for a project of this type. The National Endowment for the Humanities, the U.S. Department of Education, the Virginia Foundation for Humanities and Public Policy, the Rockefeller Foundation and a host of other grant agencies offer programs that might provide funds for this project. Corporate funding sources should not be overlooked.

After restoration of the school house, an interpretive program could become self-sustaining through user fees. School groups could come for day-long school experiences or parents using the Rocky Knob or other Parkway facilities could send their children for day-long programs for an operating fee. This kind of facility and programming would be a strong drawing card for visitors to this region of the Parkway.

Difficulties in restoring and interpreting the school site may be the architectural reconstruction necessary, limited land owned by the Parkway around the site, and the costs of initiating a new interpretive site.

Restoring and interpreting the site as a store has an obvious advantage of little architectural change. It would make the presence and use of the Pate outbuildings on the site less problematic (see Historic Structure Report). Although not as rich in its cultural offerings as the Kelley School, interpretation could center on the country store as an agricultural community gathering place (though that was less true in the Pate and Ware eras than the Kelley

School era), a way to connect a small community with more distant communities, and a place to sell local produce and crafts. What makes this option perhaps less desirable is that the Parkway offers this cultural interpretation at other sites already (e.g., Northwest Trading Post).

The final two options are self-explanatory. The Parkway may find a suitable use for the site unrelated to the site's cultural history or it may raze the buildings and return the site to a natural scenic vista if restoration and interpretation of the site are not deemed feasible. Either of these options ignores a rich reservoir of cultural knowledge about the site.

ENDNOTES

¹National Register of Historic Places. "Public Schools in Augusta County, Virginia, 1870-1940: Thematic Nomination," September 1989, p. 8.

²William A. Link, *A Hard Country and a Lonely Place* (Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1986), p. ix.

³Interview with Sarah J. Simmons (Roanoke, VA), April 19, 1989.

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- Simmons, Sarah James. "A History of Floyd County." Unpublished manuscript. Special Collections. University Library. Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. General information on Floyd County.
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Wood, Amos D. *Floyd County, A History of Its People and Places*. Radford, VA: Commonwealth Press, 1981. Excellent source on the history of Floyd County and the genealogy of the settlers of Floyd County.

Young, Opal H. "Papers of the Kelley Family." Unpublished documents. Genealogical records of the James Kelley family.

INTERVIEW SOURCES

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Rt. 2, Box 51
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Information on Pigg River Primitive Baptist Church.

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Judge and local historian of southwest Virginia.

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Local historian. Knowledgeable about Floyd County.

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Ingoldsby, Kathleen I. (Ms.)
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Knowledgeable local historian, active in historic preservation.

Kelley, Al and Mary Lou (Mr. & Mrs.).
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Kelley descendent (Homer Kelley line).
Knowledgeable and enthusiastic. Has family
documents and photographs.

Kelley, A. Paul
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Kelley descendent (Homer Kelley line). Has
family photographs and stories.

McCombs, Dorothy (Mrs.)
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knowledgeable about Southwest Virginia resources.

Pate, Herman and Gladys
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Son of Virgie Pate. Herman and Gladys lived in
school building when it was Pate's store from
1940s until 1970s. Herman lived there as boy
with his mother, Virgie.

Peters, Frank
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(703) 745-3511
Kelley descendent (Homer Kelley line)
Was bus driver for schools after consolidation.

Peters, Howard
5023 Ranchcrest Dr.
Roanoke, VA 24018
(703) 774-0123
Attended Kelley School (one-room and two-room).
Knowledgeable source.

Poff, Irene (Mrs.)
Box 255
Check, VA 24072
(703) 651-3183
Attended Kelley School (one-room and two-room) and taught at
Kelley School in late 1930's. Knowledgeable source.

Poff, Mr. & Mrs. Wade
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Keep minutes of Salem Primitive Baptist Church.

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Professor at Roanoke College, author of
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Knowledgeable and helpful.

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Older siblings of Mrs. Sweeney attended Kelley school.

Thomas, Marvin and Daisy (Mr. & Mrs.)
Route 4, Box 13
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(703) 745-2505
Mr. Thomas attended Kelley School (one-room and
two-room; helped build two-room school); Mrs.
Thomas taught at Kelley School in mid-1930s.
Knowledgeable.

Thomas, Max
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Local historian. Author of *Walnut Knob: A Story
of Mountain Life and My Heritage in Song*

Tise, Marquerite (Miss)
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Ward, Paula Kelley (Mrs. John A.)
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Ware, Gene
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Son of O. B. Ware. Visited store often; helped mother
and father with store in their later years. Knowledgeable
and helpful. Has photographs of store.

West, Emma Kelley (Mrs.).
Lives with Mr. & Mrs. Raymond West
Rt. 4

Floyd, VA 24091
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Kelley descendent and teacher at one-room Kelley
School (1916-1917). At 93, remarkable memory of
school building and school activities.

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Franklin News (newspaper for Franklin County, VA.)

Williams, Virginia G.
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(703) 483-5700 Home
(703) 483-5149 Office
Local Historian-Franklin County.

Yeatts, Mrs. Tommy
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(703) 651-8230
Kelley descendent.

Young, Keith and Opal (Mr. & Mrs.)
Route 1, Box 156
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Keith Young's great-grandfather was James L. Kelley.
Until his recent death, Mr. Young's 103-year old father,
who attended Kelley School, lived with the Youngs.
Opal Young knows a great deal about the Kelley family
and the school, and general Floyd County history.

KELLEY FAMILY GENEALOGICAL RECORDS

JAMES L. KELLEY

His paternal grandparents were James and Elizabeth Kelley of Stokes County, N. C.

His parents were George Washington Kelley (1794-1878) and Sarah Webster (?-1846) of Franklin County, Va. They were married in 1819. They moved to Floyd County, Va. in 1840. George W. Kelley secondly married Nancy Green in 1856.

1829 James L. Kelley was born in 1829. (1870-1880 census) He may have been a twin to brother Joseph Pedigo Kelley. Both were born in 1829.

1850 Married Sarah Lester (daughter of Abner and Rachael West Lester of Floyd County, Va.)

A certificate was issued to James L. Kelley and Sarah Lester 16th December, 1850.

Witnesses stated James L. Kelley was 21 years old - signed by Joseph P. Kelley; and Sarah Lester was also 21 years old - signed by Ilmer or Abner Lester. (Marriage Index - Floyd, Va.)

Their children were:

- 1851 1. Nancy Mary Kelley - Born Sept. 28, 1851
- 1854 2. George F. Kelley - born in 1854 (1870 census)
- 1855 *3. Louisa A. Kelley - born in 1855
- 1858 *4. Elizabeth Emma Zetta Kelley - born in 1858
- 1862 *5. J. A. Kelley - born in 1862

" * Louisa A. Kelley; Elizabeth Emma Zetta Kelley; and J. A. Kelley all three died the same day - 11/2/1862 of diptheria.

** Information given by Margueritte Tise - Floyd, Va.

" Civil War: In 1862, James L. Kelley was a 1st Corporal in Company H, 54th Virginia Infantry.

" Late 1862 -1863 - Death of Sarah Lester Kelley. Date Unknown.

This story has been told: "It was during Civil War times. The father was off fighting. The family at home were having a hard time. They nearly starved to death. One cold afternoon, a small girl and her brother were out in the woods gathering firewood. The mother came to where the children were working and told them not to stay out too late, to come to the house before dark. When the children returned home, they found their mother - she had hung herself!".

1864 Jan. 28, 1864 - James L. Kelley secondly married Sarah Ann "Sallie" Sowder (1836-1897). Her parents were John and Cynethia Sowder of Franklin County, Va.

Their children were:

1865 1. Sarah Jane Kelley - born in 1865 (1870 census)

1868 2. Joseph Lee Kelley - born Oct. 2, 1868

1872 April 25, 1872 - Nancy Mary Kelley married Joseph T. Turner
* See details - pg. 3

1873 April 1, 1873 - George F. Kelley married Octavia Richards
* See details - pg. 4

1877 March 1, 1877 - James L. and Sarah A. Kelley deeded land to Locust Grove School District for Kelley's School (Deed Bk. "O" - pg. 461)

1882 Death of James L. Kelley (exact date unknown)

His Will was written May 5, 1882 - probably on death bed
His Will was probated 11th day of July 1882

1887 March 3, 1887 - Sarah Jane Kelley married Henry "Cassell" Dewease
* See details - pg. 5

1889 Dec. 4, 1889 - Sarah A. "Sallie" Kelley secondly married Samuel Vest. He was a 52 year old widower. His parents were John and Mary Vest. (Marriages Reg. 3 & 4 - 120)

1891 Jan. 18, 1891 - Joseph Lee Kelley married Virginia "Virgie" Vest
*See details - pg. 6 & 7

1897 In 1897, a horse and buggy ran away with Sarah "Sallie" Kelley Vest and killed her. (Accident occurred on Franklin Pike near Oscar Huff's store). She is buried in Vest Cemetery, Floyd County, Va.

NANCY MARY KELLEY

April 25, 1872 - Nancy Mary Kelley married Joseph Thomas Turner.
They were married by her grandfather - Elder
George Washington Kelley.

JOSEPH T. TURNER:

The parents of Joseph T. Turner were Constantine Turner of Franklin County, Va. and Mary (Lavinder) Turner (1803-1894), formally of Henry County, Va.

The family lived in Franklin County. Constantine Turner ran the "Ruff and Ready" Mill. (This area of Franklin County is now covered by Smith Mtn. Lake).

The Turner's had two sons - Stephen Turner and Joseph T. Turner.
(1841-1931)

After the death of Constantine Turner, Mary Turner moved her family to Floyd County, Va. (Copper Hill). They lived with the Byrd Huff family. Her sister, Emily Lavinder married Byrd Huff. (Mary Turner is buried at the homeplace).

Joseph T. and Stephen Turner both served in Company I, 54th Virginia Infantry of the Civil War.

Stephen Turner returned to Floyd County for a short while after the War, but left and was never heard from again. Said he was going West.

Joseph T. Turner purchased 138 acres of land from the old Payne farm in 1872. (Between Kelley School and on Franklin Pike). He ran a mill and did blacksmith work.

He was a member of the Primitive Baptist Church and became an Elder. He preached in many churches in the area and solemnized numerous marriages.

The children of Nancy Mary and Joseph T. Turner were:

1. Laura A. Turner (1873-1923)
2. Mary A. Turner (1876-1877)
3. John L. Turner (1879-1918)
4. Wm. Conley "Con" Turner (1881-1965)
5. Isaac J. "Ike" Turner (1884-1902)
6. James W. "Jim" Turner (1887-1962)
7. Eliza Jane Turner (1889-1970)
8. Sallie Mae Turner (1891-1975)

* See details pgs. 8-13

Nancy Mary Kelley Turner died Jan. 12, 1929

Joseph T. Turner died Nov. 3, 1931

Both are buried at homeplace in Floyd County, Va.

GEORGE F. KELLEY

April 1, 1873 - George F. Kelley married Octavia Richards (born 1853).

The marriage certificate states they were both twenty years old and were married by his grandfather - Elder George W. Kelley.

The parents of Octavia Richards were William and Mary Richards of Franklin County, Va.

The children of George F. and Octavia Kelley were:

1. Louisa A. Kelley born in 1875 (1880 census).

Louisa A. Kelley married John T. Wimmer Oct. 29, 1892. She was 18 years years old and he 22 years old. He was listed as a carpenter. His parents were Isaac K. and Elizabeth Wimmer.

2. William J. Kelley born in 1877 (1880 census).

(Haven't been able to find any information on William J. Kelley).

George F. Kelley may have deserted his family and left the area. James L. Kelley's Will states George F. Kelley had left the State; and Nancy Mary Kelley Turner always said she and Joseph Turner both had brothers that left and were never heard from again. **

Octavia Richards Kelley secondly married John R. Poff - April 13, 1884.

Their marriage certificate states he was a 60 year old widower and she, a 32 year old widow. He was born in Montgomery County, Va. His father was Peter Poff.

** Also, in the 1880 Census Book - George F. Kelley is not listed:

Only the following:

Octavia Kelley	-	Age 28
Louisa A. Kelley	-	" 5
William J. Kelley	-	" 3

SARAH JANE KELLEY

March 3, 1887 - Sarah Jane Kelley married Henry "Cassell" Dewease.
(1866-1929)

The parents of Henry Cassell Dewease were Peter and Jane (Muncy) Dewease.

Sarah Jane Kelley and Cassell Dewease were married by Joseph T. Turner. (Marriage Index - pg. 67, Floyd, Va.)

The Cassell Dewease family moved to West Va. (Mercer County). Cassell Dewease was a "bank boss" for the coal mines.

Their children were (3) boys and (2) girls:

- I. Fletcher Dewease married a Huffman. He worked in the coal mines.
- II. Toy Dewease also married a Huffman (sister to Fletcher's wife). He worked in the coal mines. He was born in 1896.
- III. Casper Dewease (wife unknown) was an engineer for the N. & W. Railroad.
- IV. Annabelle Dewease married Shirley Cole.
- V. Mantle Dewease married Shelman Vest.

In 1922 or 1925, there was a "refuge dam" slide, which killed many people. Among them were Fletcher Dewease and his wife; the wife of Toy Dewease; and Mantle Dewease Vest and son..

Sarah Jane Kelley Dewease died around 1908 - (exact date unknown). She is buried in Pocahontas, Va.

Cassell Dewease secondly married Fannie Lawrence (Mrs. Ed Lawrence) of Floyd County, Va. They had no children.

Cassell Dewease died in 1929 and is buried in the Wilson Cemetery, Check, Va. beside his mother - Jane (Muncy) Dewease.

Fannie Lawrence Dewease is buried in the Huffville Cemetery, Floyd County, Va.

JOSEPH LEE KELLEY

Jan. 18, 1891 - Joseph Lee Kelley married Virginia "Virgie" Vest
(1873-1967)

She was the daughter of James and Mary J. Vest of
Floyd County, Va.

The Joseph Lee Kelley family lived in Floyd County,
Va. (Kelley School area) and also, lived in Roanoke,
Va. He was a switchman for the N & W Railroad.

Joseph Lee Kelley died May 17, 1950. "Virgie"
Kelley died Aug. 29, 1967. Both are buried in
the Vest Cemetery - Floyd County, Va.

The children of Joseph Lee and Virgie Kelley were:

I. Clara Kelley - married Claude Stump

1. Ruby Stump
2. Clyde Stump
3. Claudine Stump
4. Bernice Stump
5. Ray Stump
6. Alvin Stump
7. Pauline Stump
8. Frank Stump

* Clara, Claude and Frank Stump also buried
in Vest Cemetery.

II. James M. Kelley - married Ida Peters (dau. of
Samuel and Della U. Peters)

1. Lester Kelley married Clara Peters.
No children
2. James M. "Dude" Kelley married Betty_____.
They had 3 girls.
Secondly married Nadine_____.
No children.
3. Kathleen Kelley married Joseph Shelor
They had 4 children
4. Rosalee Kelley married Conway Thrasher
They had five children
5. Richard Kelley married Joan Justis
They had 2 children.
6. Ray Kelley - Killed in car wreck.

* James M. and Ida P. Kelley are buried in
Restvale Cemetery, Copper Hill, Va.

Joseph Lee Kelley cont.

- III. Clarence Kelley married 1st _____
Secondly married Thelma Page
They had one girl - Geraldine
and two boys - Jackie and Bobbie
- IV. Alonza Kelley married 1st Mabel Phillapie
They had one son - William
He secondly married Nellie Earles
They had no children

* Alonza Kelley lives in Harrisburg, Pa.
- V. Lawrence Kelley married Hazel Whitting
They had no children

* Clarence Kelley and Lawrence Kelley
are buried in Roanoke, Va.

CHILDREN OF NANCY MARY AND JOSEPH T. TURNER:

I. Laura A. Turner was born May 30, 1873.

She married G. L. "Gabe" Underwood Sept. 2, 1897. They lived in Floyd County, Va.

They had two girls:

1. Tidos Underwood - died (unmarried)

2. Emma Underwood was born Oct. 2, 1909

She married Hobert Radford Oct. 14, 1928

Their children were:

1. Dollie Mae Radford born Dec. 21, 1929
She married Clyde Ballinger. They had seven children.

2. Tommy Bedsual Radford born Mar. 24, 1937
He married _____ Mountcastle. They had three children.

3. Laura Faye Radford born Sept. 14, 1948
She married Gerald Wayne Duncan. They had one child.

4. Nancy Mary Radford born Nov. 1, 1950
She married Johnny Setliff. They had one child.

Laura Turner Underwood died July 24, 1923. She is buried at Joseph T. Turner homeplace, Floyd County, Va.

II. Mary A. Turner was born Jan. 9, 1876. She died July 25, 1877.
She is buried at Joseph T. Turner homeplace.

III. John L. Turner was born June 7, 1879.

He married Sarah "Eliza" Kelley Nov. 15, 1899. (She was the daughter of Moses and Catherine Kelley).

The family lived in Roanoke, Va.

John L. Turner was an engineer for the N & W Railroad.

The children of John L. and Eliza Turner were:

1. Roscoe Turner - married Isabelle Jeter
They lived in Farmville, Va.
He worked at Longwood College
They had one son - Roscoe Turner, Jr.
He married Betty Shelton
They live in Roanoke, Va.
They had three children:
 1. Allen Curtis Turner
 2. Cathy Lee Turner
 3. Mark Cameron Turner
2. Claude Turner - married Madge _____
They lived in Washington, D. C.
They had one son - John Turner
3. Alvin "Al" Turner - married Andy _____
They lived in Washington, D. C.
They had no children.
4. Chloe Turner (unmarried)
Lived in Washington, D. C. - later Roanoke, Va.
She worked for the government
5. Curtis Lee Turner - married Jean _____
They lived in Washington, D. C.
They had one daughter

John L. Turner was killed in a train wreck Aug. 28, 1918.

Eliza K. Turner secondly married George Hale. They separated.

John L. Turner; Eliza Turner; Roscoe and Isabelle Turner; and
Chloe Turner are buried in Evergreen Cemetery, Roanoke, Va.

Claude Turner, Al Turner and Curtis Turner are also deceased.

IV. William Conley "Con" Turner was born Sept. 29, 1881.

He married Ila Jane Lester Jan. 24, 1912.

They lived in Roanoke, Va.

Con Turner was an engineer for the N & W Railroad.

The children of Con and Ila Turner were:

1. William Turner - married Thelma Old
They live in Roanoke, Va.
They had two daughters:
 1. Susan Conley Turner married Charles Johnson
 2. Catherine Jane Turner married Dennis Markie

Children of Con and Ila Turner cont.

2. Thomas Turner - married Mary Poff

They had four children:

1. Tommy Turner
2. David Turner
3. Joseph Turner
4. Mary Jane Turner

Thomas Turner secondly married Eula Mae _____. They had no children.

3. Frank Turner - married Judith Lambert

They divorced.

He secondly married Ruth Parks

They had one daughter - Nancy Turner Smith

William "Con" Turner died in 1965. He and Ila Turner are buried in Evergreen Cemetery, Roanoke, Va.

Thomas Turner and Frank Turner are deceased.

V. Isaac J. "Ike" Turner was born June 5, 1884.

He was shot in Franklin County, Va. He died Oct. 7, 1902 - 18 years old. He is buried at Joseph Turner homeplace.

VI. James W. "Jim" Turner was born July 20, 1887.

He married Ella Nowlin (1887) February 25, 1917. They had no children.

They lived in Floyd County, Va. on Franklin Pike. He was a farmer.

Ella Nowlin Turner died in 1961.

Jim Turner died in 1962.

Both are buried at Restvale Cemetery, Copper Hill, Va.

VII. Eliza Jane Turner was born Sept. 19, 1889.

She married Arch Smith April 12, 1910. (The parents of Arch Smith were Jackson and Mary Smith. Arch Smith was born Aug. 22, 1887).

The family purchased the Joseph Turner homeplace and lived there awhile. They moved to Beckley, W. Va.

Arch Smith worked in the coal mines. Eliza T. Smith ran a boarding house.

Their children were:

1. Azle Smith - died an infant in 1912 - buried at Joseph Turner homeplace.
2. James Ray Smith - born 7/6/1913.
Lived in Dayton, Ohio
He had no children
He died 12/5/1965
3. Nancy Kate Smith born 1915
Lives in Florida
Had one girl - Barbara Ann (1936-1968).
4. Essie Marie "Tina" Smith born 1917
She is married to Bernard McCall
They live in Richlands, Va.
She has two sons - James and Walter Bernard
one girl - Rebecca - one granddaughter
5. Dillard Turner Smith born 1919
Had one girl - Shirley Jean
6. Calvin Eugene Smith born 1923
He married "Billie Dean"_____.
They had two girls - Kathy and Jeanie
three sons - Rob, Jimmie and Bryant
They live in Dayton, Ohio
7. Mary Jo Smith born 1929
She is married to Al Gray. They live in Florida.
She has one girl - Judy Elizabeth born 1948
one son - Archie Lewis - born 1950

Eliza Turner Smith died Aug. 1, 1970. Arch Smith died Sept. 19, 1972. They are buried at the Sunset Memorial, Beckley, W. Va.

VIII. Sallie Mae Turner was born Dec. 8, 1891.

She married Artis L. Young May 18, 1910.

The parents of Artis Young were Jeffery and Mary (Smith) Young.
Artis Young was born Jan. 5, 1886.

Jeffery Young died in 1892. Mary Young secondly married Cainy Thompson.

Sallie and Artis Young lived in Floyd County, Va. (Harris-Cannaday section). Artis Young was a farmer.

The children of Sallie and Artis Young were:

1. "Ruby" Alice Young (1911-1969)
She married James Grisso of Roanoke, Va.
They had one daughter - Wanda Jewell Grisso
2. Thomas "Godfrey" Young born 1913
He married Hazel Harris
They live in Christenburg, Va.
They had one son - Danny Young
one daughter - Patsy Young
3. Raymond L. Young (1915-1972)
He married Mary Terry
They had one daughter - Brenda Joyce Young
Mary was killed in a car wreck
Raymond Young secondly married Marie Massey
They had one daughter - Michelle Ray Young
They lived in Norfolk, Va.
4. Lucile Margarie Young born 1919 - died 1923
She is buried at Joseph Turner homeplace
5. Mary "Catherine" Young born 1921
She married Nick Williams of Alberta, Va.
They had one daughter - Barbara Jean Williams
one son - Nickey Williams, Jr.
Nick died
Catherine Y. Williams secondly married Bill Williams (no relation to Nick Williams)
They had no children
They live in Virginia Beach, Va.
6. Robert G. "Bob" Young born 1923
He married Jean Dickerson (they divorced)
They had four sons - Robert Young, Jr.
Larry Young
Brent Young
Mark Young (killed in motor-cycle accident)

Children of Bob and Jean Young cont.

They also had three daughters - Donna Young
 Janet Young
 Loretta Young

Bob Young and family live at Virginia Beach, Va.

7. Frank C. Young born 1925
He married Evelyn Johnson (they divorced)
They had one son - Frank C. Young, Jr.
two daughters - Gail Young
Cathy Young
Evelyn Young is deceased
Frank Young lives in Roanoke, Va.
8. "Nancy" Arlene Young born 1929
She married Allen D. Vest (they divorced)
They had two daughters - Patricia Vest
Deborah Vest
Nancy secondly married Bryon Cummings of Mass.
They live in Virginia Beach, Va.
9. Artis L. Young, "Jr." born 1930-1978)
He married Dorthy McCellean (they divorced)
They had three daughters - Sallie Mae Young
Suzanne Young
Marie Jean Young
three sons - Artis L. Young, III
James Young (killed in
auto accident)
Gary Young
Dorthy Young is deceased
Artis Young, "Junior" secondly married Chris Gillian
His family lives in Virginia Beach, Va.
10. Keith Baer Young born 1934
He married Opal Hundley
They had two daughters - Karen Renae Young
Sheree Lachell Young
two sons - Keith B. Young, Jr.
Terry Michael Young
They live at Copper Hill, Va.

Sallie Turner Young died Aug. 12, 1975. She is buried in the Restvale Cemetery, Copper Hill, Va.

Artis Young is still living (June 1989) and is 103 years old. He lives with Keith and Opal Young.

I do hereby swear that James L. Kelly
is over and above the age of twenty and
years Given under my hand this
16th December 1850-

Joseph P. Kelly

I do swear that Sarah Lester is over and
above the age of twenty one year Given under
my hand this 16th December 1850

Sarah Lester

The above certificate subscribed
and sworn to before me this 16th Decr 1850

J. N. Huntington

I do hereby certify that I on the 6th day of November last past celebrated the rights of matrimony between John B. Dwyer and Ellen Smith in pursuance of license issued by the clerk of the County Court of Floyd County this given under my hand this 6th day of February 1856

I also celebrated the rights of matrimony between William Willis and Harriet Davis on the 26 day of December 1850 in pursuance of license issued by the clerk of the County Court of Floyd County

I also celebrated the Rights of matrimony between James S. Mcnelly and Sarah Lester on the 19th day of December 1840 in pursuance of license issued by the clerk of the County Court of Floyd County this given under my hand this 6th day of February 1856

Michael Howey
Minister of the Gospel

This is to certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy taken from the records of the County Court of Floyd, Virginia, I, Margaret H. Harman, Clerk thereof, do hereby certify and affix the Seal of said Court this the 11th day of April 1889

Margaret H. Harman, Clerk
Circuit Court, County of Floyd, Virginia

By: Daniel Howell
Deputy Clerk

MARRIAGE LICENSE

TO ALL WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, I, *James L. Kelly*, Clerk of the County Court of said County, this 2^d day of January, 1884.

You are hereby authorized to join together in the Holy State of Matrimony, according to the rites and ceremonies of your Church, or religious denomination, and the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia, *James L. Kelly* and *Martha A. Kelly*.

Given under my hand as Clerk of the County Court of said County, this 2^d day of January, 1884.

James L. Kelly Clerk

CERTIFICATE TO OBTAIN A MARRIAGE LICENSE,

To be returned to the Licensor, required by the Act passed 16th March 1861,

Place of Marriage, *2^d January 1884*
 Place of Marriage, *St. Andrew's Church*
 Full Name of Parties married, *James L. Kelly & Martha A. Kelly*
 Age of Husband, *33 years*
 Age of Wife, *27*
 Condition of Husband (married or single), *single*
 Condition of Wife (married or single), *single*
 Place of Husband's Birth, *France*
 Place of Wife's Birth, *"*
 Place of Husband's Residence, *"*
 Place of Wife's Residence, *"*
 Name of Husband's Parents, *George & Sarah Kelly*
 Name of Wife's Parents, *John & Mary Kelly*
 Occupation of Husband, *Farmer*

Witness my hand this 2^d day of January, 1884.

James L. Kelly Clerk

MINISTER'S RETURN OF MARRIAGE.

I, *James L. Kelly*, Minister, this on the 2^d day of January, 1884 at the Home of *John & Martha Kelly* and united in Marriage the above named and described parties, under authority of the aforesaid License.

James L. Kelly Minister

Up. The Minister officiating a Marriage is required within ten days thereafter to return the License to the Office of the Clerk who issued the same, with an endorsement thereof of the fact of such Marriage, and of the time and place of celebrating the same.

6-20-79 From [illegible]

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE

HEIRLOOM MEMORIAL

This is to Certify that

Joseph T. Turner
AND
Raney M. Turner

WERE SOLEMNLY UNITED BY ME IN

HOLY MATRIMONY

At James Kellys on the 25-
Day of April In the Year of Our LORD
ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND 72.

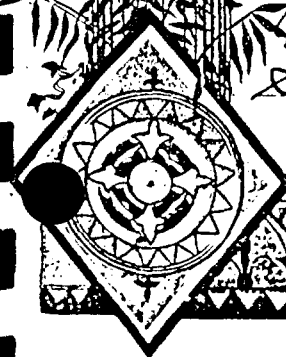
Conformably to the Ordinance of GOD and the Laws of
THE LAND

IN PRESENCE OF
Rev George Washington Kelly

FAMILY RECORD

BIRTHS

J. T. Turner	Sept 10 1841
M. K. Turner	Sept 28 1851
L. A. Turner	May 30 1873
M. K. Turner	Sept 9 th 1876
J. L. Turner	June 7 th 1879
H. C. Turner	Sept 29 1881
J. J. Turner	June 8 1884
J. W. Turner	July 20 1887
E. J. Turner	Sept 19 1887
S. M. Turner	1891
Ruby Alice Young	March 7, 1911
Thomas Godfrey Young	March 27, 1913
Raymond Lawrence Young	October 31, 1915
Lucile Margarie Young	February 10, 1919
Mary Catherine Young	January 6, 1921
Robert Edwin Young	February 2, 1923
Frank Carol Young	December 24, 1925
Nancy Arlene Young	January 12, 1929
Artis Lafayette Young Jr.	October 13, 1930
Keith Baer Young	June 7, 1934



FAMILY RECORD

WARRIAGES

J. L. Turner was married April 25-1872
W. M. Kelley was married April 25-1872
G. L. Underwood was married Sept 2 1897
L. E. Turner was married Sept 2 1897
J. L. Turner was married Nov 16th 1899
S. E. Kelley was married Nov 15 1899
Elysa J. Turner " " April 12-1910
Helen M. Turner " " May 18-1911
William M. Turner " " Jan 24-1912
J. W. Turner " " married Feb 25 1917
E. R. Hawkin " " Married Feb 25 1917
Raymond L. Young and
Mary E. Terry were married Sept. 2, 1939
Thomas Hadfree Young and
Hazel Jane Harris were married Apr. 21, 1944
Carlton Williams, Jr and
Mary Catherine Young were married Oct. 27, 1944
James Weiss and
Ruby Alice Young were married July

FAMILY RECORD

DEATHS

(Gae Turner's mother)
Mary Turner Died June 4 1894

(Gae Turner's daughter)
Mary L Turner Died July 25 1899

Isaac J. Turner Died October 7th 1902

John L. Turner Died August 28 - 1918

Laura A. Woodward Died July 24, 1923

Emily West Died August 1923

Nancy Mary Turner Died Dec. 13, 1924

Joseph Thompson Turner Died Nov. 3, 1931

Lucille Margaret Young Died July 15, 1923

Ruby Alice Young Brisco Died July 26, 1929

He united with the Baptists at Pine Knob Church in Grayson County, June, 1879, and was, by the same church, ordained May 23, 1887. Elder Kelly, while not highly educated was above the average in intelligence, was a man of good judgment and an able reasoner. When convinced of a correct position he was unyielding. The doctrine of predestination and election, that God's people were chosen in Christ before the world was and would all eventually be saved without the loss of one, were sweet themes to him. Before his death he realized he must soon die, and told his loved ones he was not afraid to meet death, and gently fell asleep in Jesus.

GEO. W. KELLY.

Kelly, Elder Geo. W. This gifted man was born in North Carolina, 1794 and died at his home in Floyd County, Va., 1878. He united with Clear Springs Church in 1819, and was baptized by Elder John Wilson, was ordained in 1833, served churches until his death and was for many years Moderator of Pig River Association. During his ministry he baptized many persons and married over eight hundred couples. Probably no man of the nineteenth century ever stood more firm in the doctrine of salvation by grace. He had no fellowship for the new-fangled schemes introduced among the Baptists in the present century; but when these peace and union dividing heresies were troubling the church, he stood firm as a rock, and when the time had fully come for the church to declare non-fellowship with the unscriptural and God dishonoring schemes of man's devising he stood firm. Elder Kelly stood on the old platform and never swerved to the right or left. The golden bait of popularity had no charms for him. His Master's honor and glory were uppermost in his mind and next to it was the union of the churches. The slanderer's tongue nor the scorner's frowns did not stop him for a moment. He gloried not save in the cross of Jesus Christ. The latter part of his ministry seemed to be the brightest. The remark was often made by professor and non-professor that as he advanced in years he also advanced in the work of the ministry. He was partially blind for a number of years before his death, a portion of the time nearly entirely so but with a guide he still went on and preached the glorious gospel until his final discharge came.



H. C. KER.

Ker, Elder H. C., of Middletown, N. Y., was born in Quantico, Worcester County, Maryland, December 2, 1821. His parents were New School Baptists, his father being an ordained minister of that denomination. He was educated in the public schools of his native county. At home he was taught the religion of his parents, who were good, kind and faithful. When fifteen years old, the New School Baptists held a protracted meeting in his town when he with several others united with them by baptism, and verily thought they were the church of God. In 1890, his mind became exercised regarding the Bible and spiritual things. Such an experience he had never had before. He began to seek all denominations in reach, hoping to find somewhere that which would give the conscience ease and rest. He found none who preached what he thought the Bible taught; none expressed themselves as he felt, until at last he found companionship among the Old School Baptists, and was received into the fellowship of Little Creek Church, Sussex County, Del., May, 1894, and was baptized by Elder A. B. Francis. He felt from the day of his baptism that he must declare what God had done for poor sinners. In June, 1896, he was licensed and in November, 1897 was ordained to the full work of the gospel ministry by Elders A. B. Francis, E. Rittenhouse, S. H. Durand, T. M. Poulson and W. G. Meredith. Elder Ker has served Black Rock Church, Baltimore County, Md., and the Middletown and New Vernon churches, located in Orange County, N. Y. and the church at Woonsocket, Mass. He is also associate editor of

COPPIED FROM PIGG RIVER CHURCH HISTORY

Brother George W. Kelly united by letter (church not stated) at the Sept. meeting 1819, and was licensed to exercise by his church, and a presbytery consisting of Joseph Pedigo and Moses Greer ordained him the 4th Saturday in September, 1833. Elder Joseph Pedigo died Dec. 1, 1837. Then Elder George W. Kelly was chosen Pastor at the July meeting, 1838. This Elder continued to serve the church till the 4th Saturday in September, 1862. He resigned as Pastor and the church requested Elder John C. Hall to serve them, and he agreed (Elder George W. Kelly died Nov. 17, 1878.

On 4th Saturday in July 1853, the Presbytery consisting of Elder George W. Kelly and Arnold Walker, was called and met at the Oct. meeting and ordained John Trout as deacon.

from Elder Lane Carter, Calloway, VA

Floyd

Church was organized March
Salem, Virginia, with the
Presbyterian Church.
Mrs. Paulus Winter, Mrs.
A. J. Evans, Mrs. Jack-
Lewis F. Woltz, William
from the church of South
es M. Wilson; from the
udge John Merritt. Mrs.
ived on examination. Dr.
and Judge John Merritt
served as ruling elder
1856. J. M. Wilson serv-
Rodgersville, Tenn., in the

Church had no regular pastor
May 4, 1866. He was a
ery. He ended his pas-

letter May 4, 1866, when
Dillon was elected as

der on Nov. 19, 1867, and
ed to Hillsville, Virginia.
Harris took charge of the
til Aug. 20, 1882, when

of the church as pas-
e year 1887.

the church during

ept. 1, 1889, and he
March 22, 1910.

Harris, a church was
the Jacksonville Church
there, and this

gation was active until shortly before Mr. Harris' death in 1910. Some members moved away, others died over the years and, as the church building was in bad condition, it was decided that the remaining members move their membership back to the parent church.

After the death of Mr. Harris the church was without a pastor for several months, when Rev. J. Kenton Parker was called and held the pastorate for a short time until he was called to the mission field.

For some time the church was under the management of the Home Missions, when Rev. R. Gamble See took charge of the field in and around the Jacksonville Church. During his pastorate a new church was built in place of the Turtle Rock church known as Harvestwood, named for three of the influential families in the neighborhood of the church: Harvey, Vest and Wood. At this place there is a good congregation.

Another preaching point with a good congregation is the Harris-Cannaday School, a mission school run by the Presbytery of The Harrison Mountain Schools, which takes in Shooting Creek School and other preaching points.

Dillon's Chapel is another preaching point with a good congregation. This chapel was named for Henry Dillon who faithfully served the church as ruling elder for many years.

THE PRIMITIVE BAPTISTS

In 1832 there was a general division among the Baptists in this country, those who espoused the doctrine of universal atonement and special application, which was introduced among Baptists by Andrew Fuller in Kettering, England, in 1792, and was a modern doctrine as applied to Baptists, and became known as "New School," or Modern Baptists, and those who held the ancient doctrine of special atonement and special application, according to the election of grace, became known as "Old School," or Primitive Baptists, hence the name

other sections of the country.

This church never having regarded an educated ministry as an essential requirement to the administration of the gospel according to the scriptures, have always received their ministers as called of God from among the brethren, and so of Him as to make their ministry such as He designed, therefore such as the people require to supply their need. Therefore, the Primitive Baptists have no schools of human learning in which to educate men to preach, however they have them as a church at large, men as thoroughly educated, the ordained elders, as the schools of our country produce.

We do not believe in men being sent of men to go and preach and yet in their ministry there are those who travel as far as fifteen thousand miles during a single year and preach. The churches in Floyd are not behind in this respect. They as a rule, believe that those who preach the gospel should live of the gospel—that is should live with, and of the people of which the brethren are blessed of the Lord, and yet they are not inclined to evade the divine injunction that he shall eat bread in the sweat of his face.

New River Association was constituted in 1794, and was divided into two associations for convenience sake, churches west, retaining the old name, "New River" and 10 churches east adopting the name, "Smith's River."

There are fourteen organized churches in the County of which follows: Salem, Pine Creek, West Fork, County Line, Pine Creek, Pine Forest, and Thomas Grove which belong to the New River Association; and Indian Creek, White Oak, Laurel Creek, Little Flock, Conners Grove, Greasy Creek, and Mountain View which belong to the New River

Salem

That first called Little River, is the oldest Baptist church in the county, having been constituted in 1784. Elder Edward was the first pastor of this church, who was

Primitive Baptist Ministers

These are first given liberty to speak in the bounds of the church where his membership is. Upon evidence of a gift to teach, he is licensed to make appointments wherever a door may be opened, and upon further evidence of aptness to teach and of general fitness of character he is ordained by a Presbytery of Elders, two or three, to the full functions of the Gospel ministry, and is called an elder, who according to his gift may fill the place of either of the gifts set forth in the Scriptures without the acquirement of a higher office, therefore they have none higher than elder. They do not use or recognize the title of "Reverend" as applied to men, believing it only applies to Him whose name is Holy and who only inhabiteth eternity, to whom it is applied but once in all the Scriptures.

Of some of the elders who have served the above churches or lived in the County of Floyd, I would briefly speak.

William Howard

This father in Israel was among the first to enter this part of the country, having been a constituent member of Salem, the oldest church in the county. When our public highways were mere Indian trails, and neighbors lived far apart, and those of like faith with him were few, this faithful man of God served with untiring energy in the cause of his gracious Master, planting at distant points, organizations which stand today to his memory, proving the genuineness of his call to the work and his labors of love in the Lord.

Peter Howard

Elder Peter Howard, son of Elder William Howard, succeeded his father in the service of churches, and long and faithfully did the work assigned to him, leaving the good savor of his name, which though he be dead yet speaketh peace by Jesus Christ, whom he preached.

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The One Hundred and Eight Men who lived for one year on Roanoke Island in Virginia, the First English Settlement in America. 1585-1586

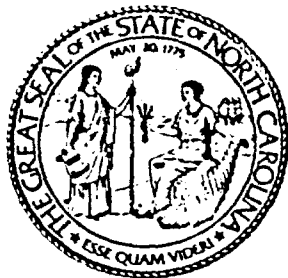
Master Philip Amadas	Edward Nugent	Christopher Lowde
Master Harriot	→ <u>Edward Kelley</u>	Jeremie Mayne
Master Acton	John Costigo	James Mason
Master Edward Stafford	Erasmus Clefs	David Salter
Thomas Luddington	Edward Ketcheman	Richard Ireland
Master Marvyn	John Linsey	Thomas Bookener
Master Cardiner	Thomas Rottenbury	William Philips
Captain Vaughan	Roger Deane	Randall Mayne
Master Kendall	John Harris	James Skinner
Master Prideaux	Francis Norris	George Eseven
Robert Holecroft	Matthew Lyne	John Chandelcer
Rise Courtenay	Edward Kettell	Philip Blount
Master Hugh Rogers	Thomas Wisse	Richard Poore
Master Thomas Harvie	Robert Biscoombe	Robert Yonge
Master Snelling	William Backhouse	Marmaduke Constable
Master Anthony Rowse	William White	Thomas Heskett
Master Allyne	Henry Potkin	William Wasse
Master Michael Polison	Dennis Barnes	John Fever
John Cage	Joseph Gorges	Daniel
Thomas Parre	Dougham Gannes	Thomas Taylor
William Randes	William Tenche	Richard Humfrey
Geffrey Churchman	Randall Latham	John White
William Farthow	Thomas Hulme	Gabriel North
John Taylor	Walter Mill	Bennet Chappell
Philip Robyns	Richard Gilbert	Richard Sayre
Thomas Philips	Steven Ponarie	James Lacie
Valentine Beale	John Brock	Smolkin
Thomas Foxe	Bennet Harrie	Thomas Smart
Darby Glende	James Stevenson	Robert
Master Ralph Lane	Charles Stevenson	John Evans
Roger Large	Edward Seclamore	Silvester Beching
Humfrey Garden	John Anwike	Vincent Cheyne
Francis Whitton	Christopher Marshall	Hance Walters
Rowland Griffyn	David Williams	Edward Barecombe
William Millard	Nicholas Swabber	Thomas Skueclabs
John Twit	Edward Chipping	William Walters

This list was copied from a book entitled:
Roanoke Hundred, A Novel by Mrs. Inglis Fletcher.
 Bobbs-Merrill Co., Indianapolis and New York, 1948.

The book is historical fiction, based on factual information.
 The list is authentic.

State of North Carolina

Department of
Art, Culture and History
Office of Archives and History



This is to certify that the following is an accurate
copy from records in the official custody of the North
Carolina State Archives.

From: Muster Rolls of the Soldiers of the War of 1812:

Detached From the Militia of North Carolina, in 1812 and 1814.

Page: 45

Name of Federally detached unit: Seventh Regiment, Fourth Company

How Organized: Requisition of the President of the United States in
virtue of an Act of Congress of the 10th of April, 1812.

State Unit from which detached: 7th and 11th Brigades

County militia from which detached: Fourth Rowan Regiment

Soldier's number: 10

Rank: third corporal

Name: George Kelly

Other information: [None.]

Raleigh, North Carolina

January 24, 1978

Shanton M. Hutchins
Director, Division of
Archives and Records

November 26, 1976

GEORGE KELLY

Received record from National Archives for George Kelly, War of 1812.

The information on this record shows that George Kelly was a musician, with Captain John Frost's Co. of Infantry, in the North Carolina Militia belonging to the Regiment commanded by Col. Jesse A. Pearson.

Since a regiment in a state militia was probably small, it would seem that his designation as "musician" probably means that he was the Bugler for Pearson's Regiment.

George Kelly's name appears on the Company Muster Roll for February 1, 1814 to March 28, 1814. This roll was dated at Fort Hawkins, March 28, 1814.

His service commenced on February 1, 1814 and was to be engaged for six months. However, the record shows that he was discharged from the North Carolina Militia because he enlisted in the U.S. Services, March 27, 1814.

The National Archives did not indicate having any further record of George Kelly's service in the War of 1812. Since he enlisted in the United States Services, a further record of his service must exist, and an attempt will be made to locate this record and obtain a copy.

Further information sent by the National Archives shows that George Celley was a musician with Captain John Frost's Company of Infantry, 7th Regiment North Carolina Detached Militia for the War of 1812, as his name appears on the Company Pay Roll for February 1 to September 4, 1814. The pay roll was not dated. It shows that his service commenced on February 1, 1814, and that the date of expiration of service or date of discharge was March 27, 1814. It shows that his term of service was 1 month and 27 days. At the rate of pay of \$9.00 per month, he was to receive \$16.54 for his service.

These records, with the surname spelled in different ways, indicate that future search for records of the Kelley family should also include searches for the surname spelled as follows:

Kelley	Celley
Kelly	Celly

Paula Hard

These records have to be confirmed with records in North Carolina, to verify that this George Kelly was our ancestor.

7
(Pearson's.)

N. C.
Militia.

George Kelly

Captain John Frost's Co. of Inf.,
North Carolina Militia belonging to
Reg't commanded by Col. Jesse A.
Pearson.

(War of 1812.)

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for *Feb 1 to Mar 28*, 1814.

Roll dated *Fort Mifflin*

Mar 28, 1814.

Commencement of service, *Feb 1*, 1814.

For what time engaged, *Six months*

Present or absent, ...

Mileage, ...

Remarks: *Discharged by*

Enlistment in U.S. Service

24 March 1814

7
(Pearson's.)

N. C.
Militia.

George Kelly

Capt. John Frost's Company of
Infantry, 7 Reg't North Carolina
Detached Militia.

(War of 1812.)

Appears on

Company Pay Roll

for *Feb 1 to Sept 4*, 1814.

Roll dated *Not dated*, 1814.

Commencement of service, *Feb 1*, 1814.

Expiration of service or } *Nov 7* 1814.
date of discharge,

Term of service charged, *1* months, *27* days.

Pay per month, *9* dollars.

Amount of pay, *16* dollars, *54* cents.

For traveling to place rendezvous, and from place of
discharge home:

No. miles traveling, ...

No. days for traveling, ...

Subsistence for traveling, ... dollars, ... cents.

Pay for traveling, ... dollars, ... cents.

Amount for mileage, ... dollars, ... cents.

Aggregate amount due, *16* dollars, *54* cents.

Remarks:

(CONFEDERATE.)

N | 24 | Va.

Joseph P. Kelly
Pvt., Co. A, 24 Reg't Virginia Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for *Jan'y & Feby*, 1863.
dated Mch 8, 1863

Mustered into service:

When *Mar 12*, 1862.

Where *Florida G.H.*

By whom *H. Perkins*

Period *3*

Last paid:

By whom

To what time *No pay rec'd*, 1862.

Present or absent

Remarks: *Died in Dec 1862*

Book mark:

(042)

487

C. N. Ellis
Copyist.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL RECORDS AND HEALTH STATISTICS
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Transcript of a record of death secured by the Commissioner of the Revenue between 1853 and 1896 as required by Chapter 104, Page 846, Section 21, Code of 1873, Acts of 1852, and now in the keeping of the Virginia Bureau of Vital Statistics, in accordance with Chapter 118, Page 226, Acts of 1918.

Place of death _____
County of Floyd Page ----- Line No. 24
Magisterial
District of Second
or
City of -----

Name of deceased George Keley

Color White Sex Male Age 84 yrs., 8 mos., 8 days

Date of death February --, 1879 Place -----

Cause of death -----

Names of parents John & Elizabeth Kelly

Birthplace of deceased Slakes County, North Carolina

Occupation -----

Consort of Elizabeth Kelly

Name and relation of informant M. Kelley - Son

Commissioner of the Revenue John Dickerson

Filed by the Clerk of the Court in the State Office Between 1879 & 1896

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the record on file in the Virginia Bureau of Vital Statistics. Witness my hand and the Seal of the Bureau of Vital Statistics at Richmond, Virginia, this 29th day of December, 19 77.

Jay L. Chandler
Assistant State Registrar.

OBITUARY OF ELDER GEORGE W. KELLY

By request of the family of the deceased, I send you the following obituary for publication in the LANDMARK:

Elder George W. Kelly departed this life at his residence in Floyd County, Va., Nov. 17, 1878. He was born in the State of North Carolina on the 9th day of March, 1794, and was therefore 84 years, 8 months, 8 days old at the time of his death. He was the son of James and Elizabeth Kelly, of Strokes County, N.C. Whether his parents were professors of religion or not is unknown to the writer. Elder Kelly had too or three brothers who were preachers, one of them a Missionary Baptist, the others Primitive Baptists. Elder Kelly was, in his youth, quite a small and weakly man, but not withstanding his weakly condition he enlisted as a soldier in the army, and was under General Andrew Jackson, and participated in the famous Battle of New Orleans. After the battle was fought, he was stricken down with disease, and to all human appearance came near dying, but upon recovery and being discharged, made his way back to his home in North Carolina, and there he was smitten by the Spirit of the Living God, and after a deep and pungent conviction was led by the Spirit to the foot of the Cross, and found peace with God in the year 1816.

How long he remained out of the church is not known by the family, but it could not have been very long. He joined the church at Clear Spring, N.C. and was baptized by Elder John Wilson of whom he always spoke in high terms.

After his union with the church he moved to Franklin County, Va., where on the 23rd day of December 1819 he married his first wife, Miss Sarah Webster, by whom he had ten children, 7 boys and 3 girls. Five of his sons and two of his daughters are yet living.

The same year of his marriage to Miss Webster he joined the church by letter at Pig River Meeting House in Franklin County. With this church he continued up to his death.

The Missionary Spirit had not troubled the Baptist Church up to the time of his union with Pig River Church. Shortly after union within this church he became impressed with the belief that it was his duty to preach but kept the matter to himself. But the Lord worketh all things after the counsel of his own will, and while he would not reveal his thoughts to his brethren, the Lord impressed the church to request him to exercise his feelings in a public way, and he commanded by opening meeting by prayer, and as the Master directed he continued to exhort and warn his fellow man, much to the comfort of the church, which soon licensed him to preach, for his gift improved and the church saw that it was of God as they believed.

His ordination was asked for in the year 1833. He was ordained to the work the 4th Saturday in September 1833, by Elder Moses Green¹ and Joseph Pedigo. Of these old Soldiers of the Cross Elder Kelly always spoke with pride. After ordination he traveled and preached in several states. He not withstanding labored at home for the support of his family and by honest industry acquired an ample support. He was licensed by the Court to solemnize

¹Probably Elder Moses Greer.

marriages January 6, 1834, and up to the time of his death he had united in marriages upwards of 800 couples. He served as pastor of the churches at Pig River, Little Creek, Buck Creek and others, was regular in attendance at his different appointments, visited a great number of associations and always counseled for peace.

In the year 1846 he lost his wife but God had blessed him with beautiful daughters, who kept house for him so that he mourned her loss yet he continued to blow the Gospel Trumpet in Zion. He was chosen moderator of the Pig River Association in August 1850. And in the discharge of his duties as moderator probably no man could have been more faithful. He held the high station in the association until it was his pleasure to resign on account of partial deafness and other infirmities.

He married his second wife, Mrs. Mary Green² in the year 1856. They had no children. Probably no man of the 19th century ever stood more firm in the doctrine of salvation by grace. He had no fellowship for the new fangled schemes introduced among the Baptist in the present century; but when these peace and union dividing heresies were troubling the church, he stood as firm as a rock, and when the time had fully come for the church to declare non-fellowship with the unscriptural and God dishonoring schemes of man's divisions he stood firm. Elder Kelly stood on the platform, and never swerved to the right or left. The golden bait of popularity had no charms for him.

His Master's honor and glory was uppermost in his mind and next to it was the union of the churches. The slanderer's tongue nor the scorner's frowns did not stop him for a moment. He gloried not save in the Cross of Jesus Christ. The latter part of his ministry seemed to be the brightest. The remark was often made by professor and non-professor that as he advanced in years he also advanced in the ministry. He was partially blind for a number of years before his death, a portion of the time nearly entirely so, but with a guide he still went on and preached the glorious gospel.

But now his work here is over, his brethern will hear his voice in counsel no more, his Master has bidden him to come up higher. He attended the last session of the Nayo Association held at Sugar Tree, spoke his last words of counsel to that association and preached his last sermon at Leatherwood Church in Henry County and then returned to his home to die, told his beloved wife that, "The world had no more use for him, nor have I for it." Said to the physician when he asked if he wanted to get well, "I am willing to get well or I am willing to die."

He was perfectly sensible to the last. In his death the writer has lost a friend, indeed a brother beloved, the association a wise counsellor, the churches a sound and faithful minister, his wife a kind husband and his children a loving father, the poor a benefactor, and the community a good citizen. May the good Lord bless his afflicted family and sanctify the affliction to their good. May the churches be blessed with another to fill his place clothed with double portions of the spirit, if God wills.

His funeral was attended by a large number of friends and brethern who showed how deep they felt their loss by their tears.

The writer tried to preach on the occasion from 2nd Timothy, 4th Chapter, 6th to 9th verses, inclusive, after which his body was deposited in his family burial grounds, where it waits for the summon in the morning of the resurrection. Peace to his ashes.

J. C. Hall

KELLEY FAMILY BULLETIN

April 1978

This "Bulletin" will probably not be issued on a regular basis, but only when new information is found that relates to the Kelley Family. That could be once a month, or once every other month.

The material in this report is not specifically about our own Kelley Family, because at the moment we are stalled. The enclosed information, however, contains the kinds of "clues" we need in order to learn more about our family.

This xeroxed information was copied from:

O'Brien, Michael J. A Hidden Phase of American History. Ireland's Part in America's Struggle for Liberty. New York: 1919.
Reprinted, Baltimore: Genealogical Publishing Co., 1973.

This is an excellent book, which might be available in your local library. The Call No. would be: (Dewey system) 973.3'46 or (Library of Congress system) E269.16023 1973.

The Chapter entitled "Early Irish Settlers in the Carolinas" was copied because our Kelley Family is known to have come from Stokes County, North Carolina. This Chapter also mentions several books that would make interesting reading, mostly concerning the history of North Carolina. Books of this type should be examined for further clues and possible biographies of family members. Many regional history books contain brief histories of the early families of the area.

Also enclosed are copies of portions of the Appendix of this book, which lists all of the men who served and Non-Commissioned Officers and Enlisted men, named Kelly (or Kelley, Kaley, Killey, O'Kelley, McKelly, etc.) in the American Army and Navy of the Revolution. It is highly probable that one of these men is our ancestor, but at the present time we do not have enough information to take us back to the Revolution--at least not yet.

Progress in research on the Kelley Family at present:

We are awaiting a reply from the Stokes County, North Carolina Historical Society. We requested assistance from anyone with a knowledge of the history of the County, someone familiar with the early families of Stokes County, who would be willing to correspond with us. If we can supply historical information that the Historical Society does not have, they may be willing to help us.

When the next "Bulletin" arrives in your mailbox, simply add the pages to this booklet. The holes will be punched.

At any time that you notice an error in these Bulletins, especially an error in a date, name, or place, be sure to let me know. None of the information supplied in these Bulletins is meant to be "the last word," and is always ready to stand corrected.

Paula

Information to be shared with other family members should be sent to:
Paula Kelley Ward, 800 Northwest 15th Street, Minot, North Dakota 58701.

KELLEY FAMILY BULLETIN

March 1978

Notes concerning the following papers:

The letter from Raymond E. Kelly, 44 Circle Drive, Charleston, Illinois 61920 was unsolicited and I was very surprised when I received it. My name must be in several genealogy publications that I don't even know about. I thought it was very nice of this man to take the time to send me his family information, and I am going to send him a brief summary of ours. I hope I hear from more people.

The official certificate from the State of North Carolina showing that George Kelly was a third corporal, Fourth Rowan Regiment, etc., cost \$5.00. This particular George Kelly may not be our ancestor, but the only way to find out is to order these records and compare them with others. There were at least two George Kelly's from North Carolina in the War of 1812, from what I can determine so far. I will correspond with the Stokes County, North Carolina Historical Society to try to locate a genealogist there who can help me. There must be historical information about Stokes County which mentions early families of the area.

The copy of the death record from Richmond has numerous errors, but this is definitely our ancestor, George W. Kelley. Death records like these cost \$2.00 each. The errors include: Kelley spelled three different ways (Keley, Kelly, Kelley); date of death should be: 17 November 1878; Names of his parents: this is a puzzle. According to his eulogy, which is detailed and seems to be more acceptable as a source than this record of his death, his parents' names were James and Elizabeth Kelley. Name and relation of informant: M. Kelley, Son would be Moses Kelley. Birthplace of deceased: Stokes County, North Carolina. (There is no such place as Slakes County, North Carolina, indicating that part of the reason for all the errors on this record could be the fact that the person reading the original record could not read old handwriting.)

The Federal Census for 1800, Stokes County and Surry County, North Carolina was taken from the microfilm which I received from Denver through inter-library loan. Not many Kelley's were there and one of them has to be our ancestor. We still need more information to determine which one, but most likely his name was James, according to the eulogy we have for George W. Kelley.

Last, but not least, is the self-explanatory list of The One Hundred and Eight Men who lived for one year on Roanoke Island in Virginia, the First English Settlement in America, 1585-1586 - showing that even a Kelley was there! This man is probably not our ancestor, but those Kelley boys were everywhere.

Paula

Information to be shared with other family members should be sent to:
Paula Kelley Ward, 800 Northwest 15th Street, Minot, North Dakota 58701.

KELLEY FAMILY BULLETIN

15 April 1978

Kelley Cousins Find Each Other

The descendants of two branches of the Kelley family have reached out across the years and found each other.

About 162 years ago, in 1816, George W. Kelley said good-bye to his brother at their Stokes County, North Carolina home and headed north for Virginia. His brother, Jeremiah Lewis Kelley, packed up his family sometime before 1820 and set out to make his home in Ohio County, Kentucky. Their parents, James and Elizabeth Kelley, had left Stokes County about 1814 and settled in the southwestern part of Breckinridge County, Kentucky, on Rough Creek near the mouth of a small creek called Pon Run. In addition to George and Jeremiah there were five other brothers and three sisters.

Three of the Kelley brothers became prominent Baptist preachers: George, in Floyd County, Virginia; Lewis, in Trigg County, Kentucky; and Jeremiah, in Ohio County, Kentucky.

Mrs. Dorothy J. Turner of Heber City, Utah is a descendant of Jeremiah; Mrs. Paula Kelley Ward of Minot, North Dakota is a descendant of George. They have found each other with the help of a genealogical publication called THE RIDGE RUNNERS which is published in Utah. THE RIDGE RUNNERS* provides help for people with ancestors from Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky, or Tennessee. A copy of Dorothy Turner's letter accompanies this Kelley Family Bulletin.

Amherst County Birthplace

In the obituary of George W. Kelley it is stated that he was born in the State of North Carolina on the 9th day of March, 1794, and that he was the son of James and Elizabeth Kelley of Stokes County, N.C. However, in the 1850 Floyd County, Virginia Federal Census, George W. Kelley's birthplace is shown as: Amherst County, Virginia. The 1860 Federal Census for Floyd Co., Va. does not show the county of birth, but according to this census, George was born in Virginia. A copy of his death record was ordered from Richmond, Virginia, and along with several other errors, this stated that he was born in "Slakes County, North Carolina," and of course there is no such place, and the copyist misread the original record as "Slakes" instead of "Stokes."

Where was George W. Kelley born? A record of his birth has not yet been located, but Amherst County, Virginia seems to be the place to search. This is the same conclusion which Dorothy Turner came to, in her research of the same family. It appears that the parents, James and Elizabeth Kelley, were married in Amherst County. The following record was found:

Kelley, James and Elizabeth Sledd, both single. 6 November 1787.
Surety, William Sledd. Her father, John Sledd.

Another Kelley marriage which took place in Amherst County, Virginia is of interest to us because this is probably James Kelley's brother:

*Subscription is \$15.00 per year.

Kelley, Benjamin, bachelor and Nancy Jarrell, spinster.
2 March 1790. James Kelley, surety. Her father,
David Jarrell.

In these old records of Marriage Bonds, the following assumptions can be made:

- When the name of the father is given, the bride or groom was under 21 years of age.
- If the mother gave consent, the father was deceased.
- If a guardian gave consent, the chances are that both parents were deceased, although a child of fourteen could select his own guardian in the event the father was deceased; otherwise the court often appointed a guardian for the children under fourteen. The mother was usually made guardian of her children.

If we assume that James Kelley was not 21 and therefore needed a guardian's consent when he was married in 1787, and then see that he gave consent for Benjamin, his brother, to be married in 1790, we can assume that James was at least 21 years old in 1790. This would place his birth approximately in 1769.

Federal Census records have been used to follow these two brothers as they moved from one state to another. The following is only a preliminary analysis and may stand in need of correction when documentary evidence is found:

It appears that Benjamin and Nancy Kelley moved to North Carolina soon after they were married in Amherst Co., Va. James and Elizabeth Kelley did not leave Virginia until 1798 or 1799 when they moved to Stokes County, North Carolina. They are listed in the 1800 Federal Census in Stokes County with eight children. Their two youngest children, one of whom was William S. Kelley, were born in Stokes County. About the year 1814, James and Elizabeth Kelley and most of their children moved to Breckinridge County, Kentucky. Benjamin and Nancy Kelley, according to family tradition, moved to Kentucky also. Some of the older children of James and Elizabeth Kelley stayed in Stokes County, North Carolina. George W. Kelley did not leave Stokes County until 1816 when he moved to Franklin County, Virginia. Jeremiah Kelley then left Stokes County and moved his family to Ohio County, Kentucky, sometime before 1820.

We might as well pause here to speculate on why George W. Kelley moved to Franklin County, Va., in approximately 1816. He did not marry until 23 December 1819, in Franklin County. Perhaps he lived with relatives who had settled in Franklin County. In the 1810 Federal Census for Franklin County, two Kelley families are listed: John Kelley and wife with five children; and William Kelley and his wife who were both over 45 years of age. It is possible that either John Kelley or William Kelley or both were relatives of George W. Kelley. Information will have to be gathered concerning these two early Franklin County Kelley families in order to determine if there was a relationship.

Maps

Maps of Virginia, North Carolina and Kentucky are included with this Kelley Family Bulletin. These maps were xeroxed from: E. Kay Kirkham. A GENEALOGICAL AND HISTORICAL ATLAS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

NAME **Ala Kelley Ward**
 ADDRESS **000 Northwest 15th Street**
 STREET ADDRESS
Minot, North Dakota 58701
 CITY STATE

NO. 1 ON THIS CHART IS
 THE SAME PERSON AS NO.
 ON CHART NO.

2 Frasier Edgar KELLEY

BORN 20 Dec 1889
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 15 Feb 1911
 DIED 10 Jan 1950
 WHERE Floyd Co VA

Alvia Sharon KELLEY

BORN 4 April 1927
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 2)
 DIED
 WHERE

NAME OF HUSBAND OR WIFE

- 1) Lora Sue Winner
- 2) Mary Lou BURGESS

3 Minnie F. PETERS

BORN 24 June 1888
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 DIED 21 Mar 1968
 WHERE Roanoke VA

4 Homer H. KELLEY

BORN 4 Aug 1857
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 16 Jan 1889
 DIED 21 Nov 1923
 WHERE Floyd Co VA

5 Roscoe E. INGRAM

BORN 2 Oct 1868
 WHERE Lee (W.VA. or OKLA?)
 DIED 14 Jan 1937
 WHERE Floyd Co VA

6 Jehu H. PETERS

BORN 22 Oct 1844
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 12 Dec 1867
 DIED 7 Jan 1923
 WHERE Floyd Co VA

7 Mary Jane PETERS

BORN 9 June 1852
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 DIED 21 April 1920
 WHERE Floyd Co VA

Joseph P. KELLEY

BORN ca. 1829
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 25 Dec 1849
 DIED June 1862
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 9 Sarah Catherine PAYNE
 BORN 31 Aug 1826
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 DIED 27 Aug 1892
 WHERE Floyd Co VA

10 William L. INGRAM

BORN 16 May 1844
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 16 May 1866
 DIED 1 Aug 1912
 WHERE Floyd Co VA
 11 Sarah R. TURNER
 BORN 5 Oct 1840
 WHERE
 DIED 2 Oct 1868
 WHERE Lee (W.VA. or OKLA?)

12 Willis PETERS

BORN 28 April 1808
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 21 Mar 1829
 DIED 30 Mar 1882
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 13 Ruth SMITH
 BORN 16 Sept 1809
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 DIED 4 July 1884
 WHERE Franklin Co VA

14 Zachariah PETERS

BORN 14 May 1822
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 WHEN MARRIED 3 Dec 1846
 DIED 15 Feb 1899
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 15 Alley HALE
 BORN 20 Jan 1826
 WHERE Franklin Co VA
 DIED 29 Aug 1862
 WHERE Franklin Co VA

16 George W. KELLEY CHART NO.

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

17 Sarah WEBSTER

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

18 Lewis PAYNE

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

19 Elizabeth Hansford BOWEN

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

20 Elkanah T. INGRAM

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

21 Matilda A. WILLIS

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

24 Zacharias PETERS

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

25 Kessiah LIVELY

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

26 Gideon SMITH, Jr.

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

27 Nancy RAKES

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

28 Jordan N. PETERS

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

29 Mary TROUP

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

30 William HALE

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

31 Sarah WADE

ABOVE NAME CONTINUED ON CHART

Name of Compiler Paula Kelley Ward

Address 800 NW 15th St.

City, State Minot ND 58701

Date April 1978

Ancestor Chart

Person No. 1 on this chart is the same
person as No. _____ on chart No. _____

Chart No. 1

4 Homer H. KELLEY

b. 4 Aug 1857 (Father of No. 2)
p.b. Floyd Co VA
m. 16 Jan 1889 Floyd Co VA
d. 21 Nov 1923
p.d. Floyd Co VA

2 Frazier Edgar KELLEY

b. 20 Dec 1889 (Father of No. 1)
p.b. Floyd Co VA
m. 15 Feb 1911 Floyd Co VA
d. 10 Jan 1950
p.d. Floyd Co VA

5 Nora E. INGRAM

b. 2 Oct 1868 (Mother of No. 2)
p.b. Lee WVA
d. 14 Jan 1937
p.d. Floyd Co VA

Alvis Sharon KELLEY

b. 4 April 1927
p.b. Floyd Co VA
m. 2) Mary Lou
d.
p.d.

6 Jehu H. PETERS

b. 22 Oct 1844 (Father of No. 3)
p.b. Franklin Co VA
m. 12 Dec 1867
d. 7 Jan 1923
p.d. Floyd Co VA
Civil War service

3 Minnie F. PETERS

b. 24 June 1888 (Mother of No. 1)
p.b. Floyd Co VA
d. 21 Mar 1968
p.d. Roanoke VA

7 Mary Jane PETERS

b. 9 June 1852 (Mother of No. 3)
p.b. Franklin Co VA
d. 21 Apr 1920
p.d. Floyd Co VA

Mary Lou

(Spouse of No. 1)

8 Joseph P. KELLEY

b. 1829 (Father of No. 4)
p.b. Franklin Co VA
m. 24 Dec 1849 Floyd Co VA
d. Dec 1862
p.d. Floyd Co VA
Civil War service
Sarah Catherine PAYNE (Mother of No. 4)

b. 31 Aug 1826
p.b. Floyd Co VA
d. 27 Aug 1892
p.d. Floyd Co VA

10 William L. INGRAM

b. 16 May 1844 (Father of No. 5)
p.b. Floyd Co VA
m. 16 May 1866
d. 1 Aug 1912
p.d. Floyd Co VA
Civil War Pensioner
Sarah R. TURNER (Mother of No. 5)

b. 5 Oct 1840
p.b.
d. 2 Oct 1868
p.d. Lee WVA

12 Willis PETERS

b. 28 Apr 1808 (Father of No. 6)
p.b. Franklin Co VA
m. 21 Mar 1829
d. 30 Mar 1882
p.d. Franklin Co VA

13 Ruth SMITH

b. 16 Sept 1809 (Mother of No. 6)
p.b. Franklin Co VA
d. 4 July 1884
p.d. Franklin Co VA

14 Zachariah PETERS

b. 14 May 1822 (Father of No. 7)
p.b. Franklin Co VA
m. 3 Dec 1846
d. 15 Feb 1899
p.d. Franklin Co VA
Civil War service
Alley HALE (Mother of No. 7)

b. 20 Jan 1826
p.b. Franklin Co VA
20 Aug 1860

16 George W. KELLEY

b. 9 Mar 1794 (Father of No. 8)
m. 23 Dec 1819
d. 17 Nov 1878
Sarah WEBSTER (Mother of No. 8)
Cont. on chart No. 3

18 Lewis PAYNE

b. 7 May 1792 (Father of No. 9)
m. 21 Dec 1820
d. 1860
Cont. on chart No. 4

19 Elizabeth Hansford BOWEN

b. 18 Oct 1803 (Mother of No. 9)
d. 1879
Cont. on chart No. 5

20 Elkanah T. INGRAM

b. Aug/Oct 1814 (Father of No. 10)
m. 19 Apr 1843
d. Dec 28 1861
Cont. on chart No. 6

21 Matilda A. WILLIS

b. 17 Apr 1824 (Mother of No. 10)
d. 27 Aug 1895
Cont. on chart No. 7

22 TURNER

b. (Father of No. 11)
m.
d.
Cont. on chart No. 8

b. (Mother of No. 11)
d.
Cont. on chart No. 9

24 Zacharias PETERS

b. 18 Nov 1794 (Father of No. 12)
d.
Cont. on chart No. 10

25 Kesiah LIVELY

b. (Mother of No. 12)
d.
Cont. on chart No. 11

26 Gideon SMITH, Jr.

b. 30 Sept 1808 (Father of No. 13)
d.
Cont. on chart No. 12

27 Nancy RAKES

b. (Mother of No. 13)
d.
Cont. on chart No. 13

28 Jordan N. PETERS

b. 10 Oct 1796 (Father of No. 14)
m. 6 Oct 1817
d. 14 Oct 1890
Cont. on chart No. 14

29 Mary TROUP

b. 18 May 1799 (Mother of No. 14)
d. 5 Jan 1837
Cont. on chart No. 15

30 William HALE

b. 13 Feb 1816 (Father of No. 15)
d.
Cont. on chart No. 16

31 Sarah WADE

(Mother of No. 15, 17)

Ancestor Chart

Name of Compiler _____

Address _____

City, State _____

Person No. 1 on this chart is the same person as No. 16 on chart No. 1.

Chart No. 2

KELLEY

(Father of No. 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31)

Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Date of Marriage
Date of Death
p.d. Place of Death

4 **KELLEY**
(Father of No. 2)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

2 **James KELLEY**
(Father of No. 1)
b.
p.b.
m. 6 Nov 1787 Amherst Co VA
d.
p.d. KY

5 (Mother of No. 2)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

1) **George W. KELLEY**
b. 9 Mar 1794
p.b. Amherst Co VA
m. 23 Dec 1819 Franklin Co VA
d. 17 Nov 1878
p.d. Floyd Co VA
War of 1812 service

6 **John SLEDD**
(Father of No. 3)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

3 **Elizabeth SLEDD**
(Mother of No. 1)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

7 (Mother of No. 3)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

Sarah WEBSTER

(Spouse of No. 1)
b. 1846
d. Franklin Co VA and Floyd Co VA

8 **KELLEY**
(Father of No. 4)

b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

9 (Mother of No. 4)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

10 (Father of No. 5)

b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

11 (Mother of No. 5)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

12 **SLEDD**
(Father of No. 6)

b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

13 (Mother of No. 6)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

14 (Father of No. 7)

b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

15 (Mother of No. 7)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

16
b.
m.
d.

17 (Mother of No. 8, Cont. on chart No. _____)

18 (Father of No. 9, Cont. on chart No. _____)

19 (Mother of No. 9, Cont. on chart No. _____)

20 (Father of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. _____)

21 (Mother of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. _____)

22 (Father of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. _____)

23 (Mother of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. _____)

24 **SLEDD**
(Father of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. _____)

25 (Mother of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. _____)

26 (Father of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. _____)

27 (Mother of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. _____)

28 (Father of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. _____)

29 (Mother of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. _____)

30 (Father of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. _____)

31 (Mother of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. _____)

Ancestor Chart

Name of Compiler _____

Address _____

City, State _____

Date _____

Person No. 1 on this chart is the same person as No. 17 on chart No. 1

Chart No. 3
WEBSTER

b. Date of Birth
p.b. Place of Birth
m. Date of Marriage
d. Date of Death
p.d. Place of Death

4 **WEBSTER**
(Father of No. 2)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

2 **WEBSTER**
(Father of No. 1)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

5 (Mother of No. 2)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

1) Sarah WEBSTER

b. Franklin Co VA
m. 23 Dec 1819 Franklin Co VA
d. 1846
p.d. Floyd Co VA

6 (Father of No. 3)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

3 (Mother of No. 1)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

7 (Mother of No. 3)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

George W. KELLEY

(Spouse of No. 1)

b. 9 Mar 1794 d. 17 Nov 1878
p.b. Stokes Co NC p.d. Floyd Co VA

8 **WEBSTER**
(Father of No. 4)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

9 (Mother of No. 4)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

10 (Father of No. 5)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

11 (Mother of No. 5)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

12 (Father of No. 6)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

13 (Mother of No. 6)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

14 (Father of No. 7)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

15 (Mother of No. 7)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

16
b.
m.
d.

17 (Mother of No. 8, Cont. on chart No. 1)

18 (Father of No. 9, Cont. on chart No. 1)

19 (Mother of No. 9, Cont. on chart No. 1)

20 (Father of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. 1)

21 (Mother of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. 1)

22 (Father of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. 1)

23 (Mother of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. 1)

24 (Father of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. 1)

25 (Mother of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. 1)

26 (Father of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. 1)

27 (Mother of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. 1)

28 (Father of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. 1)

29 (Mother of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. 1)

30 (Father of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. 1)

31 (Mother of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. 1)

b.
d.

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b.

Ancestor Chart

Name of Compiler _____

Person No. 1 on this chart is the same person as No. 19 on chart No. 1

Address _____

City, State _____

Chart No. 5
BOWEN

(Father of No. 8,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

4 **BOWEN**
(Father of No. 2)

b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

8 **BOWEN**
(Father of No. 4)

b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

(Mother of No. 4)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

16
b.
m.
d.

17
b.
d.

(Mother of No. 8,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

18
b.
m.
d.

(Father of No. 9,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

19
b.
d.

(Mother of No. 9,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

20
b.
m.
d.

HANSFORD
(Father of No. 10,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

21
b.
d.

(Mother of No. 10,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

22
b.
m.
d.

Alexander DONIPHAN

1653

(Father of No. 11,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

23
b.
d.

Margaret MOTT

(Mother of No. 11,
Cont. on chart No. 23)

24
b.
m.
d.

William BALL

(Father of No. 12, 22
Cont. on chart No. _____)

25
b.
d.

(Mother of No. 12,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

26
b.
m.
d.

BRUMFIELD

(Father of No. 13,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

27
b.
d.

(Mother of No. 13,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

28
b.
m.
d.

George PAYNE

(Father of No. 14, 18
Cont. on chart No. _____)

29
b.
d.

ca 1711

WHITE

(Mother of No. 14,
Cont. on chart No. 19)

30
b.
m.
d.

BALL

(Father of No. 15,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

31
b.
d.

(Mother of No. 15,
Cont. on chart No. _____)

2 **Stephen BOWEN**
(Father of No. 1)

b. 1777
p.b.
m. 1800
d. 1856
p.d. Henry Co KY

5 **HANSFORD**
(Mother of No. 2)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

10 **Stephen HANSFORD**

(Father of No. 9)

b.
p.b.
m.
d. 1772
p.d.

11 **Elizabeth DONIPHAN**

(Mother of No. 5)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

1) **Elizabeth Hansford BOWEN**

b. 18 Oct 1803
p.b. Fauquier Co VA
m. 21 Dec 1820
d. 1879
p.d. Floyd Co VA

6 **John BALL**
(Father of No. 3)

b. 2 Oct 1742
p.b. Falmouth VA
m. 6 Nov 1767
d. ca 1806
p.d. Fauquier Co VA

3 **Sarah Ellen BALL**
(Mother of No. 1)

b. 1780
p.b.
d.
p.d. Henry Co KY

7 **Sarah Ellen PAYNE**
(Mother of No. 3)

b. ca 1750
p.b. King George Co VA
d. ca 1824
p.d. Breckenridge Co KY

Lewis PAYNE

(Spouse of No. 1)

b. 7 May 1792 d. 1860

12 **William BALL**

(Father of No. 6)

b.
p.b.
m.
d. 1780
p.d.

13 **Martha BRUMFIELD**

(Mother of No. 6)

b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

14 **William PAYNE**

(Father of No. 7)

b. ca 1702
p.b. Richmond VA
m. 2nd) ca 1750
d. ca 1769
p.d. King George Co VA

15 **Mary BALL(?)**

(Mother of No. 7)

b.
p.b.
d.

A short run down on their lives would include the following:

- husband & wife { 1. Andrew Bailey Cannaday - born Dec. 18, 1822
died May 19, 1912
2. Wife Mary Huff Cannaday - born Oct 14, 1823
Married to A. B. Cannaday - Jan. 5, 1843
- their son & his wife { 3. Son James Martial Cannaday - born - Aug. 14, 1848
died - Nov. 29, 1947
4. Wife Sarah Elizabeth Cannaday born - Feb. 24, 1850
was S. E. Kelley died - Dec. 3, 1911
married to M. Cannaday March 8, 1870.
- A daughter of A. B. C. & M. H. C. { 5. Amanda Cannaday Kelley - born Nov. 3, 186
married John Kelley Brother of Homer Kelley
Sarah Elizabeth Kelley was the sister of A. S. Kelley's grandfather. (Homer Kelley)
Amanda Kelley is living today and on Nov. 3, 1963 she celebrated her 100th birthday. She is now drawing \$1.50 per month from the Daughters of the American Revolution. Through careful research and study by A. S. Kelley, Amanda Kelley now receives this small pension.

The Bible of Grandma Nora Kelley
had this recorded in the Book.

John B. Payne presented this
Testament to Elizabeth K. Payne
in 1858.

Deaths

Sarah C. Kelly	Departed this life	Aug 27, 1892
Elkanah H. Ingram	" "	" Apr 18, 1900
William L. Ingram	" "	" Aug 1, 1912
Sarah E. Cannady	" "	" Dec 3, 1918
Homer H. Kelly	" "	" Nov 21, 1923
Nora E. Kelly	" "	" Jan 14, 1937
Emeline Ingram	" "	" June 18, 1930

Graham Funeral Home

In Loving Remembrance of
Homer H Kelley

Died Nov-20 1923

gone but not forgotten
a precious one from us has gone
a voice we loved is stilled;
a place is vacant in our home,
which never can be filled.

God in His wisdom has recalled,
The boon His love had given,
and though the body slumbers here,
The Soul is safe in Heaven.

Reference: Will Book "E" Pg 221
George W. Kelley - will -

Normer H. Kelley - Son of Sarah C. and Joseph P.
Kelley was born ^{Aug 4, 1857} Feb 4, 1856 and died Nov 21
1923.

Elnora Ellen Ingram - daughter of Sarah R. Turner
and William L. Ingram was born Oct 2, 1868 and
Died Jan 14, 1937

Normer + Elnora were married Jan 16, 1889
Elnora was baptized at Stonewall Baptist
Chrch Oct 4, 1925. she was 57 yrs old.

Tragies Kelley and Minnie Peters married Feb. 15, 1911
Sarah Wilma Kelley + Willard Moran " July 30, 1912
Mary W. Kelley and Luther Peters " March 4, 1914
Joseph Wilson Kelley + Bulah Radford " Aug 29, 1917
Theodore Wilton Kelley + Ora Thomas " Jan 3, 1928
Newbern Graves Kelley + Myrtle Thomas " Sept 1, 1937

This is in Frankema Nora Kelley's Bible.
That Myrtle + Ora Kelley have. They
will not give the Bible to me although
it is not theirs!

GEORGE W. KELLEY - SARAH WEBSTER
Kids

1 ELIZABETH KELLEY NATHAN CONNER

m

2 JAMES KELLEY SALLIE LESTER

SALLIE SOWDER

3 BENJAMIN NOT MARRIED MOVED KENTUCKY

4 JOSEPH PEDIGO KELLEY SARAH KATHERINE PAYNE
m. DEC 25, 1849

5 ANNIE ELIZABETH KELLEY JAMES GRAY

m. JULY 29, 1854

6 GEORGE KELLEY MARRIED IN KENTUCKY

6

7 WILLIAM KELLEY - CHARLOTTE POWELL

8 MOSES KELLEY - CATHERINE CONNER

Joseph Pedigo KELLEY - SARAH PAYNE
(Kids)

SARAH ELIZABETH KELLEY - JAMES M. CANNADAY

GEORGE LOUIS KELLEY

NANCY WALTERS

John Benj KELLEY

AMANDA S. CANNADAY
NOW LIVE IN
SALEM

Jefferson LAFAYETTE KELLEY 1 EMMA KELLEY
2 MIRANDA MARTIN

HOMER HANSTFORD KELLEY - LEONORA INGRAM

JAMES MARION KELLEY - MARY VEST

HOMER HANSFORD KELLEY - LEONORA INGRAM

KIDS - FRAZIER KELLEY - MINNIE PETERS
WILSON KELLEY BULIA LARANCE

NEWBURN KELEY MERT, L THOMAS

THEODORE KELEY ORA THOMAS

SARAH WILMA KELEY
→ 1894 1965

THOMAS WILLARD MORAN
[REDACTED] 1890 JUNE 1, 1971

MARY KELEY

LUTHER PETER

↳ KIDS

DOLLY MORAN
MARY MORAN
ROSETTA MORAN

MARRIED
CLYDE FINNEY
ERVIN HILL (HILL STONE YARD
ROANOKE, VA)
WALTER LARANCE LAMBERT

FRAZIER Edgar KELLEY
DEC 20 1889 JAN 10 1950

MINNIE EVELYN PETERS
JUNE 24, 1888 MAR 21, 1968

1 DALTON BRAMMER KELLEY
MAR 18, 1915

23 ALVIS SHARON KELLEY
APRIL 4. 1927

(Kids) MICHAEL KELLEY
(By first wife) GRACE KELLEY

2 AUSPIN PAUL KELLEY
APRIL 5. 1920
(Kids)

PAULA KELLEY

ROBERT KELLEY

PEGGY KELLEY

RICHARD KELLEY

RUSSELLS B. KELLEYS

KIDS

- 1 SCOTT Morgan KELLEY Roanoke
- 2 ROSS BARRET KELLEY MAR 7, 1973 Roanoke
- 3 KARAMY Noel KELLEY SEPT 21, 1979 Roanoke

RONNIE RAY KELLEY

1. TINA LYNN JULY 9, 1967 - STUTTGART GERMANY
- (Tody) JOSEPH DAVID JULY 26 1968 FORT KNOX KENTUCKY
3. ANA MARIE JUNE 11, 1972 ROANOKE VA.

ELMON L. KELLEY

1. RICKY LEE.
- D. APRIL 15, 1970

MARY ALICE KELLEY KAYS

- CRISTA RENEE MAY 18 1975
KIMBERLY TENESE DEC 4. 1979

ROANOKE VA
" "

ALPHA S. KELLEY CARLYLE

- DALE CURTIS B. MAY 24 1977 ROANOKE VA
BETH RENEE B. NOV 4, 1975 Roanoke VA
ANGELA KATHELEEN B. JULY 15, 1973 Roanoke VA

JULIA E. KELLEY GATES

- DAWN GATES NOV 10, 1976

Roanoke VA

FLOYD MARRIAGE REG. 1850-1863

1 James Gray - ANN ELIZA KELLY Page (36)
Married July 29, 1854

Nathan Conner - Elizabeth Kelly
Dec 8, 1857

JAMES L. KELLY - Sarah Lester
Dec 16, 1850

Joseph P. KELLEY - Sarah PAYNE
Dec 25, 1849
(Thomas G. Shelton)

Moses G. Kelly - Kesiak Conner

*to grant
with grant*
JAMES - (STROKES, N.C.)
ELIZABETH KELLEY

*to grant
note*
(OF FRANKLIN COUNTY)
REV. GEORGE W. KELLEY - SARAH WEBSTER
MARCH 9, 1794 NOV 17, 1878 ~~██████████~~ 1846
(AGE 84) MARRIED DEC 23, 1819 FRANKLIN CO,

to grant
JOSEPH PEDIGO KELLEY - SARAH PAYNE
1829 1862 AUG 31, 1826 AUG 27 1892
MARRIED DEC 25, 1849 FLOYD COUNTY

THOMAS G. SHELOR

not
HOMER H. KELLEY - LEONORA INGRAM
AUG 4 1857 NOV 24, 1923 OCT 2, 1868 JAN 14, 1937
JAN 16, 1889 FLOYD CO. VA.

in
FRAZIER EDGAR KELLEY MINNIE E. PETERS
DEC 20 1889 JAN 10 1950 JUNE 24, 1888 MAR 21, 1968
~~██████~~ FEB. 15 1911, FLOYD CO. VA.

DALTON B. KELLEY - MARY HANNA MARTIN
MAR 18, 1915 AUG 23, 1917

MARRIED DEC 31, 1939 FLOYD CO. VA,
Elmer L. Kelley Kathrine Engle Kelley
JUNE 1, 1943 SEPT 13, 1946

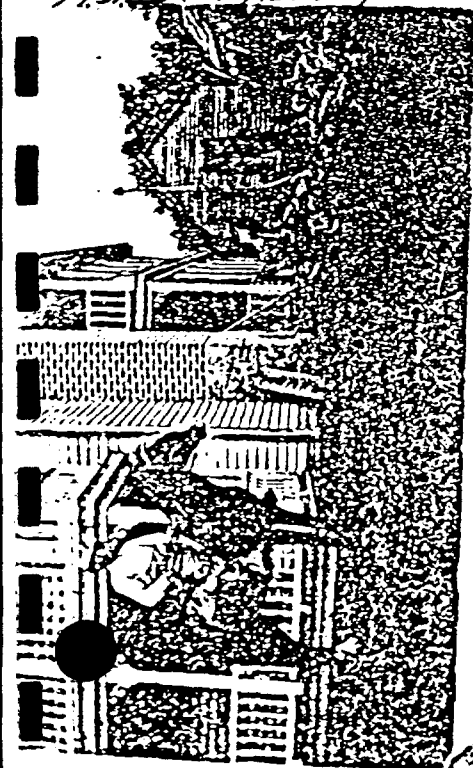
MARRIED FEB. 26 1965,
Midland Baptist Church
Vinton, VA,

KELLEY'S

MARY, WILSON ~~HEARNSHAW~~, WILMA
HOMER H., THEODORE, NEWBURN, NORA ~~FRANZ~~ FRAZER



HOMER H. KELLEY





Sarah Wilma Kelley Moran
Born 1894
Died - 1965

Services For
 MR. THOMAS WILLARD MORAN

1890 - 1971

Services
 Oakey's Roanoke Chapel
 2:30 P. M. Tuesday
 June 1, 1971

Officiating
 Elder William T. Clifton

Interment
 Sherwood Cemetery

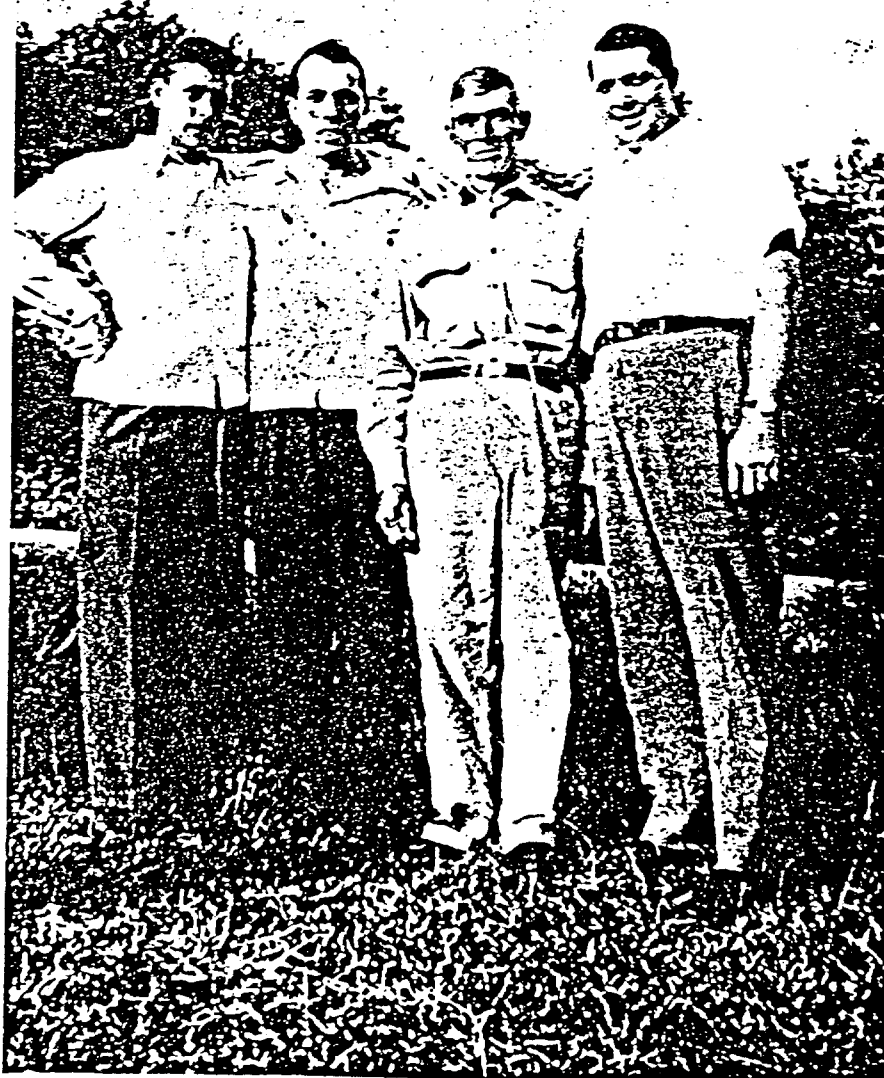
- Surviving -

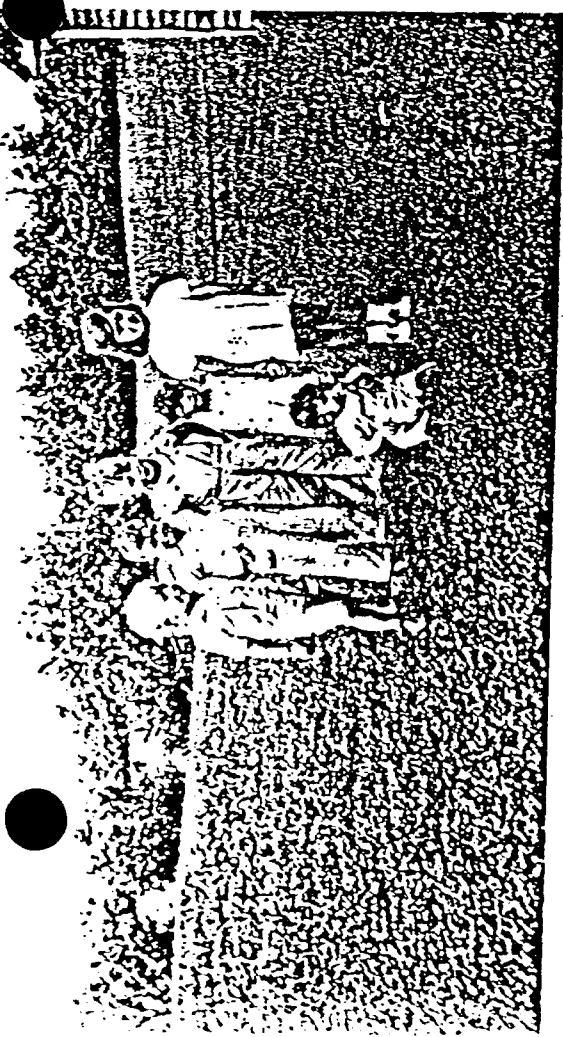
Daughters: Mrs. Clyde T. Finney
 Mrs. Mary Hill
 Mrs. Walter Lambert
 Son: James A. Moran
 Brothers: Rufus Moran
 Bernard Moran
 11 Grandchildren
 9 Great Grandchildren

Crossing The Bar
Sunset and evening star,
And one clear call for me!
And may there be
no moaning of the Bar
When I put out to sea,
For tho' from out our homes
of Time and Place
The flood may bear me far,
I hope to see my Pilot—
face to face,
When I have crost the bar.
— Tennyson

"1948"

Alvis	DALTON	FRAZIER	AWSBORNE
SHARON	BRAMMER	Edgar	PAUL
KELLEY	KELLEY	KELLEY	KELLEY





time and place unknown).

Capt. James Bennet Headen's Company of Reserves: John and Burwell Janney.

Jett

The Jett family of Virginia has been very small in number.

Dr. Jett, an old-time herb doctor, or "Thompsonian doctor," lived near the Buffalo Knob in the west end of the county. One of his sons was Joseph T. Jett, who lived many years in the Head of the River section in the east end of Floyd County. He was a farmer and justice of the peace. His first family of children were in part: John L., Joseph T., Jr. and Annie. John L. married Jennie Dobyns (dau. of Samuel) and lived in Floyd where he raised a large family; one of whom was Dr. Cabell Jett of West Virginia. Joseph T., Jr., married Olivia, daughter of Edward Evans of Floyd County, and was a popular hotel keeper, along with his father; they had no children. Annie married Claude, son of Andrew Stephens, a well-known saddle and harness maker of Floyd. Their children were: Harry L., Percy, Clyde and Joseph.

The second wife of Joseph T. Jett, Sr., was Eliza, a sister of Dr. William Pendleton of Patrick County; their children were: Samuel C., Edgar, Walter and Lula. Dr. Samuel C. Jett, a prominent physician of North Carolina, married Jennie, daughter of Judge Waller L. Howard of Floyd.

Joseph T. Jett spent the greater part of his life in the town of Floyd where he was a merchant, farmer and popular hotel proprietor (Jett Hotel).

Another son of Dr. Jett was Peter, unmarried.

Kelley

Alexander, Benjamin, Garrett, James and William Kelley were Colonial soldiers prior to the Revolutionary War in Virginia. Alexander Kelley was a Captain in the Virginia Militia in Greenbrier County, Virginia, during the Revolutionary War. James, Jesse, John, Gordon, Patrick, Thaddy, Timothy, Thomas and William Kelly were soldiers in the Continental

Army during the Revolutionary War.

Rev. George W. Kelley, a Primitive Baptist minister, who served in the War of 1812 and participated in the Battle of New Orleans, married Sarah Webster of Franklin County, and moved with his family in 1840 to the east end of Floyd County at the top of Daniel's Run. Their children were: 1. Elizabeth married Nathan Conner; 2. James married, first, Sallie Lester, and their children were: Nancy, Sary and George; and, secondly, Sallie Sowder; 3. Benjamin (unmarried) moved to Kenutcky; 4. Joseph Pedigo married Sarah Katherine, daughter of Lewis Payne, the settler; 5. Annie married James Gray, their children were: Mary Elizabeth, Benjamin, John, George, Moses and Cary Louis; 6. George, married in Kenutcky; 7. William married Charlotte Powell, their children were: Mary Catherine, John, Samuel, James, Hall and Amos; and 8. Moses married Catherine Conner, their children were: George Nathan, Emma, Silas, James, Thomas, Lucy, Eliza and Prudence.

The children of Joseph Pedigo Kelley and Sarah Payne were: Sarah Elizabeth, George Louis, John Benj., Jefferson Lafayette, Homer Hansford and James Marion. Sarah Elizabeth married James M. Cannaday; George L. married Nancy Walters; Homer H. married Leonora Ingram; John B. married Amanda S. Cannaday and they now live in Salem; Jefferson L. married, first, Emma Kelley, secondly, Miranda Martin; James M. married Mary Vest.

Joseph P. Kelley, a member of Company A, 54th Virginia Infantry, lost his life at the Battle of Seven Pines, June 1862. In Company H, 54th Virginia Infantry, were First Corporal James L. Kelley, Moses and William D. Kelley; the latter two were captured at Franklin, Tenn., date unknown.

John Kitterman

John Kitterman (1767-1833) was one of the largest land-owners and taxpayers when the county of Floyd was organized in 1831. He, with Abraham Phlegar and Manassah Tice, lived on and owned the present site of the town of Floyd. His line joined Main Street and his lands extended south including all the southern portion of the town and the historic Storker's Knob,

Foster J. Woods

Commissioned officers	4
Non-Commissioned officers	8
Privates	117
Total	129

COMPANY H. 54th VA. INFANTRY
OFFICERS

Rank—1861

S. H. Griffith	Captain
Peter L. Howard	1st Lieutenant
William A. Cannaday	2nd Lieutenant
Thomas H. Mosley	3rd Lieutenant

Rank—1862

Joseph Scales	Captain
James Scales	1st Lieutenant, promoted to Captain
L. A. Buckingham	2nd Lieutenant
John H. King	3rd Lieutenant
Joseph Mosley	Orderly Sergeant
Wright Boothe	2nd Orderly Sergeant
Joseph Young	3rd Orderly Sergeant, killed May 15, 1864, at Resaca, Ga.
James H. Black	4th Orderly Sergeant, wounded May 15, 1864, at Resaca, Ga.
James L. Kelly	1st Corporal
Benjamin Bickett	2nd Corporal
Joseph Green	3rd Corporal
James Newberry	

PRIVATES

John Black	Wounded at Resaca, Ga., May 15, 1864, captured at Mt. Hope Church, date not known
Hyrum Boyd	
Washington Boyd	
Pleasant Cole	
Bird Cole	
S. S. Collins	Died at White Sulphur Springs, date unknown

A. R. Collins
F. P. Flene
William Graham
Nath. Gillenwaters
Caleb Howery
J. H. Huff
F. Huff
Isaac Howery

Captured at Franklin, Tenn., date unknown

Harden R. Hall
A. P. Hodges
P. Hash
Jas. O. Galaspie
William Gallaspie
Burwell Janney
Fleming Janney, Sr.
John W. Janney
Moses N. Janney

Died in Kentucky, date unknown

Wounded at Missionary Ridge, Nov. 25, 1863

Jesse Janney
Robert P. Janney
Walker W. Jones
William King
Landon T. Jones
Isaac King
Moses G. Kelly

Captured at Franklin, Tenn., date unknown

Jacob O. Kinzie
William D. Kelly

Captured at Franklin, Tenn., date unknown

W. T. Lawrence
William Likens
William Lemons
Richard Leffew
James B. Munsey
William Mosley
Reuben McDaniel
Lucian McDaniel
Harvey McDaniel
John McDaniel
James McDaniel
John Newberry
Flem Pugh, Sr.
Flem Pugh, Jr.
Elisha Proffit
James T. Radford

Died, time and place unknown

ried Cynthia Winifred and lived near the "Head of the River" Primitive Baptist Church where he raised a family of four sons and four daughters: Juliana, Pleasant, Harvey, Jr., Bailey, Valentine, Kyle, Sarah and Caroline. 2. Fleming married Abigail Vest, daughter of Charles - they had one son, Elder H. Valentine Cole, who is a well-known minister of the Baptist Church. 3. Byrd, Jr., married Sarah Iddings - their children were: Loyal, Rosetta and Eliza. 4. Pleasant married Sarah Lawrence. 5. Mary, wife of John F. Hall. 6. Lydia, wife of James Wilson. 7. Eliza, wife of Charles M. Hall. 8. Eveline, wife of William Martin. 9. Nancy, wife of Henry Light.

Pleasant and Byrd Cole were members of Company H, 54th Virginia Infantry, under Captain Sparrel H. Griffith in the Confederate army. Byrd Cole died at White Sulphur Springs, Montgomery County, date of which is unknown. Pleasant Cole was a member of Company I, 54th Virginia Infantry under Captain Burwell Akers. Harvey Cole served in the Confederate army but his command is unknown. Fleming Cole was in McCauley's Corps.

The Conner Family

The Conner family of Floyd County is of Scots-Irish descent. The name is sometimes spelled **Conner**, **Connor**, and **O'Connor**. Daniel Conner, the emigrant ancestor, settled near the "head of the river" in the east end of the county about 1773, and his descendants are numerous in the county today. Daniel Conner's deed to 300 acres shows that he gave a valuable shotgun for the land. In 1784 he acquired a land grant which was written on a deerskin and signed by Robert Brooks, Governor of Virginia (probably as acting Governor). Soon after this he founded a church in the neighborhood. Daniel Conner deeded a plot of ground on which the Salem Primitive Baptist Church is built, "to be for the use of a church forever" - this deed was also written on a skin. Andrew, son of Daniel Conner, acquired land near his father's grant. Andrew's grant bears the date of September 1799, and is signed by James Monroe, Governor of Virginia. This deed is written on a skin, and these parchments are in the possession of the Conner relatives in

Floyd County.

Daniel Conner signed his will March 15, 1810, in the presence of Humphrey Smith, John Smith, Olivia Smith, Elizabeth Smith, and Henry Iddings. A codicil was added to the will on April 12, 1812, after the death of his wife Mary. This will was probated at the January term of Montgomery County Court in 1815. His death probably occurred in the latter part of 1814, his wife Mary preceding him by three years. The children of Daniel Conner and wife Mary were: Andrew, Jonathan, William, Zadock, Daniel, Jacob, Barbara (m. Shields), Mary (m. Hill), Rebecca (m. Reed), Sarah and Christina.

The children of Andrew Conner were in part: William A.; Aaron (1811-1867); Daniel O. (Sept. 7, 1813 - Jan. 14, 1897); John O. (Dec. 8, 1814 - Dec. 17, 1910); Nancy (m. Samuel Otey); Bethania (m. Gordon Hall, Sr.); Mary (m. Jackson Light).

The children of Daniel O. Conner, the son of Andrew, were: James P. (b. March 22, 1864); Mary (b. Nov. 24, 1856) married James W. Walton; Bethania (b. Nov. 14, 1858) married W. T. Simpson; Nancy (April 22, 1855 - April 25, 1921) married Elijah Furrow; Drusilla (b. June 21, 1869) married William N. Poff; Susan Elvira (b. Nov. 28, 1853, d. Feb. 11, 1883) married Walton.

Jonathan Conner, Sr., second son of Daniel the settler, was one of the very early justices of the peace, and was executor of his father's will. He was the father of William Conner, known as "Billy Strong," who was the father of Jonathan Conner (1831-1914), a well-known citizen of the head of the river section, whose farm joined the Old Ogle Farm. Jonathan Conner, Sr., married a Miss Iddings; his son William Conner married Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Poff; Jonathan Conner, Jr., married Mahala, daughter of Valentine and Harriet (Gray) Thrash. The children of Jonathan Conner, Jr., were: Valentine Thrash; Shelton L.; Robert Lee; and Harriet E., who married S. Homer Strickler.

As mentioned earlier, the will of Daniel Conner the settler gave the plot of land on which the Salem Primitive Baptist Church now stands.

when the entire
 house and husk
 could be in progress.
 ng furniture and a
 brightly. The tea-
 being prepared. A
 ight in; two boys
 enjoyed a good old
 away the night.
 g bees where the
 f the neighborhood
 e brandy to make
 heir singing such
 tting on a Hickory
 d Massa's in the
 So the people of
 er enjoyed a more
 etttled our county
 joy.)

t I could. (I will
 relating to
 wo years old and
 o crippled I can't

friend,
 son

ery

1922 under the
 Over 100 graves

July 16, 1914
 n March 6, 1831

rn May 7, 1839

/ died Oct. 27, 1919

Sarah Purdy / wife of Keaton / born Dec. 31, 1835 / died 1909

James M. Connor / born Sept. 16, 1874 / died March 2, 1917

Nathan Connor Sr. / was born Oct. 13, 1813 / departed this life
 April 11, 1880 / Age 67 yrs 5 mo 26 da

Levicy Connor / born 1812 / died April 26, 1909 / Aged 97 yrs

Mary Alice Walton / born Nov. 18, 1892 / died Oct. 7, 1900

James W. Poff / born Sept. 7, 1872 / died September 1874

Byrd Smith / born July 15, 1809 / died Feb. 22, 1896

Lydia Smith / wife of Byrd Smith / born Mar. 23, 1814 / died
 Oct. 12, 1884

Lydia Smith / born Oct. 12, 1884 / died Dec. 31, 1910

Jonathan I. Smith / son of Bird and Lydia Smith / who left this
 life / Sept. 20, 1862 / age 19 yrs 3 da

Henry Poff / born Feb. 13, 1792 / died April 26, 1854

Sarah / wife of Henry Poff / born March 25, 1794 / died Oct.
 11, 1854

William H. Aldridge / born May 15, 1840 / died Sept. 23, 1902

John Sowder / born 1856 / died 1915

Lula Carr / born 1854 / died 1916

Velva Ellen Manning / born June 20, 1896 / died May 12, 1914

Martha E. Connor / wife of Daniel O. Connor / born 1828 / died
 1888

E. Burton Hundley / born March 11, 1894 / died Dec. 1917
 [killed in airplane in World War]

John Light / died 1884 / age 76 yrs 1 mo

Mary Light / died 1884 / age 76 yrs

Wife of M. Clingenpeel / born July 1859 / died Oct. 1889

Albert West / born 1852 / died 1865

Sarah West / born April 12, 1802 / died May 13, 1876

Sarah J. / wife of S. J. Conner / born 1853 / died 1896

W. A. Reed / born 1809 / died 1890

Charles Vest / born May 8, 1811 / died May 10, 1881

Elizabeth Ann Custer / born Feb. 20, 1837 / died Aug. 19, 1913

John King / born March 29, 1840 / died July 19, 1908

KELLEY FAMILY PHOTOGRAPHS



George W. Kelley preached at this church



Photos by Frances Russell 4/89



Property of Opal H. Young

Front: left-Eliza Jane Turner
right-Nancy Mary Kelley Turner (mother)

Standing: Sallie Mae Turner



Property of Opal H. Young
Picture taken at home of Joseph and Nancy Kelley Turner

Front row: Raymond Young, Joseph T. Turner, Robert "Bob" Young,
(left to right) Nancy Mary Kelley Turner, Godfrey Young, Catherine Young

Second row: Jim Turner, Ella Nowlin Turner,* Frank Young, Artis Young,
(left to right) Sallie Turner Young, Emma Underwood, Ruby Young

*Ella Nowlin Turner was a sister of Virgie Nowlin Pate who
bought Kelley School. She lived and ran the store there.



Photo property of Paul Kelley

Homer and Nora Kelley and family



Photos property of Paul Kelley

Homer H. Kelley



Nora I. Kelley with Frazier, Wilson,
Wilma and Mary

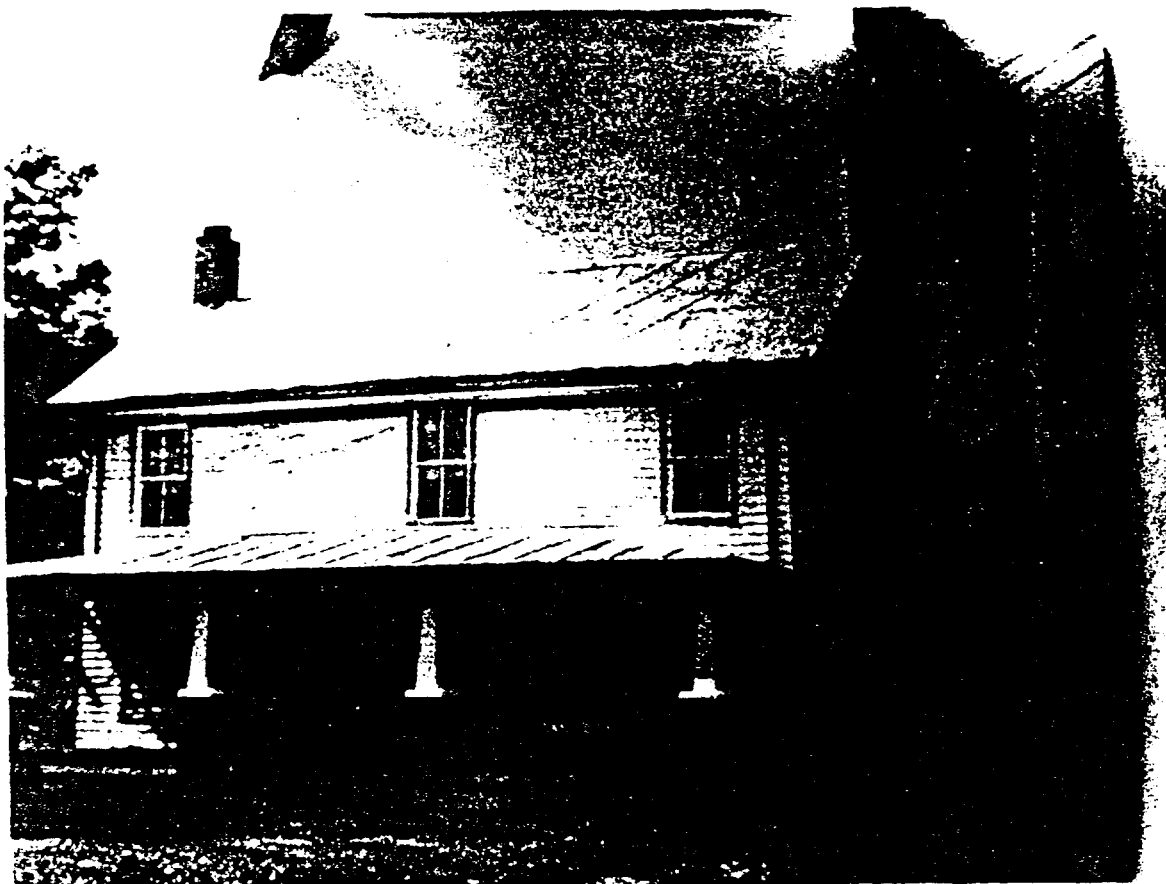


Photo property of A. Sharon Kelley, Floyd, VA

The home of Homer H. Kelley and his wife, Nora Ingram Kelley.
Birthplace of Frazier E. Kelley. Near High Peak, Floyd County, Va.



Photos property of Paul Kelley

William Ingram, father of Nora Kelley



Sarah Turner Ingram, mother of
Nora Kelley



Photos property of Paul Kelley

Theodore Kelley, son of Homer Kelley

Theodore and wife Ora Kelley
(former student at Kelley School)



Photo by Frances Russell 4/89

Grave of Sarah C. Payne Kelley, mother of
Homer H. Kelley, Floyd, VA

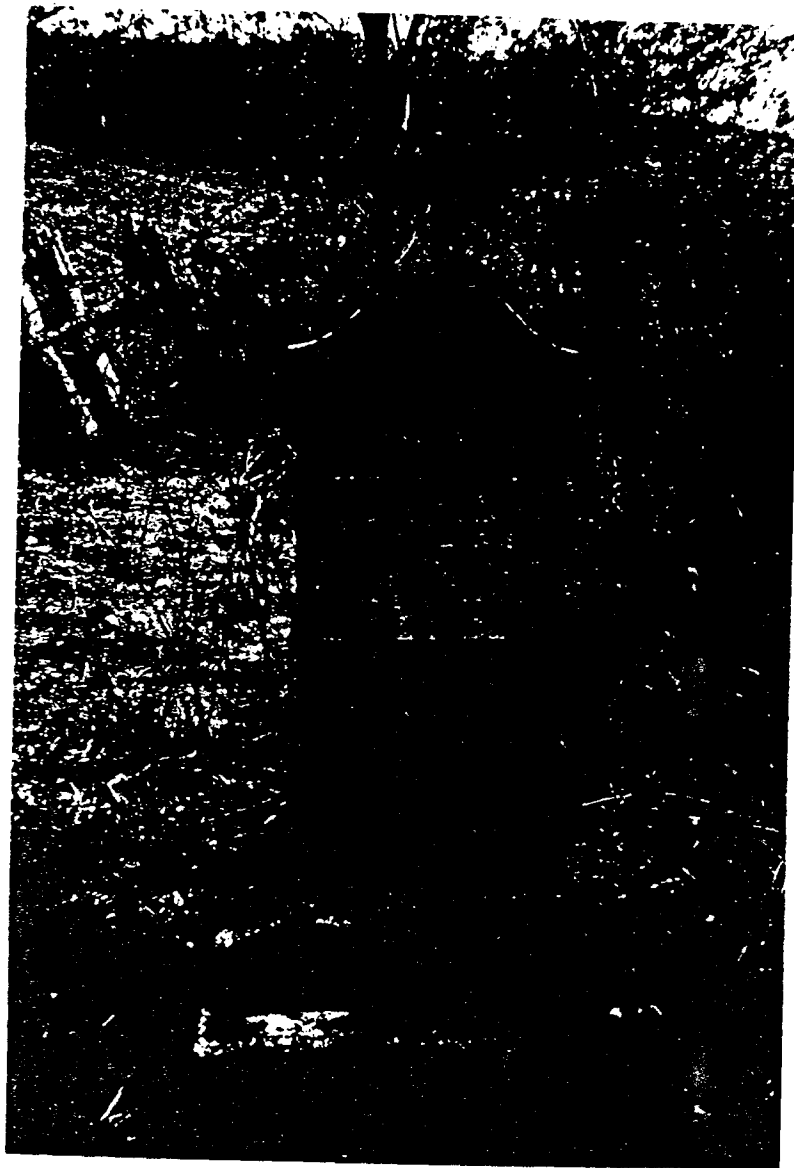


Photo by Frances Russell 4/89

Grave of Homer H. Kelley, Floyd, VA

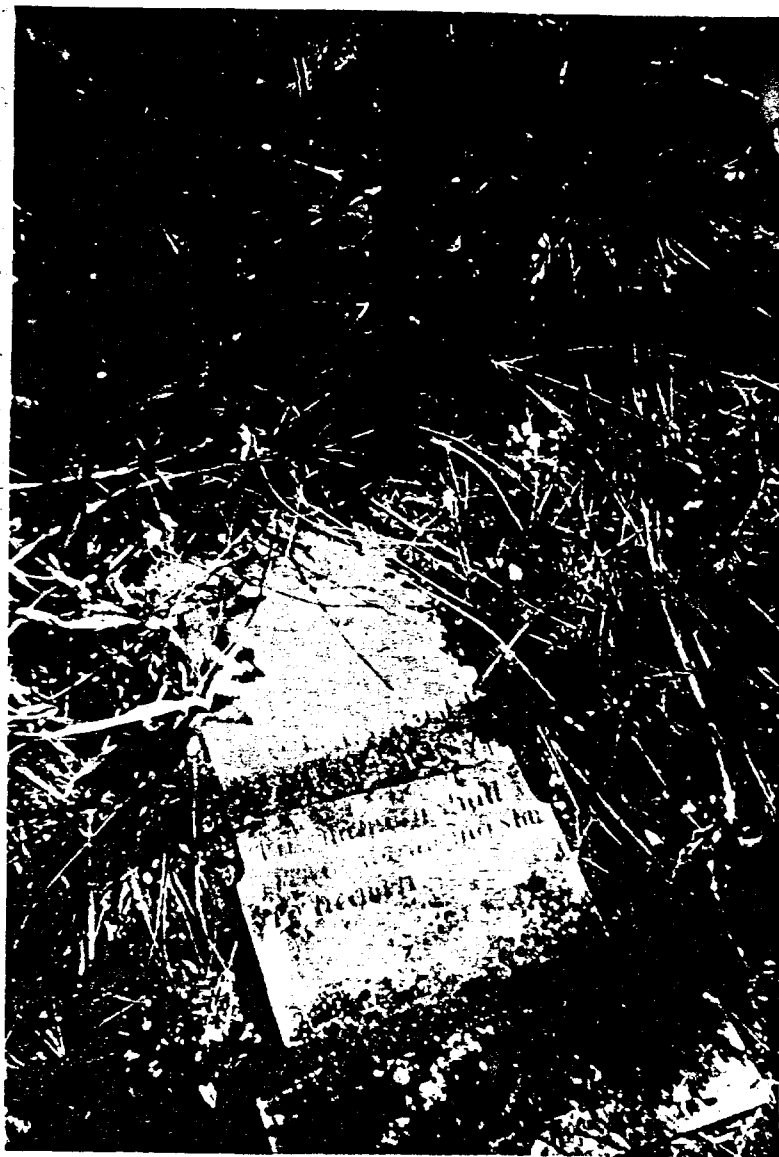


Photo by Frances Russell 4/89

Grave of Nora I. Kelley, Floyd, VA

KELLEY FAMILY DEEDS

KELLEY FAMILY DEEDS

Floyd County

1. Deed Book J (pg. 288) February 6, 1857 - James Moran & Delila to John Moran 330 Acres
"Teale Place".
2. Deed Book N (pg. 342) June 14, 1866 - Lewis Payne estate to Joseph P. Kelley and wife.
102 acres.
3. Deed Book N (pg. 187) January 23, 1874 - George W. & Nancy Kelley to Moses Kelley,
100 acres, more or less, where George W. Kelley resides.
4. Deed Book N (pg. 332) August 19, 1874. John Moran and Mary Jane Moran to James L.
Kelley - 109 acres - headwaters of Little River.
5. Deed Book P (pg. 182) April 18, 1879. Sarah C. Kelley to Homer H. and John B. Kelley -
102 acres, to support her & bury her, then to all her children as heirs (land or proceeds).
6. Deed Book P (pg. 298) December 10, 1879 - Dower of Nancy Kelley, widow of George W.
Kelley - Moses G. Kelley, executor. George W. Kelley owned 407 acres at residence
residence (Floyd County). Owned 135 acres in Franklin County. Assigned to Nancy
94-1/2 acres including house.
7. Deed Book R (pg. 680) June 15, 1883 - Moses G. Kelley, Executor to James A. Simms,
dower land assigned to Nancy Kelley, deceased, widow of George W. Kelley, deceased,
94-1/2 acres, more or less. On Oct. 29, 1880 sold at auction to George Ingram who now
has no rights to land.

8. Deed Book R (pg. 138) June 15, 1883 - Heirs of George W. Kelley, deceased to Sallie A. Kelley widow of James L. Kelley - 87 acres, more or less on Diving Branch Water of Little River. James had paid \$500 to George W. Kelley for this land and deed was never recorded.

Heirs - Elizabeth Connor, widow, Moses G. Kelley, Attn., Benjamin F. Kelley, George W. Kelley and Druzilla, Moses G. Kelley and Catherine, William D. Kelley and Charlotte, James Gray and Ann, George Lewis Kelley, Homer H. Kelley, James M. Cannaday and Sarah, John B. Kelley, Jefferson Kelley and James Marion Kelley.
9. Deed Book R (pg. 681) June 18, 1883 - Moses G. Kelley, Executor, to James A. Simms. Land in Floyd & Franklin, 87-1/4 acres allotted to widow and others, includes 27-1/4 acres bought from S. M. Helmes. Sold Sept. 4, 1879 at auction - land then bought by Homer & Jefferson Kelley, no conveyance ever made to them, they in turn sold this land to James A. Simms.
10. Deed Book R (pg. 477) April 19, 1884 - Elizabeth Conner, Moses G. Kelley, (Keziah) Benjamin F. Kelley, George W. Kelley and Druzilla, Catherine Kelley, William D. Kelley and Charlotte, James Gray and Ann, George L. Kelley, James Marion Kelley, Homer H. Kelley, John B. Kelley, Jefferson Kelley, James M. Cannaday and Sandra 1st part to Sallie A. Kelley 2nd part. Explaining facts in case regarding deed of June 15, 1883, to conform to the will of James L. Kelley. James L. Kelley had sold said land to Homer and Jefferson Kelly and had taken their land bonds - Sallie A. Kelley to buy land from them for \$1,000.
11. Deed Book U (pg. 668) (March 8, 1886) - T. L. Sarles & Malinda Sarles to Homer H. Kelley - 4-1/2 acres joining his land.

12. Deed Book V (January 7, 1889) - Jefferson & Emma Kelley, George D. Kelley & Nancy, John B. Kelley & Amanada, James M. Kelley and Mary, James M. Cannaday and Sarah (Kelley), to Homer H. Kelley - their entire interest in real estate of Sarah C. Kelley, deceased, land on waters of Paynes Creek joining the lands of George Ingram.
13. Deed Book 28 (January 3, 1902) - James J. & Mary J. Peters to Homer H. Kelley, 28 acres on Dobyns Creek.

This deed made this 6th day of February in the year 1854 between James Moran and Delia his wife of the County of Patrick, State of Virginia of the one part and John Moran of the County of Floyd State aforesaid of the other part. Witnesseth that in consideration of the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars to them paid the said James Moran and Delia his wife doth grant unto the said John Moran all their right title and interest in and to a certain tract or parcel of land containing three hundred thirty seven acres be the same more or less being and being in the County of Floyd and known by the name of the Seal Plains. it being the same land sold the said James and John Moran purchased in partnership and now occupied by the said John Moran. the said John Moran interest being one half of said land, the said James Moran warrants especially the title to said land hereby conveyed. Witness the following signatures and seals.

James. Moran

Delia ^{Her} Moran

Patrick County to wit:

I, Elkanah B. Sumner, a Justice of the Peace for the County aforesaid State of Virginia do hereby certify that James Moran, party to the within writing bearing date on the 6th day of February 1857, personally appeared before me in my County aforesaid and acknowledged the same before me. Given under my hand this 6th day of February 1857.

Elkanah B. Sumner J. Peace

State of Virginia Patrick County to wit:

I, Elkanah B. Sumner, Justice of the Peace for said County do hereby certify that Della Moran, the wife of James Moran, whose name is signed to the within writing bearing date the 6th day of February 1857, personally appeared before me in the County aforesaid and being examined privately and apart from her husband, and having the writing aforesaid fully explained to her, she the said Della Moran, acknowledged the said writing to be her act, and declared that she had willingly executed the same and does not wish to retract therefrom.

Given under our hands this 6th day of February 1857.

John C. Brown J. Peace
Elkanah B. Sumner J. Peace

RECORDED IN

Deed Book J

Page 288

Virginia

Floyd County Court Clerk's Office Sept. 8th 1857

This deed of bargain and sale from James Moran and Della his wife to John Moran was presented this day and admitted to record.

Let J. B. Headen C.

June 14, 1866

from the beginning.

+ Lott No 6. Containing 102. Acres we assign to Joseph P. Adams and bounded as follows. Beginning on a white pine corner to Lott No 5. + 4 + 1 835 6135 poles crossing the turnpike to a large tree & a double oak at its fork of a branch corner to Pleasant. Boundary land 877 40 75 poles to a chestnut. 1445 10168 poles crossing 3 trees to turnpike to a water oak. 1471 608 poles to a white oak. 1471 652 poles to a white oak. 836 678 poles to its beginning.

+ Lott No 7 containing 126. Acres we assign to J. P. Adams and bounded as follows. Beginning on a water oak corner to Lott No 6 and corner to its middle quarry 1445 6165 poles to a chestnut 1469 10101 poles to a white oak. 1491 1113 poles. Division line between Lott No 8 + Lott No 7 crossing the turnpike and its fork & ending on a line of its middle quarry thence with her line 1490 6108 poles crossing a creek and rock to its beginning.

+ Lott No 8 containing 91. Acres we assign to Lewis E. Adams and bounded as follows. Beginning on a white oak at a stone quarry corner to its middle track thence with its line 1471 697 1/2 poles to a hickory. 1480 618 poles to pines 1491 6113 poles crossing a creek turnpike to a white oak corner to Pleasant. Boundary land thence with his line 147 635 poles to a white oak. 147 1435 1/2 poles crossing a large branch to two white oaks on a hill side 146 643 poles to two chestnut oak saplings between pines thence a division line between Lott No 8 + Lott No 9 thence 147 14215 poles crossing a branch to a chestnut on its old line 147 66 poles to its beginning.

+ Lott No 9 containing 115. Acres we assign to S. P. Adams and bounded as follows. Beginning on a chestnut by a stone quarry corner to Lott No 8. 1491 6118 poles crossing a branch to 2 chestnut oaks saplings between pines corner to Lott No 8 a north east hill side 148 1464 poles to 2 white oaks by a branch corner to Samuel Raciford's land thence with saplings 147 1465 poles to a chestnut oak over hickory sapling 147 1466 poles to a white oak west 25 poles to a maple near a branch 147 1466 poles crossing a branch to a white oak on John's line. 148 146100 poles to a chestnut corner to Lott No 8 its beginning.

+ Lott No 10 giving the north land lying on its north of its turnpike containing 65. Acres we assign to Abraham Adams and bounded as follows. Beginning at a poplar near a tree 147 14685 poles to a stone corner to Lott No 9 and large tree 147 14209 poles to a white oak sapling and 4 pines 2 white oaks & spanish oaks 147 14634 poles to a white pine sapling 147 1466 poles to a white oak 147 14631 1/2 poles to 2 white oaks 147 14617 poles to a white oak 147 14635 1/2 poles to a white oak 147 14657 poles to its beginning.

+ Lott No 11 lying on its south side of Middle Ridge giving Great Meadows & Don Huttons land containing 174 acres.

RECORDED IN
1866
JUN 14

This deed made and entered into this 30. day of January 1874 between George W. Kelly and Nancy his wife of the one part and Messrs Kelly of the other part both of the County of Kings State of Virginia, with which that the above named George W. Kelly and Nancy his wife last this day granted bargained and sold unto Messrs Kelly a certain tract or parcel of land part of the tract when the said George W. Kelly now resides containing one hundred acres more or less and bounded as follows to wit Beginning at a small red oak in the old line with it south 96 poles to a chestnut oak in said line thence new lines S 57 W 88 poles to a white oak sepim S 66 E 20 1/2 poles to the County line and with it along a fence to W 59 poles to a chestnut on said line bearing it N 20 1/2 W 50 poles to a line by a spring N 35 E 43 poles to a white oak N 12 W 30 poles to N 57 1/2 S 12 poles to a post across thence with a fence N 74 W 27 poles to another fence with it N 24 E 46 poles to two chestnut suckers N 13 1/2 E 30 poles to a chestnut S 65 E 12 poles to two chestnut oaks East 22 poles to a spanish oak N 74 E 74 poles to the beginning with its opposite corner to the above named Messrs Kelly and

W. Kelly
 Deed
 1874
 W. Kelly
 Deed
 1874
 Deed
 1874
 Deed
 1874

Kelley This deed made the 21st day of May in the year 1874 Between S. M. Wilson
 and Mary his wife of the first part and H. Kelley of the second part
 witnesses, That in consideration of the sum of seven Dollars per
 the said S. M. Wilson & Mary his wife doth grant unto the said H. Kelley
 one piece or boundary of land containing Twenty seven acres located in
 the waters of the Rivine Branch in Dougherty County State of Virginia bounded
 as follows to wit, Beginning at a large white oak on Kelley line
 at South 30 & 74 poles to Jones line with his line South 88 & 1/2 poles to
 a chestnut oak South 65 & 70 poles to frontier near a road South 88
 & 82 poles to a poplar on a piney branch a corner to John Brown
 with his line North 33 & 192 poles to the Beginning. Given under our
 hands, seal this day and date above written.

S. M. Wilson
 Mary Wilson

Virginia,

Deputy Clerk to wit,

We Jackson Shuff & D. P. Plummer Justices of the
 peace for the said County aforesaid in the state of Virginia, do certify
 that Samuel M. Wilson whose name is signed to the writing of
 bearing date 21st day of May 1874 has acknowledged the same to
 us in our County aforesaid and we do further certify that Mary
 the wife of S. M. Wilson whose name are signed to the writing of
 bearing date on the 21st day of May 1874 personally appeared before us
 the County aforesaid and being examined by us singly and apart from
 her husband and having the writing aforesaid fully explained to her
 she the said Mary Wilson acknowledges the said writing to be her
 and declared that she had willingly executed the same and does
 wish to retract it. Given under our hands this 21st day of May 1874
 Jackson Shuff, D. P. Plummer, J. P.

Filed Back N 408 292
 2

His death made this the 19th day of August 1876 between
John Muran and Mary Jane Muran his wife of the first
part and James A. Kelly of the second part. Witnesseth that
and in consideration of the sum of Five thousand & forty five dollars
in hand paid the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, the said
John Muran and Mary Jane Muran his wife have conveyed and
will unto the said James A. Kelly with general warranty a certain
Tract or Parcel of land containing by survey one hundred and
acres lying in the County of Elbert and State of Virginia on the
North nation of Little River and Township as follows:

Read book N page 332

to a white oak in the old line with same N 34 W E 99 P. to be -
giving.

Witness the following signatures and seals.

John ^{his} Moran ^{Deed}
Mary Jane ^{her} Moran ^{Deed}

Virginia

King's County to wit.

We, Daniel P. Connor & James W. Smith Justices of the Peace
for the County of said in the State of Virginia do certify that John Moran
whose name is signed to the writing above bearing date on the 19th day
of August 1874, has acknowledged the same before us in our County
of said. And we do further certify that Mary Jane Moran, wife of
John Moran whose names are assigned to the writing above bearing
date on the 19th day of August 1874. Personally appeared before us in
the County of said and being examined by us privately and apart
from her husband and having the writing of said fully explain-
ed to her she the said Mary Jane Moran acknowledged the said
writing to be her act and declares that she had willingly ex-
ecuted the same and does not wish to retract it.
- Given under our Hands this the 19th day of August 1874.

(17)
 The B Kelly
 Dec 225
 Kelly

This deed made and entered into on the 18th day of April 1879. 1st and between Sarah C Kelly of the 1st part and Homer H. and John B Kelly of the second part, all of the County of Floyd and State of Virginia. Witnesseth that the said Sarah C Kelly of the 1st part, being and of legal age and sound mind, do hereby certify that she is the owner of a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Floyd and State of Virginia containing more or less 102 Acres, adjoining the land of George M. C. Ingram, James R. Sims, James M. C. Ingram & others. The said land is with others considered the said Homer H. & John B Kelly. Homer H. & John B Kelly are the heirs and legal owners of the said land. The said land is now being sold and conveyed to the said Homer H. & John B Kelly. And she said Sarah C Kelly is to be the owner of the said land as long as she lives, and to have her heirs and assigns. And at her death the said land or the proceeds of it, is to be equally divided among all her children both her dead and living. The said Homer H. & John B Kelly in their own separate and several names as long as the said Sarah C Kelly lives. Witness the following signatures and seals
 Sarah C Kelly

Veronica Floyd County to wit. — I Thomas R. D. Webb an Justice for the County of Floyd in the State aforesaid, do hereby certify that Sarah C Kelly, who is now assigned to the foregoing deed bearing date on the 18th day of April 1879. Personally appeared before me in my County and State aforesaid, and having the testimony aforesaid, appeared to her. She then said Sarah C Kelly stated that she had willingly executed the same and does not wish to retract the same. Given under my hand this 18th day of April 1879.

Thomas R. D. Webb J.P.

Veronica. Ch. Clerk of the Floyd County Court April 1879
 The foregoing deed from Sarah C Kelly to Homer H. & John B. Kelly was presented in this Office, and with the Certificate thereof. Unrecorded. Witness the Clerk.

Book B. P. Kelly Clerk

RECORDED IN
 Dec 225 P
 Page 182

$$\begin{array}{r} 1015 \cdot 100 \\ 125 \\ \hline 2.25 \end{array}$$

F. Kelly Ex of
 F. Kelly, Ex of
 is returning
 9/16/70

Mrs. G. Miller 
 Gov. of Wis. 

State of Virginia.

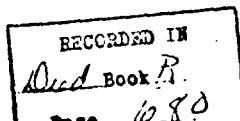
Grounds of Negro to visit

The Court & History Books for the County of West in the State of New York certify that Messrs. C. F. Kelly Esq. with the well known of George W. Kelly Esq. whose name is signed to the foregoing and hereby state on the 13 day of June 1853 (being the same before me in my Court) the State of New York under my hand this 13 day of June 1853

. Virginia,

In Floyd County Court Clerk's Office May 12th 1889 -
 The Court upon Motion of J. Kelly Esq. v. G. M. Kelly and other day received in
 Office with certificate that same is admissible to record.

John D. Elliott - 189



1880

J. S. Elliott Clerk.

254

Mc Kelly
G. Kelly
1880/120

G. Kelly
+ others

May 22, 1884
893
of May 22, 1884

These Articles were the 13th day of June 1883 in & between Elizabeth
 Carrier, Widow of William Carrier, former of said State, & Kelly Attorney
 in fact, on the 1st day of June 1883, & those, & others, following, to-wit:
 George W. Kelly, Grizzella (Widow of George W. Kelly)
 Moses G. Kelly & Catherine Kelly his wife, John D. Kelly & Charlotte
 his wife, James Gray & Anna Ellis wife, George Lewis Kelly,
 Homer Kelly, James W. Cunningham & Sarah Ellis wife John B.
 Kelly, Jefferson Kelly & James Morrison Kelly, of the first part,
 all of the County of Floyd, the State of Virginia, do hereby certify & depose
 that Geo. W. Kelly & Grizzella (Kelly) his wife, were one of the States
 of Kentucky, and said Kelly, & Grizzella (Kelly) his wife, were one of the States
 of the second part, & immediately thereafter, for the consideration of the
 sum of one hundred dollars paid to George W. Kelly & Grizzella (Kelly)
 parties of the 1st part of this deed, have granted & conveyed unto said
 Kelly, Widow of James B. Kelly, a certain tract or parcel of land
 lying & being in the County of Floyd, the State of Virginia, on
 the Branch Waters of Little River, containing the Acres of about
 17 more or less, & being the same land sold by Geo.
 W. Kelly, & his heirs, many years ago to James D. Kelly, & the said
 Geo. W. Kelly never made a conveyance of this land to
 James D. Kelly, the Right of the same, being in the parties to the
 part of this deed, and we the parties of the first part to this

Witness the following signatures & only

Stake & Haywire.

[illegible]

James
Haley
for J. H. H.
Haley Co.
1873

This deed made & entered this the 18 day of June 1873 between Messrs J. Haley Executor with the will annexed of Ed. H. Haley dec'd & James C. Jones of the second part. Galt of the County of Floyd, State of Virginia. Witnesseth that the following, that on the 18 day of September 1872 Messrs J. Haley Executor as aforesaid did sell by way of public auction at auction track on parcel of land lying within in the County of Floyd, State of Virginia, comprising the Galt of Robert Jones the Son of Ed. Haley the land that was bequeathed to Ed. Haley. And the said land tract of land contains some 27 1/2 Acres, 27 1/2 Acres of this tract was bought by Ed. Haley from Samuel M. Jones several years ago. said land with for some three hundred & seventy five acres & more of land & some equal amount of land. And whereas James C. Haley & John B. Haley became the purchase for which they executed promissory notes to payable in one, two three & four years time for \$912, 10 and making the three hundred & seventy five acres. And when it was known as has been made to James C. Haley & John B. Haley. And they having sold the said land to James C. Jones's name and to some land. And to James C. Jones. And this is further as follows. Beginning at a large white oak corner to Sallie Jeffery S. 29. At 190 feet to a poplar & large Alder on a branch corner to Sallie Jeffery with Jones line S. 85 E. 86 feet to a point at 66 E. 84 feet to a large chestnut. Oak (C) made corner S. 77 1/2 E. 60 feet to a point at a little over the turn of the Mountain at 57 At 51 feet to a gum on a flat at 52 E. 72 feet to a point at a corner of fine S. 70 1/2 E. 38 feet crossing spring to a hickory & sapling on a ledge of rocks. N. 72 E. 39 feet to a small Apple & a dogwood corner to Lot No. 3, then up the Mountain at 50 feet. At 54 feet to a location back of Mountain near Lynch line. At 19 At 12 feet to a strip of chestnut in the lower line S. 75 At 24 1/2 feet to a white oak stump. At corner to Sallie H. Haley S. 77 1/2 E. 122 feet corner the bench to a white oak N. 29 At 30 1/2 feet to the beginning. The foregoing land was known on the survey of Ed. Haley & Ed. H. Haley & Ed. H. Haley & James C. Jones. Eight & 13 cents has been paid. To the party of the second part. And for \$912 the receipt all of which is hereby acknowledged. The party to the first part of this deed, more into specially the title to the land herein conveyed, Witness the following signatures To wit

James C. Haley
Ed. H. Haley

State of Virginia.
County of Floyd to wit.

I J. H. H. at Notary Public for the County of Floyd, in the State of Virginia, do hereby certify that Messrs J. Haley dec'd whose name is signed to the foregoing deed bearing date on the 18 day of June 1873. Acknowledged the same before me on my County & State aforesaid.

Given under my hand this the 18 day of June 1873.

Virginia
In Floyd County Court Clerk's Office May 12 1873 -
This deed from Ed. Haley Executor of Ed. Haley dec'd to James C. Jones

RECORDED IN
Deed Book R
PAGE 681

51

The undersigned Elizabeth Conner Moore C. Kelly in his own
 right & as Attorney in fact for Benjamin H. Kelly & in
 fact for George W. Kelly & Elizabeth his wife last term
 Kelly. Amos B. Kelly. & Charlotte his wife James Gray W.
 Amos his wife George B. Kelly. Jane Marion Kelly
 Homer H. Kelly. John B. Kelly Jefferson Kelly. James M.
 Hamaday. & Sarah his wife being parties of the first part
 & Sallie A. Kelly being a party of the second part. to a
 certain deed dated 15th day of June 1883 & recorded in the
 Clerk's Office of the County Court of Floyd in Book B p. p.
 138 & 139, desiring to add to, explain & correct said deed so as to
 conform with the will of James B. Kelly deceased & the facts
 in the case do hereby & have agreed as follows,

That whereas George W. Kelly Sr in his life time sold to James L Kelly a certain tract or parcels of land in Hays County & has received pay therefor but failed to execute to said James L Kelly a deed conveying same, & whereas said James L Kelly in his life time sold said land to Horner & Jefferson Kelly took their bonds therefor but never executed any deed conveying that part of the land herein conveyed & described to them; and whereas said James L Kelly departed this life on the day of 18th first making will which among other things provided that One thousand \$1000⁰⁰ dollars of his lands bonds should be turned over to Bessie A Kelly his wife to be invested in land to be hers as long as she lived & after her death to go to Sarah J Kelly & Joseph Kelly infant children of said James L Kelly. And whereas said Bessie A Kelly being desirous to purchase that part of the land described in the deed herein before referred to, which James L Kelly sold to Horner & Jefferson Kelly did agree to pay therefor the said sum of \$1000⁰⁰, did purchase same & secured from Moses L Kelly Cos of James L Kelly Sr, the said One thousand dollars & she hereby

State of North Carolina, Surry County. This deed made
 this 5th day of March, 1816 by J. L. Daulton wife Malinda Daulton
 of Surry County State of North Carolina for the full and
 proper conveyance of the County State of Virginia of the second
 part. Witnessed that said J. L. Daulton his wife Malinda Daulton
 in consideration of the sum of Five hundred & fifteen Dollars
 to J. L. Daulton said by Thomey Wilkey receipt of which is hereby
 acknowledged - hath bargained and sold unto the said Thomey Wilkey
 bargain, sell and convey to said Thomey Wilkey his heirs and assigns
 a tract or parcel of land in said County State of Virginia adjoining
 the lands of Wilkey on which are bounded as follows to wit
 Beginning at a stone in the head of a hollow about 4 paces
 W from a large rock corner to Quail thence with Dorry line
 S 45° E 11 ft to a bunch of chestnuts on a ridge S 60° E 30 ft
 to a water oak corner to Canada's with same N 16° E 46 ft
 crossing a branch to a sloping white oak on a flat corner

RECORDED IN

Deed Book 11

Page 668

to Kellys, with same, S 52° W 46° P crossing a branch to and
 oak 441° West 59° P to the center of the road thence with the
 road Ch 56° W 15° P Ch 67° W 10° P Ch 75° W 7° P Ch 44° W 52° P to a
 white oak on the north west side of the road thence off with
 a new line Ch 44° E 110° P to the beginning containing 41 1/2
 acres be the same more or less.

To have and to hold the aforesaid tract of land and all
 privilege and appurtenances thereto belonging to the said Henry
 H. Kelly his heirs and assigns to his only use and behoof forever

And the said J. L. Darius & wife Malinda Darius demand
 that they are seized of said premises in fee. And have right to convey
 the same in fee simple, that the same are free and clear from
 all incumbrances, and that they will warrant and defend the
 said title to the same against the claims of all persons who
 may. In testimony whereof the said Thomas P. Darius and
 wife Malinda Darius have hereunto set their hands and seals
 this day 8th day above written
 J. L. Darius
 Malinda Darius

John H. Inman

State of North Carolina

County

I John H. Inman Justice of the Peace do hereby certify that
 J. L. Darius & wife Malinda Darius his wife personally appeared
 before me this day and acknowledged the due execution of the within
 act of conveyance said Malinda Darius being by me privately
 examined separately and apart from her said husband touching
 her voluntary execution of the same and she state after having
 the foregoing written a fully explained to her she the said Malinda
 Darius that she signed the same freely and voluntarily without
 fear or compulsion of her said husband or any other person and that
 she doth still voluntarily accept thereof.

Witness my hand and seal at the 8th day of March A.D. 1886
 John H. Inman J. P.

North Carolina

Durham County

I W. F. Carter Notary Public for said County do hereby
 certify that John H. Inman whose genuine signature is hereunto
 annexed was on the 8th day of March 1886 an acting Justice
 of the Peace of Durham County and that his acts are entitled to
 full credit hereon, under my hand and official seal this 8th
 day of April 1886.
 W. F. Carter
 Notary Public

W. F. Carter
 Notary Public
 Durham Co.
 N.C.
 1886

Virginia In Duke County Court Clerk Office Dec 25
 This was from J. L. Darius & wife Malinda
 H. Kelly this day recorded in Ch. and with certificate

in
 the
 first
 of
 the
 year
 1889

This deed made and entered into this 7th day of January 1889 by and between Jefferson Kelley of D. Kelley his wife George Kelley & Charles Kelley his wife John D. Kelley & Amanda Kelley his wife James McKelley & Mary Kelley his wife and James M. Carmaday & Sarah E. Carmaday his wife of the first part and Homer E. Kelley of the second part. Witnesseth that we and in consideration of the sum of Seven hundred Dollars cash we have paid the said witness is hereby acknowledged the parties at the first part have this day transferred and sold unto Homer E. Kelley of the second part with general warranty their entire interest in the real estate of Sarah Kelley wife of George Kelley died said real estate and containing one hundred and one acre more or less lying and being in the County of Loudoun on the waters of Frying Creek and bounded as follows beginning the lands of George McKelley and James M. Carmaday and others. Witness the following persons and seals.

Jefferson E. Kelley *Seal*
 Amanda E. Kelley *Seal*
 George E. Kelley *Seal*
 John D. Kelley *Seal*
 James M. Kelley *Seal*
 Mary Kelley *Seal*
 James M. Carmaday *Seal*
 Sarah E. Carmaday *Seal*

Recorded in
 Deed Book V
 Page 249

State of Virginia
 Justices of the Peace
 I, J. Thomas Justice of the Peace for the County of Loudoun in the State of Virginia do hereby certify that George E. Kelley James M. Kelley John D. Kelley whose names are signed to the writing above bearing date on the 7th day of January 1889. have acknowledged the same before me in my said County and I do further certify that Mary Kelley the wife of John McKelley whose name is also signed to the writing above bearing date on the 7th day of January 1889 personally appeared before me in my said County and being examined by me privately and apart from her husband as to having the writing subscribed by her she the said Mary Kelley acknowledged the said writing to be her act and deed and that she willingly executed the same and does not wish to retract it. Given under my hand and this seal of the County of Loudoun this 7th day of January 1889. J. Thomas

Virginia Justice of the Peace
 I, J. Thomas Justice of the Peace for the County of Loudoun do hereby certify that George E. Kelley James M. Kelley John D. Kelley whose names are signed to the writing above bearing date on the 7th day of January 1889. have acknowledged the same before me in my said County and I do further certify that Mary Kelley the wife of John McKelley whose name is also signed to the writing above bearing date on the 7th day of January 1889 personally appeared before me in my said County and being examined by me privately and apart from her husband as to having the writing subscribed by her she the said Mary Kelley acknowledged the said writing to be her act and deed and that she willingly executed the same and does not wish to retract it. Given under my hand and this seal of the County of Loudoun this 7th day of January 1889. J. Thomas

July 25th 1891

My dear Mr. Brewster
I have just received your letter of the 19th inst. and am
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am
also well and hope to hear from you again soon.

Very truly
yours
J. A. Allen

I have just received your letter of the 19th inst. and am
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am
also well and hope to hear from you again soon.

I have just received your letter of the 19th inst. and am
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am
also well and hope to hear from you again soon.

I have just received your letter of the 19th inst. and am
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am
also well and hope to hear from you again soon.

The Last Will and Testament of George W. Kelly deceased.

I George W. Kelly Sr.

Of the County of Floyd and State of Virginia - Do make and ordain this to be my last Will and Testament -

Article 1st - I will and desire that all my just debts shall be paid.
Article 2nd - I further will that my wife Nancy shall have her third of my Real Estate laid off in such a way as to embrace my Dwelling house: also that she shall have one horse and cart, two milk cows, two geese, and necessary bedding, for the same, also my best cupboard, and one half of the furniture in the same, one folding Table, one dropping Table, one trunk, which she may like best, one chair, and half of my kitchen furniture, also fully one third part of all the sheep and hogs that I may have on hand at my death, and that she shall have meat and grain sufficient for her support for Twelve Months after my death, to have and to hold during her natural life. All of which property or so much as she may have at her death shall return to my heirs as hereinafter provided.
Article 3rd - I will to my son James L. Kelly nothing, for the reason that he has already gotten as much or more, than any of my children can get.

Article 4th - I further will that my son Moses L. Kelly shall pay after my death fifty dollars to my estate, it being in consideration of a balance for land, deeded to him by myself.

Article 5th - The remaining portion of my estate both Real and Personal I wish sold, my personal property to be sold on a credit of Twelve Months, my Real Estate on such times as Executors may think most conducive to the interest of my legatee, and after all necessary expenses shall have been paid, my Will and desire is, that the proceeds shall be Equally divided between my children, hereinafter named, to wit: Elizabeth Conner, Ann Gray, Benjamin F. Kelly, George W. Kelly Jr., William L. Kelly, and Moses L. Kelly, and the heirs of Joseph P. Kelly, Decd. - I shall have only one share.

I further will that my son James L. Kelly shall not have any interest in my wife's Dower.

I appoint my son Moses L. Kelly, and my son-in-law Nathan Conner my Executors of this my last Will and Testament. Given under my hand and seal this fifth day of June One thousand Eight hundred and seventy four.

Sign in presence of us

George W. Kelly. (Seal)

J. M. Helms

R. W. Kropp

Wm. H. Albridge

Virginia, In Floyd County Court December 10th 1875.

Attest our true and correct to be the Last Will and Testament.

Subscribing to the fees thereto was admitted to probate and ordered to be recorded.

Clara W. Nelson of Boston by Kelly one of the Executors therein named who made oath thereto and together with James Gray, William D. Kelly, and Homer H. Kelly his Sureties entered into and acknowledged a Bond in the penalty of \$3000 in condition as the Law directs: liberty being reserved to the other Executors therein named in said Will to quit when he shall think fit.

Clara W. Nelson.

Attest by the Court. A. P. Elliott, Clerk.

Will of James L. Kelly. died Will Book 335
In the name of God. Amen.

I James L. Kelly of the County of Floyd and State of Virginia - being
sound and disposing mind but knowing the uncertainties of this transitory
life - do make and publish this as my last Will & Testament of the following
effects it has pleased an All Wise God, to bless me with - (namely)
First - it is my desire that all my just debts, if any be paid -
Second - it is my desire that I be plainly but decently Buried -
Third - I will and bequeath that all my household Furniture, including
Beds & bedding that I Die seized and possessed of be equally divided
between my two youngest children, Sarah Jane Kelly and Joseph L. Kelly.
but every thing in my house including Beds & bedding is to be held and kept
together by my beloved wife, Sallie A. Kelly, until my youngest child
Joseph L. Kelly arrives at the age of 21 years - Fourth - I will and
bequeath to my beloved wife, Sallie A. Kelly my Bay Bandy Mare
for her own and separate use. - To my daughter, Sarah Jane Kelly, I will
and bequeath that she is to have a good side saddle, or means to buy
one with, to be paid to her before there is any division with the
Legatees ^{of} hereinafter named -

After my Decease, And after my youngest child arrives at the

the age of 21 years. what personal effects is then on hand. not being mentioned, is to be sold in the usual way and upon the usual time the proceeds after my Beloved Wife Sallie A. Kelly gets $\$3$. the remainder & after Sarah Jane Kelly gets $\$20$ on a side Saddle as she may elect. shall be equally divided among my heirs hereinafter named. viz. Nancy Mary Turner wife of Joseph T. Turner her equal share. My two Grand Children Children of George F. Kelly. Their equal share. to be divided among the two as one share. to Sarah Jane Kelly her equal share out side the $\$20$ on the side Saddle & to Joseph L. Kelly my youngest his equal share. - but none of my ^{Personal Property} ~~Personal Property~~ is to be sold until my youngest child Joseph L. Kelly arrives at the age of 21 years.

Fifth - what debts I may be owing at my Decease it is my Will & desire that the same be paid out of the Proceed of Land Bonds I hold against Horner & Jefferson Kelly - Sixth it is my desire that my Beloved Wife Sallie A. Kelly & her two Children Sarah Jane Kelly & Joseph L. Kelly - all the Property that may accumulate after my Decease they are to hold & keep for their own & separate use - Seventh I will & bequeath to my son George F. Kelly Twelve Dollars and no more - & this Twelve Dollars I have already paid for him since he left this State - namely to Stephen B. Wallis $\$7$ and to James Whiff $\$5$ Dollars.

Eighth It is my Will and desire that if my Beloved Wife Sallie A. Kelly shall out live me that she is to have One Thousand Dollars of my Land Bonds to buy her a home for herself & my two youngest Children Sarah J. Kelly & Joseph L. Kelly. And said Piece or tract of land is to be hers as long as she lives: and at her Death then the Land is to go to my two youngest Children Sarah J. Kelly and Joseph L. Kelly.

Ninth I will and bequeath to my Daughter Nancy Mary Turner wife of Joseph T. Turner Three Hundred Dollars out of the Land Bonds I hold against Horner & Jefferson Kelly.

Tenth - I will and bequeath to my two Grand Children Children of my F. Kelly One Hundred and Fifty Dollars each. to be paid to them by my Brother Moses G. Kelly out of the Land Bonds I hold against Horner & Jefferson Kelly, as he thinks they actually need it. It is my desire that my Brother Moses G. Kelly be appointed as Guardian for my two Grand Children Children of George F. Kelly's without his being required to give security for the same.

The Amounts Willed to Nancy Mary Turner & my two Grand Children is to come out of the last Bonds due me from Horner & Jefferson Kelly. It is my Will and desire, And I do hereby Appoint Thomas L. Kelly my true and lawful Administrator without his being required to give security to act as such. Eleventh I will and bequeath to my Wife Sallie A. Kelly and my two Children Sarah J. Kelly and Joseph L. Kelly the entire Prof. of all kind for their own and separate use Given under my hand and

Witness
James B. Williams



James L. Kelley

Virginia. In Mayo Court held on the 11th day of July 1892

A paper purporting to be the last Will & Testament of James L. Kelly
 was produced in Court. supported by the subscribing Witnesses, then
 Admitted to Probate and Orders to be signed. And thereupon came Mrs
 Kelly the Executrix thereon. Named as from whom no security was
 required. And took the oath required by Law. And certified & granted her
 for obtaining letters of Probate of said Will in due form

Copy. Feb.

PP. Bell & Co.

Will Book 4 Page 63

WILL OF HOMER H. KELLEY.

I, Homer H. Kelley of Pizarro Virginia being of sound mind and disposing memory, and realizing the uncertainty of life do make and publish this my last will and testament.

First: I desire my body to be decently buried.

Second: I desire all my just debts be paid.

Third: I do will and bequeath to my son Theodore Kelley a certain tract of land known as the John Peters land, and the remainder of the Jordan Peters tract of land and also ten acres to be cut off of my home tract, to be cut off on the back side all to be timber land, joining the land of James M. Cannaday and Estle T. Ingram, to have after my wife's death.

Fourth: I do will and bequeath to my son Newbern Kelly a certain tract of land the same being my home tract on which I now live all except ten acres heretofore willed to Theodore Kelley. In willing this land to Newbern Kelley I reserve a right of way through this land for the benefit of Theodore Kelly to the ten acres willed to Theodore to be cut off this home tract to have after my wife's death.

Fifth: I do will and bequeath to my beloved wife Nora Kelley all of my personal property of every description consisting of bonds, notes bank certificates, bank deposits, live stock of all kinds, farming tools, household and kitchen furniture of every kind owned by me at my death. I also will and bequeath to my wife Nora Kelly all of my lands all of my real estate to have and to hold during her life and to go to my two sons Theodore Kelley and Newbern Kelley as hereinbefore willed.

Sixth: I nominate my wife Nora Kelley executrix of this my last will and testament and that she be allowed qualify without security, and that there be no appraisal made of my estate, and the only settlement required of her be one showing the division or distribution of my estate according to this will.

Witness the following signature and seal, this 16th

day of November, 1923.

Homer H. Kelley, (SEAL)

J. F. Thurman, witness.
W. R. West, witness.

Virginia. In the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, November 27, 1923.

A paper purporting to be the last will and testament of Homer H. Kelly, deceased, was this day presented in office and proven by the oaths of J. F. Thurman and W. R. West, two of the subscribing witnesses thereto, and admitted to probate and recorded.

Mrs. Nora Kelley, the executrix named in said will, appeared and took the oath required by law and entered into and acknowledged a bond in the penalty of \$1000.00 conditioned for the faithful performance of her duties and as requested in will, no security was required.

Teste: J. F. Thurman
Clerk.

KELLEY SCHOOL DEEDS

KELLEY SCHOOL - DEEDS

1. Deed Book 0, pg. 461 March 1, 1877. James L. Kelley and Sarah Kelley to John T. West, James C. Martin, and Hosea Wimmer, Trustees. 1-1/4 acres and 27 poles to be used for a public free school and to be known as the Kelley School House.
2. Deed Book 53, pg. 395 February 6, 1936. Floyd County School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia. .94 acres, more or less for the Park to Park Highway.
3. Deed Book 54, pg. 447 May 8, 1937. Floyd County School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia. 107 acres, more or less.
4. Deed Book 58, pg. 360 January 1, 1940. Floyd County School Board to Virgie Pate. 3/100 acre, more or less, known as the Kelley School lot.
5. Deed Book 98, pg. 564 February 27, 1970. Virgie Pate to Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman. 3/100 acre, more or less, known as the Kelley School lot.
6. Deed Book 98, pg. 566 February 27, 1970. Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman and James W. Flippin and Joseph H. Poff. Deed of Trust to secure payment.
7. Deed Book 104, pg. 145 March 18, 1972. Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman to Herman Jewel Pate. Kelley School lot containing 3/100 acre, more or less.
8. Deed Book 109, pg. 667 April 24, 1972. Herman Jewel Pate and Gladys Pate and Virgie Pate, mother, to O. B. Ware and Juanita Love Ware. Kelley School lot containing 3/100 acre more or less.

9. Deed Book 144, pg. 830 April 13, 1984. O. B. Ware and Juanita Love Ware to the United States of America .05 acre, more or less, same land conveyed to O. B. Ware, et ux by Herman Jewel Pate et ux on April 24, 1972.

PAYNES CREEK SCHOOL - DEEDS

1. Deed Book 29, pg. 197 September 17, 1902. Homer H. Kelley and Nora E. Kelley to Locust Grove District School Trustees, 1 acre, more or less, on the waters of Paynes Creek.
2. Deed Book 73, pg. 348 August 26, 1952. Floyd County School Board and A. D. Stone and Lila M. Stone to N. G. Kelley and Myrtle O. Kelley, 1 acre, more or less, known as Payne's Creek School. This real estate conveyed by deed from H. H. Kelley to School Board on September 17, 1902.
3. Deed Book 73, pg. 380 September 18, 1952. N. G. Kelley and Myrtle D. Kelley to W. H. Peters, Jr. 1-1/2 acres, more or less, Kelley schoolhouse lot, conveyed to N. G. Kelley et ux. by the School Board deed dated August 26, 1952.
4. Deed Book 77, pg. 278. February 4, 1956. W. H. Peters, Jr. and Laura M. Peters to Robert Lynwood Allen. 1-1/2 acres, more or less, entire Kelley Schoolhouse lot lying and being on the waters of Paynes Creek, and conveyed to the Peters from N. G. and Myrtle Kelley by deed dated September 18, 1952.

Deed Book C page 461

This Deed this the first day of March 1877. between James L. Kelly and Sarah his wife of the first part and John T. West, James C. Martin and Hosea Warriner, Trustees of Locust Grove school district of the second part. Witnesseth that for in consideration of the sum of Fifteen Dollars, to be paid in three annual and equal installments first in the fall 1876 the said party of the first part have sold, and conveyed to the party of the second part a certain tract or parcel of land lying in the County of Floyd and State of Va on the waters of Little River and bounded as follows. Viz Beginning at a corner Black Oaks sprouts near the Daniel Road in a line of the said Kellys thence with same N 15° E 27 poles to a white oak sapling thence leaving

2

the road S 20° E 14 poles to a locust stake, S 56° W 22 1/2 P to two Spanish Oaks, in a line of the said Kellys and with the same N 40° W 18 p to the beginning, and containing one and fourth acres + 27 poles to be used for public free school purposes, and to be known as the Kelly School house, and the party of the first part covenant, to and with the party of the second full free and peaceable possession of said described land, and the appurtenances thereto attached, with general Warranty, given under our hands & seals day & date above written.

James L. Kelly
Sarah A. Kelly.

Virginia, Floyd County, to wit.
We D. R. Loomer & H. Dangerfield Justices of the peace for the County aforesaid and State of Virginia do certify that that James L. Kelly whose name is signed to the writing above bearing date on the first day of March 1877, has acknowledged the same, before us in our said County. And we do further certify that Sarah A. Kelly whose name is signed to the writing above bearing date on the first day of March 1877, personally appeared before us in the County aforesaid and State of Virginia and being examined by us privately and apart from her husband, and having the writing aforesaid fully explained to her, she the said Sarah A. Kelly has acknowledged the said writing to be her act & declared that she had willingly executed the same, and does not wish to retract it. Given under our hands the day of 1877.

D. R. Loomer J. P.
H. Dangerfield J. P.

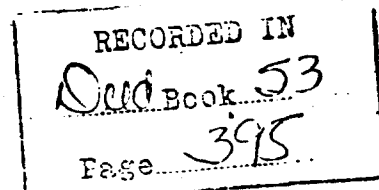
Virginia
In Floyd County Court Clerk's Office July 10 1877. This Deed from James L. Kelly wife to School Trustees of Locust Grove, Magisterial District was presented in this Office and with the certificates thereon endorsed admitted to record.

State
P. L. Elliott cks

Commonwealth of Virginia

From::Deed

Floyd County School Board



mailed
This Deed, made this 6th day of February, 1936, by and between Floyd County School Board by Archa Vaughan Vice Chairman and W.A. Compton, Clerk of Floyd County, Virginia, hereinafter designated as grantor (even though more than one), and the Commonwealth of Virginia, Grantee:

Witnesseth: In consideration of the benefits accruing or to accrue to the said grantor, by reason of the location and construction, or other improvement of part of Route No. 48 and Project No. 1093-C between Pine Spur Gap and Smart State Highway System, along, through, or over the lands of the grantor, and for further consideration paid by the grantee to the grantor, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the said grantor hereby grants and conveys unto said grantee with general warranty of title, a strip or parcel of land over the lands of the grantor needed for the location and construction or other improvement of said road, the said strip or parcel of land being as shown on a plat and survey of the said road, along, through or over said lands, on file in the office of the Department of Highways at Richmond, Virginia, identified as Sheet No. 10, Project No. 1093-C, Route No. 48 the said strip or parcel of land being in Floyd County, Virginia, and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the centerline of the Shenandoah-Great Smoky Mountains National Parkway, State Route 48, between Pine Spur Gap and Smart, shown on plans as Sta. 698+48, being 100 ft. opposite the intersection of the property line of Mrs. Lillie E. Thomas and the southern right of way line of the abovesaid Parkway; thence to the left with a 7639.44 ft. radius curve 242 ft. to Sta. 700+90, being 100 ft. opposite the intersection of the property line of J.R. Moran with the northern right of way line of the abovesaid Parkway.

GRANTEE INDEX - D-G

March 1, 1877 Floyd County School Board, Grantee Locust Grove District, Trustees of James L. & Sarah A. Kelley, Grantors Deed Book 0 461, 462

This deed this the first day of March 1877 between James L. Kelley and Sarah A. his wife of the first part and John T. West, James O. Martin and Hosea Wimmer, Trustees of Locust Grove school district of the second part. Witnesseth that for in consideration of the sum of fifteen dollars, to be paid in three annual and equal installments first in the Fall 1876 the said party of the first part have sold, and conveyed to the party of the second part a certain tract or *peace* or parcel of land, lying in the County of Floyd, and state of Virginia on the waters of Little River and bounded as follows. Vz. Beginning at some Black Oaks sprouts near the Daniel Road in a line of the said Kelleys. Thence with same, N15 E27 poles to a white oak sapling thence leaving the road S25 E14 poles to a locust stake. S56 W22-1/2P to Spanish Oaks in a line of the said Kelleys and with the same N40 W18p to the beginning and containing one and fourth acres & 27 poles to be used for piblick free school purposes and to be known as the Kelley School house and the party of the first part covenant to and with the party of the second full free and peaceable possession of said described land, and the appertainces thereto attached, with general warranty, given under our hands & seals day and date above written.

James L. Kelley [seal]

Sarah A. Kelley [seal]

Delivered to W. L. Reed, member School Board August 10, 1923.

Trustees Locust Grove School District

Deed

State of Virginia, To-wit:

I, Kyle M. Weeks, a Notary Public in and for the State of Virginia, at large do certify that Archa Vaughan, Chairman and W.A. Compton Clerk, whose names are signed to the foregoing writing, bearing date on the 6 day of February, 1936, have each acknowledged the same before me in my State aforesaid.

My term of office expires December 9, 1939.

Given under my hand this 20 day of June, 1936.

Kyle M. Weeks, Notary Public.

Virginia, Floyd County, to-wit:

In the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Floyd the 25 day of June, 1936, this deed was presented and with the certificate annexed, admitted to record at 4:30 o'clock P. M.

Tested X

Deputy Clerk.

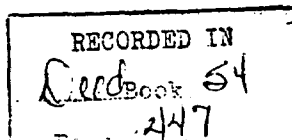
Virginia:-In Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, June 19, 1937,
12:00 o'clock.
This Deed from Floyd County School Board to Commonwealth of Virginia received in
this office and with Certificate thereto attached, admitted to record.

Teste: H. I. Aldridge
Deputy Clerk.

Commonwealth of Virginia

From::Deed

Floyd County School Board



Sub. J. M. W.
This Deed, Made this 8th day of May in the year one thousand nine hundred and
thirty seven between Floyd County School Board parties of the first part, and
Commonwealth of Virginia, party of the second part,

Witnesseth: That in consideration of the sum of One (\$1.00) Dollars, cash in
hand paid receipt of which is hereby acknowledged the said parties of the first
part do grant unto the said party of the second part with General Warranty, all that
certain tract or parcel of land lying in Floyd County, Virginia, and being more
particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the property line between Lillie E. Thomas and Floyd
County School Board, being the intersection of the above mentioned property line
with the southeastern right of way line of the Shenandoah-Great Smoky Mountains
National Parkway, shown on plans on file in the office of the Department of Highways
at Richmond, Virginia, identified as Project 1093-C, Route 48, Sheet 10, and said
point being 100 ft. southeasterly from Station 693+48; thence S. 59° 05' W., 166 ft.
more or less, to the intersection of the above mentioned property line with the
property line between J. R. Moran and Floyd County School Board, thence N. 40° 11' W.,
38 ft. more or less, to a point in the southeastern right of way line of the above
mentioned Parkway, being 100 ft. southeasterly from Station 700+22; thence in a
northeasterly direction along abovesaid southeasterly right of way line, 176 ft. more
or less, to the point of beginning and containin 0.07 acre, more or less.

The said parties of the first part covenant that it has the right to convey the
said land to the grantee; that it has done no act to encumber the said land; that the
grantee shall have quiet possession of the land, free from all encumbrances; that the
said party of the first part, will execute such further assurance of the said land
as may be requisite.

Witness the following signature and seal.

Floyd County School Board (seal)
J. E. Sumpter, V. Chairman (seal)
W. A. Conston, Clerk. (seal)



State of Virginia, County of Floyd, to-wit:

I, Kyle M. Weeks, Notary Public in and for the State of Virginia at large, do
certify that Floyd County School Board by J. E. Sumpter Vice Chairman and W. A. Conston
Clerk whose names are signed to the foregoing writing bearing date on the 8th day of
May, 1937, have acknowledged the same before me in my state aforesaid.

My commission expires Dec. 9, 1939.

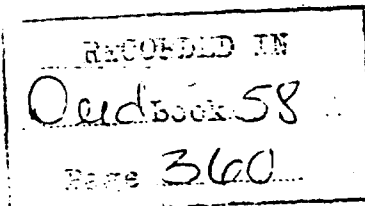
Given under my hand, this 8th day of May, 1937.

Kyle M. Weeks, Notary Public.

Virgie Pate

From::Deed

Floyd County School Board



This deed made and entered into this the 1st day of January 1940, between the County School Board of Floyd County, Virginia, party of the first part, and Virgie Pate, party of the second part:

Witnesseth, that for and in consideration of the sum of Four Hundred and Eighty Dollars (\$480.00) cash in hand receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the party of the first part grants, sells and conveys unto the party of the second part with general warranty of title, a certain lot or parcel of land in the Locust Grove Magisterial District, Floyd County, Virginia, known as the Kelley School lot together with the appurtenances thereon containing 3/100 acre more or less, and being a part of the land which was conveyed to the said School Board from H.H. and Nora E. Kelley by deed dated September 17, 1902, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book No. 29 at page No. 197, which conveys one acre more or less, 94/100 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia for the Park to Park Highway by deed dated Feb. 6, 1936 and recorded in Deed Book No. 53 at page 313, and 07 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia by deed dated March 8, 1937, and recorded in Deed Book No. 54 at page No. 447. Reference to the above mentioned deeds is hereby made for a more specific description of said land.

Given under our hands, this the 3rd day of Feb. 1940.

J.H. Sumpter V (seal)
Chairman
W.A. Compton (seal)
Clerk.

Virginia, Floyd County, to-wit:

I, Laura A. Shelor, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia, do certify that J.H. Sumpter and W.A. Compton, Chairman and Clerk respectively whose names are signed to the foregoing deed bearing date on the 1st day of January 1940 this day personally appeared before me in my office and acknowledged the same.

Given under my hand, this the 3rd day of February, 1940.

Laura A. Shelor, Clerk Circuit
Court of Floyd County, Virginia.

Virginia:-In Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, March 28, 1940.
1:15 P. M. o'clock.

This Deed from Floyd County School Board to Virgie Pate received in this office and with Certificate thereto attached, admitted to record. Stamp 80¢.

Teste: *J. L. Aldridge*
Deputy Clerk.

Filed to: Mr. Kenneth B. Turman, 444 Highland Drive, N. W., 3-19-70

RECORDED IN
Deed Book 92
Page 564

1
VIRGIE PATE
TO: DEED
KENNETH B. TURMAN, et ux

THIS DEED, made and entered into this the 27th day of February, 1970, by and between VIRGIE PATE, widow, party of the first part, and KENNETH B. TURMAN and PATRICIA E. TURMAN, husband and wife, as tenants by the entireties with the right of survivorship, parties of the second part.

W I T N E S S E T H

THAT FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION of the sum of TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$12,000.00) paid and to be paid as follows, to-wit: \$75.00 cash in hand paid by the parties of the second part unto the party of the first part, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, and the balance of \$11,925.00 by the parties of the second part executing a note in the sum of \$11,925.00 with interest at the rate of 6% per annum payable to Herman J. Pate in monthly installments of \$75.00, and secured by a Deed of Trust, the said party of the first part does hereby BARGAIN, SELL, GRANT and CONVEY, with covenants of General Warranty of Title and English covenants of Title, unto Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman, husband and wife as tenants by the entireties, with the right of survivorship as at Common Law, and as recognized in and provided for by Section 55-21 of the Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended, parties of the second part, all of that certain tract or parcel of Floyd County, Virginia and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING with that certain parcel known as the Kelley School lot together with the appurtenances thereon containing 3/100 acre more or less, and being a part of the land which was conveyed to the said School Board from H. H. and Nora E. Kelley by deed dated September 17, 1902, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book No. 29 at Page No. 197, which conveys one acre more or less, 94/100 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia for the Park to Park Highway by deed dated February 6, 1936 and recorded in Deed Book No. 53 at Page 395, and .07 acre was conveyed by the said School

Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia by deed dated March 8, 1937, and recorded in Deed Book No. 54 at Page No. 447. Reference to the above mentioned deeds is hereby made for a more specific description of said land, and

BEING the same property conveyed to the Grantor by the County School Board of Floyd County, Va. by deed dated January 1, 1940 and of record in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia in Deed Book 58 at Page 360.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD unto KENNETH E. TURMAN and PATRICIA E. TURMAN, husband and wife, as tenants by the entireties, and unto the survivor of them and his or her heirs and assigns forever in fee simple.

WITNESS the following signature and seal:

Virgie Pate (SEAL)
Virgie Pate

STATE OF VIRGINIA

City of Roanoke To-wit:

I, the undersigned Notary Public in and for the City and State aforesaid, do hereby certify that VIRGIE PATE, whose name is signed to the foregoing Deed bearing date of February 27, 1970, ~~who~~ personally appeared before me in my City and State aforesaid and acknowledged the same.

Given under my hand this 4th day of March, 1970

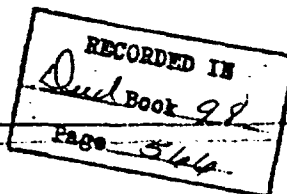
My commission expires: 11-10-73

Elizabeth M. H. H. H.
Notary Public

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, March 6, 19 78, at P. M. This Deed received in office, and, with certificate thereto attached, admitted to record. The taxes imposed by Section 53-54, (a) and (b) of the Code have been paid.

Teste: MARGARET H. HARMAN, Clerk.

Margaret H. Harman C



KENNETH B. TURMAN, et ux
TO: DEED OF TRUST
JAMES W. FLIPPIN, et al, TRUSTEES

Deed of Trust

This Deed of Trust, made this 27th day of February in the year 1970
by and between KENNETH B. TURMAN and PATRICIA E. TURMAN
parties of the first part; and JAMES W. FLIPPIN of Roanoke, Virginia and
JOSEPH H. POFF of Floyd, Virginia Trustees, part of the second part;

WITNESSETH:

That the said part of the first part do hereby grant and convey unto the said part of
of the second part, with General Warranty, the following described land, situated in the County
of Floyd State of Virginia, to-wit:

BEGINNING with that certain parcel known as the Kelley School lot together with the appurtenances thereon containing 3/100 acre more or less, and being a part of the land which was conveyed to the said School Board from H. H. and Nora E. Kelley by deed dated September 17, 1902, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book No. 29 at Page No. 197, which conveys one acre more or less, 94/100 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia for the Park to Park Highway by deed dated February 6, 1936 and recorded in Deed Book No. 53 at Page 395, and .07 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia by deed dated March 8, 1937, and recorded in Deed Book No. 54 at Page No. 447. Reference to the above mentioned deeds is hereby made for a more specific description of said land, and

BEING the same property conveyed by Virgie Pate to the parties of the first part by deed dated February 27, 1970 and to be recorded just prior to this deed of trust.

IN TRUST TO SECURE Herman J. Pate, or Order, the payment of the sum of ELEVEN THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS (\$11,925.00) evidenced by one interest bearing negotiable deed of trust installment note of even date herewith, in the amount of \$11,925.00, with interest at the rate of 6% per annum, made by Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia F. Turman, and payable to the Order of Herman J. Pate, in monthly installments of \$75.00 beginning March 20, 1970 and on the 20th day of each successive month thereafter and payable at The First National Exchange Bank of Virginia Roanoke, Virginia

Filed to: Mr. Herman J. Pate, Esq. 4, Roanoke, Va. 24018 2-3-19-70

And the following provisions of said Section 35-39 and 35-60 of the Code of Virginia, are hereby incorporated in and made a part of this deed of trust in the respective short forms provided for by said statute, with the full meaning and intent as expressed and set forth in said statute, namely:

- (a) "Deferred purchase money."
(b) "Exemptions waived."
(c) "Subject to all upon default."
(d) "Renewal or extension permitted."
(e) "Right of anticipation reserved."
(f) "Insurance required EIGHT THOUSAND Dollars."
(g) "Bidders deposit of not more than ONE HUNDRED Dollars may be required."
(h) "Advertise once a week for two weeks in some newspaper published in the County of Floyd ~~of~~ Virginia."
(i) "In event of default Trustee may take possession of the property hereby conveyed and rent same pending sale."

WITNESS the following Signature S _____ and seal S _____

Kenneth B. Turman (SEAL)
Patricia E. Turman (SEAL)
 _____ (SEAL)
 _____ (SEAL)

CITY of ROANOKE To-Wit:

I Robert M. Miller Notary Public

in and for the City aforesaid, in the State of Virginia, do hereby certify that

KENNETH B. TURMAN and PATRICIA E. TURMAN

whose name s are signed to the foregoing Deed of Trust, bearing date the 27th day of

February 1970 have each acknowledged the same before me in my

City and State _____ aforesaid

GIVEN under my hand this the 4th day of March 19 70

My commission expires 11-6 1925

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Notary Public

KENNETH B. TURMAN, et ux

TO: DEED

HERMAN B. PATE

RECORDED IN

Deed Book 124

Page 145

THIS DEED made and entered into this 18th day of March, 1972 by and between KENNETH B. TURMAN and PATRICIA E. TURMAN, husband and wife, parties of the first part and HERMAN JEWEL PATE, party of the second part.

- : W I T N E S S E T H : -

THAT for and in consideration of the sum of \$10.00 cash in hand paid by party of the second part to parties of the first part receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, upon agreement of party of the second part to mark note secured by deed of trust of record in Deed Book 98 at page 566 satisfied; upon agreement of party of second part to release said deed of trust, and other good and valuable considerations, the receipt of all of which are hereby acknowledged, parties of the first part hereto do hereby give, grant, bargain, sell and convey with covenants of General Warranty of Title unto Herman Jewel Pate, party of the second part hereto his heirs and assigns forever in fee simple, with covenants of General Warranty and Modern English all that certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in County of Floyd, State of Virginia and described as follows, to wit:

BEGINNING with that certain parcel known as the Kelly School lot together with the appurtenances thereon containing 3/100 acre more or less, and being a part of the land which was conveyed to the said School Board from H. H. and Nora E. Kelley by deed dated September 17, 1902, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book No. 29 at Page No. 197, which conveys one acre more or less, 94/100 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia for the Park to Park Highway by deed dated February 6, 1936 and recorded in Deed Book No. 53 at page 395, and .07 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia by deed dated March 8, 1937, and recorded in Deed Book No. 54 at Page No. 447. Reference to the above mentioned deeds is hereby made for a more specific description of said land, and

BEING intention of grantors to convey same real estate conveyed to them by deed of record in Deed Book 98 at page 564.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD unto Herman Jewel Pate, party of the second part, in fee simple.

WITNESS our hands and seals

Kenneth B. Turman (SEAL)

Patricia E. Turman (SEAL)

STATE OF VIRGINIA

COUNTY OF FLOYD, to wit:

I, B. P. Simpson, a Notary Public in and for the County of Floyd, State of Virginia do hereby certify that Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman, husband and wife, whose

RALPH A. GLASCOCK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
DANBURG, VIRGINIA

47 Dec 1972
Floyd County, Virginia
Deed Book 124
Page 145
Dr. Kenneth B. Turman

names are signed to the foregoing deed bearing date of the 18th day of March, 1972; have this day personally appeared before me in the County of Floyd, State of Virginia and acknowledged the same before me in said County.

GIVEN under my hand this 18th day of March, 1972.

B. P. Simpson
Notary Public in and for the County of
Floyd, Virginia

My commission expires June 18, 1972

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County

March 30, 1972, at 8:50 A.M.

This Deed received in office, and, with certificate thereto attached, admitted to record. The tax imposed by Section 58-54.1 of the code in the amount of \$ 10.50 has been paid.

Teste: MARGARET H. HARMAN, Clerk

Charles S. Linham D.C.

RALPH A. GLASGOW
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

RECORDED IN

Dec 10 '09

Page 667

HERMAN JEWEL PATE, et ux, et al

TO: DEED

O. B. WARE, et ux

THIS DEED made and entered into this 24th day of April, 1972, by and between HERMAN JEWEL PATE and GLADYS PATE, his wife, and VIRGIE PATE, ^{DEED} mother of Herman Jewel Pate, parties of the first part, and O. B. WARE and JUANITA LOVE WARE, husband and wife, or the survivor, parties of the second part.

W I T N E S S E T H

THAT FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION of the sum of TEN THOUSAND (\$10,000.00) DOLLARS, composed of TEN (\$10,00) DOLLARS, cash in hand paid by the parties of the second part to ^{Herman J. Pate et al, et} the parties of the first part, and other good and valuable consideration, receipt of all of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties of the first part do hereby Bargain, Grant, Sell and Convey with Modern English Covenants and General Warranty of Title unto O. B. Ware and Juanita

Love Ware, husband and wife, as tenants by the entirety, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging, lying and being in Floyd County, State of Virginia, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning with that certain parcel known as the Kelly School lot together with the appurtenances thereon containing 3/100 acre more or less, and being a part of the land which was conveyed to the said School Board from H. H. and Nora E. Kelly by deed dated September 17, 1902, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book No. 29 at page No. 187, which conveys one acre more or less, .94/100 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia for the Park to Park Highway by deed dated February 6, 1936 and recorded in Deed Book No. 53, at page 393, and .07 acre was conveyed by the said School Board to the Commonwealth of Virginia by deed dated March 8, 1937, and recorded in Deed Book No. 54 at page No. 447. Reference to the above mentioned deeds is hereby made for a more specific description of said land; and

BEING the same property conveyed to Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman, which deed is of record in the aforesaid clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book 98 at page 584.

BEING the same property conveyed by Kenneth B. Turman and Patricia E. Turman to Herman Jewel Pate by deed dated March 18, 1972, of record in Deed Book 104, page 145 of the aforesaid clerk's office, which last mentioned deed was made in consideration of the cancellation of that certain note by Herman Jewel Pate in the original principal sum of \$11,925.00 dated February 27, 1970, and secured by the deed of trust in Deed Book 98 at page 568, which deed of trust Herman Jewel Pate has directed O. B. Ware as his agent to mark released and satisfied by means of a marginal release upon the aforesaid deed of trust as recorded in the aforesaid clerk's office.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD unto the aforesaid O. B. Ware and Juanita Love Ware, husband and wife, as tenants by the entirety, or the survivor of them, his or her heirs and assigns forever.

Virgie Pate, ^{Wife} Mother of Herman J. Pate, joins in with her said son and his wife as grantors in this deed for the express purpose of conveying unto the grantees all of whatever right, title and interest she may have in the aforescribed real property, so as to clear up any misunderstandings as to any rights or claims that she may have had in the same.

WITNESS the following signatures and seals of the parties of the first part on the day first above written.

Herman Jewel Pate (SEAL)
Herman Jewel Pate
Glady's Pate (SEAL)
Glady's Pate
Virgie Pate (SEAL)
Virgie Pate

BARRY M. LIGHTENTHORN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
SHARPSBURG, VA.

BARRY N. LINTENHUTER
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ROANOKE, VA.

STATE OF VIRGINIA
City
COUNTY OF ROANOKE

To-Wit:

I, the undersigned Notary Public, in and for the City County of Roanoke, State of Virginia, do hereby certify that Herman Jewel Pate and Gladys Pate, his wife, and Virgie Pate, mother of Herman Jewel Pate, whose names are signed to the foregoing deed bearing of April 24, 1972, have this day personally acknowledged the same before me in my county and state aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 10th day of July, 1972.

My commission expires: 12-28-74

P. J. [Signature]
Notary Public

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County
November 16 1973 at 12:55 P.M.
The deed received in office and with certificate thereto attached,
admitted to record. The fee imposed by Section 54.1 of the Code in
the amount of 10.00 has been paid.

By: MARGARET H. HARMAN, Clerk
Barbara L. Howell D.C.

610419

RECORDED IN
F. 231 1000 144
PAGE 430

WARRANTY DEED

Project: Blue Ridge Parkway
Tract: 20-120

THIS DEED, made this 13TH day of April, 1984, BY AND BETWEEN O. B. WARE and JUANITA LOVE WARE, husband and wife, GRANTOR, (the term "Grantor" includes masculine, feminine, singular and/or plural parties as the context indicates), their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, and the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, GRANTEE, whose address is , Washington, D. C. 20240.

WITNESSETH, that in consideration of the sum of FORTY-FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$44,600.00), in hand paid, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the said GRANTOR does hereby grant, sell and convey unto the said GRANTEE and its assigns, in fee simple, all of the following land, situate, lying and being in the County of Floyd, State of Virginia, to wit:

Tract No. 20-120

A tract of land situated along the north side of Section 1-Q of the Blue Ridge Parkway in Floyd County, Virginia near milepost 149, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at Blue Ridge Parkway Monument No. 208 in Virginia Secondary Route C-651; thence leaving said C-651 South 19°45'30" East, 101.16 feet to Monument No. 207; thence westerly parallel with and 100 feet north of the Blue Ridge Parkway to Virginia Secondary Route C-640; thence northwesterly along Route C-640 to the intersection with said Route C-651; thence easterly along said Route C-651 to the point of beginning.

Containing 0.50 of an acre, more or less.

Being the same land conveyed to O. B. Ware, et ux by Herman Jewel Pate, et ux on April 24, 1972, and recorded in Deed Book 109, page 667 of Floyd County, Virginia.

The above described land is being acquired for the use and benefit of the National Park Service of the Department of the Interior.

The GRANTOR releases and quitclaims unto the GRANTEE and its assigns all right, title and interest which the GRANTOR may have in and to any alleys, streets, ways, strips and gores abutting or adjoining said lands.

SUBJECT, HOWEVER, to the following rights outstanding in third parties: existing easements for public roads and highways, public utilities, railroads and pipelines.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the premises herein bargained, sold and conveyed and all privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging to the GRANTEE and its assigns forever.

AND SAID GRANTOR, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, does hereby covenant that GRANTOR is seized of said premises in fee and GRANTOR has the right to convey the same in fee simple; that the same is free from encumbrances; and GRANTOR will warrant and defend the said title to the same against the claims of all persons whomsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said GRANTOR has hereunto set their hand and seal the

day, month and year first above written.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered
In Our Presence:

Witness

[Signature] (SEAL)
O. B. Ware

Witness

[Signature] (SEAL)
Juanita Love Ware

STATE OF VIRGINIA

COUNTY OF FLOYD

} ss.

I, *Reggie G. Cowggy*, A Notary Public in and for the State and County aforesaid, do hereby certify that O. B. Ware and Juanita Love Ware, husband and wife, personally appeared before me in my County this day and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument.

Witness my hand and seal this 13TH day of April, 1984.

[Signature] (SEAL)
NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission Expires: 4 OCTOBER 1987

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County
April 13, 1984, at 11:36 P.M.
This Deed received in office, and, with certificate thereto attached,
admitted to record. The tax imposed by Section 53-54.1 of the code is
the amount of \$ — has been paid.

Teste: MARGARET H. HARMAN, Clerk

[Signature] MARGARET H. HARMAN, C. C.

Locust Grove School Trustees

From

H. H. Kelley \$15.00 14

Paynes Creek

This deed made and entered into this 17th day of September 1902 by and between Homer H. Kelley and Nora E. Kelley his wife of the first part and Locust Grove District School Trustees of Floyd County Virginia of the second part.

Witnesseth that for and in consideration of the sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) cash in hand paid the receipt where of is hereby acknowledged the parties of the first part have this day bargained sold and do hereby convey into the same Locust Grove District School Trustees Floyd Co., VA of the second part with general warranty a certain piece or parcel of land lying in the county of Floyd on the waters of Paynes Creek containing one acre be the same more or less adjoining the lands of H. H. Kelley and Geo. M. Ingram and bounded as follows: Viz

Beginning at stake on Pike near the corner of said Kelleys meadow thence west course with Turnpike to Geo. M. Ingram line thence South East course with Ingrams line to a white oak corner Thence East to a stake in H. H. Kelleys field thence North course to the beginning.

With free access to spring during school term the said H. H. Kelley reserves all timber growing upon said land with privilege of using same whenever he so elects.

Witness the following signatures and seals.

H. H. Kelley [seal]

Norah E. Kelley [seal]

RECORDED IN

Deed Book 73

Page 348

FLOYD COUNTY, VIRGINIA, SCHOOL BOARD, et als

TO: DEED

N. G. KELLEY, et ux

THIS DEED, made this 26th day of August, 1952, by and between the FLOYD COUNTY VIRGINIA, SCHOOL BOARD, and A. D. STONE and LILA M. STONE, his wife, parties of the first part; and N. G. KELLEY and MYRTLE D. KELLEY, his wife, parties of the second part;

WITNESSETH: THAT WHEREAS, the said Floyd County, Virginia, School Board, acting under Sections 22-161 and 15-692, current Code of Virginia, did, on the 7th day of June, 1952, sell by way of duly advertised public auction the real estate hereinafter described; and

Sell. to J. H. O. Off. - Sept. 18, 1952 - 1952

WHEREAS, the said A. D. Stone became the highest bidder therefor, and, has since sold said real estate to the said parties of the second part, who have complied with the terms of sale by paying the entire purchase price of THREE HUNDRED (\$300.00) DOLLARS in cash, and said A. D. Stone desires to unite with said School Board in this conveyance; and

WHEREAS, said sale was duly approved and ratified by an order of the Judge of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia, entered in Chancery Order Book 14 at page 151, on the 26th day of August, 1952.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises, and especially in consideration of the sum of THREE HUNDRED (\$300.00) DOLLARS, cash in hand paid to the said Floyd County, Virginia, School Board, by the parties of the second part at and before the sealing and delivery of this deed, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, the said parties of the first part do hereby bargain, sell, grant and convey, with covenants of SPECIAL WARRANTY OF Title, unto the said parties of the second part, in the proportions of an undivided one-half interest to each, the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain tract or parcel of real estate, known as Payne's Creek School, situate and being in Locust Grove Magisterial District, Floyd County, Virginia, containing an area of 1 acre, more or less; and
Being the same real estate which was conveyed to Locust Grove District School Trustees by deed from H. H. Kelley et ux., dated September 17, 1902, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia in Deed Book 29 at page 197, and to which deed reference is here made for a more particular description of said real estate.

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

Floyd County, Virginia, School Board.

By: R. O. Slusher, Sr. (SEAL)
Chairman.

FLOYD COUNTY, VIRGINIA,
SCHOOL BOARD SEAL,
impressed.

Attest: W. A. Compton (SEAL)
Clerk.

A. D. Stone (SEAL)
Lila M. Stone (SEAL)

State of Virginia,

County of Floyd, to-wit:

I, Curtis A. Sumpter, a Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia, do hereby certify that A. D. Stone and Lila M. Stone, his wife, whose names are signed to the foregoing and hereto annexed writing bearing date on the 26th day of August, 1952, personally appeared before me in my County and State aforesaid and acknowledged the same.

Given under my hand this 29th day of August, 1952.

Curtis A. Sumpter,
Commissioner in
Chancery.

State of Virginia,

County of Floyd, to-wit:

I, Curtis A. Sumpter, a Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia, do certify that R. O. Slusher, Sr., whose name is signed to the foregoing writing bearing date on the 26th day of August, 1952, as Chairman of the Floyd County, Virginia, School Board, and W. A. Compton, whose name is signed to the said writing as Clerk of Said Board, have personally appeared before me this day in my County and State aforesaid, and in the name of and on behalf of the said Floyd County, Virginia, School Board, acknowledged the said writing as the act and deed of the Floyd County, Virginia, School Board, and the said R. O. Slusher, Sr., made oath before me that he is Chairman of the Floyd County, Virginia, School Board, and that this deed is executed under authority of the said Board.

Given under my hand this 30th day of August, 1952.

Curtis A. Sumpter, Commissioner
in Chancery

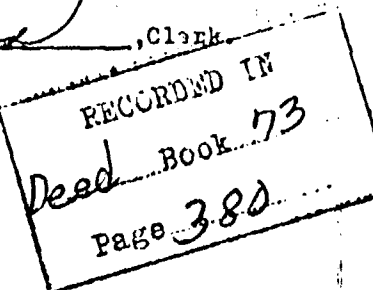
VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, September 5, 1952. at 1:45 O'clock, P. M.

This deed received in said office, and, with certificate thereto attached, admitted to record. Stamp: .55¢.

Teste: Leville West Deputy Clerk.

Waste:

, Clerk



N. G. KELLY, et ux

TO: DEED

W. H. PETERS, JR.

THIS DEED, made this 18th day of September, 1952, by and between N. G. Kelly and Myrtle D. Kelly, in their individual capacities and as husband and wife of each other, parties of the first part, and W. H. Peters, Jr., party of the second part,

WITNESSETH: THAT FOR and in consideration of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty (\$650.00) Dollars, cash in hand paid, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged the parties of the first part do hereby bargain, sell, grant and convey unto the party of the second part with Covenants of General Warranty of Title, all that certain tract or parcel of land lying and being on the waters of Paynes Creek

verified

Sub. A. H. Allen, Jr. Sept. 4, 1952

in Locust Grove Magisterial District of Floyd County, Virginia, containing One and 1/2 (1½) acres, more or less, and is bounded as follows:

BEGINNING at the corner of Sparrel Turner's land on South side of road no. 640 (old Floyd-Franklin Turnpike); thence in a S. direction to a large water oak stump in the line of N. G. Kelly; thence in an E. direction to an iron stake in the corner of a field; thence in a N. direction with the fence to an iron stake on the S. side of said road no. 640; thence with the same to the BEGINNING,

and being the entire Kelly Schoolhouse Lot which was conveyed to the parties of the first part by the Floyd County School Board, et als, by deed dated August 26, 1952, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Floyd County, Virginia, in Deed Book No. 73 at page 348; and also a part of the H. H. Kelly land.

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

N. G. Kelly (SEAL)
Myrtle D. Kelly (SEAL)

State of Virginia,

County of Floyd, to-wit:

I, J. H. Poff, a Commissioner in Chancery, for the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia, do certify that N. G. Kelly and Myrtle D. Kelly, in their individual capacities and as husband and wife of each other, whose names are signed to the foregoing deed, bearing date on the 18th day of September, 1952, have this day acknowledged the same before me in my County aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 18th day of September, 1952.

J. H. Poff, Commissioner
in Chancery.

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, September 18, 1952. at 3:20 O'clock, P. M.

This deed received in said office, and, with certificate thereto attached, admitted to record. Stamp \$1.10.

Teste: *J. H. Poff*, Clerk.

Verified
W. H. PETERS, JR., et ux
TO: DEED.
ROBERT LYNWOOD ALLEN

RECORDED IN
Deed Book *27*
Page *278*

THIS DEED, made this 4th day of February, 1956, by and between W. H.
Peters, .r. and Laura M. Peters, husband and wife, parties of the first part,
and Robert lynwood Allen, party of the second part,

*referred to
Frank Allen
6-11-63*

WITNESSETH: That for and in consideration of the sum of TWO THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$2300.00), of which sum One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00) is cash in hand paid to the parties of the first part by the party of the second part, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged; and the balance of One Thousand Three Hundred Dollars (\$1300.00) is evidenced by a purchase money real estate bond for a like amount, of even date herewith, made by the party of the second part, payable to the order of W. H. Peters, Jr., on or before twenty-six (26) months after date, without interest; it being expressly agreed and stipulated that the Vendor's Lien is retained against the hereinafter conveyed property, premises and improvements, until said bond is fully paid according to its face and tenor, effect and reading, when this deed shall become absolute; the said parties of the first part do hereby BARGAIN, SELL, GRANT and CONVEY with GENERAL WARRANTY OF TITLE Unto the said party of the second part all that certain tract or parcel of land lying and being on the waters of Paynes Creek in Locust Grove Magisterial District of Floyd County, Virginia, containing One and One-Half (1½) acres, more or less and being the entire Kelly Schoolhouse Lot which was conveyed to the male party of the first part by deed from N. G. Kelly and Myrtle D. Kelly, husband and wife, dated September 18th, 1952, of record in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Floyd County, Virginia in Deed Book Number 73 at page 380, to which deed reference is hereby made for a further description to the property hereby conveyed.

WITNESS the following Signatures and Seals:

W. H. Peters Jr. (SEAL)
Laura M. Peters (SEAL)

STATE OF VIRGINIA,

COUNTY OF FLOYD, to-wit:

I, J. H. Poff, a commissioner in chancery of the Circuit Court for the county aforesaid, in the State of Virginia, do certify that W. H. Peters, Jr. and Laura M. Peters, whose names are signed to the foregoing Deed, dated, the 4th day of February, 1956, have and each has acknowledged the same before me in my County aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 4th day of February, 1956.

The Note for which a lien is retained in the face of this deed was (were) this day produced before me in my office duly cancelled, this March 1, 1957

The lien retained in this deed has been fully paid off and discharged and same is hereby released, this March 1, 1957

FLOYD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD RECORDS OF KELLEY SCHOOL

SURVEY PUBLIC SCHOOL PLANTS
STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
In Cooperation With
STATE PLANNING BOARD

COUNTY Floyd

(1) Index No. of Bldg. 16 (2) Name Kelley (3) white or Negro W
(4) Year Constructed 1918 (5) Ownership-School Board X Privately Owned
(6) Brick Frames X Brick Veneer Stone Stucco (7) Acres in site 2

(8) School Year		33-34	34-35	35-36	36-37	37-38	38-39
(9) Enrollment Session of	Elem		32	30	25		
	H.S.	32					
(10) Grades taught Session of	Elem				1-7		
	H.S.						
(11) Grades eliminated due to consolidation with some other school	Elem				0		
	H.S.						
(12) Class Rms. Closed due to consolidation with some other school	Elem				0		
	H.S.						
(13) Pupils transported to this school	Elem	0	0	0	0		
	H.S.	0	0	0	0		
(14) Is site suitable and adequate for playground		yes	yes	yes	yes		
(15) Indebtedness of this school plant	Literary Fund	0	0	0	0		
	Owing Others	0	0	0	0		
(16) Population, Increasing Decreasing or Stationary		S	S	S	S		
(17) Score or Rating		35	35	35	35		
(18) Original Cost \$1,500			1500	1500	1500		
(19) Cost of Add.							
(20) Present Value \$1,350			1350	1350	1350		
(21) Number of Class Rooms in building		2	2	2	2		
(22) Number of Class Rooms in Use Last Session		1	1	1	1		
(23) Elec. Lights and Power	Local Plant						
	Public Service	no		no	no		
(24) Central Heating Plant in Building		no		no	no		
(25) Modern Flush Toilets		no		no	no		
(26) Does Bldg. have auditorium separate from Class Rooms		no		no	no		
(27) Does Bldg. have a Gym		no	no	no	no		
(28) Combined Auditorium-Gym		no	no	no	no		

(Over)

Grove,
nos

Check 2

Iddings 3

Kelly 4

Pineforest 5

Siner 6

Washington 7

Vest 8

Center 9

Lickbridge 10

Brushcreek 11

Jerry Fork 12

Mt Pleasant 13

Shady Fork 14

~~Shady Fork 14~~

Paynes Creek 15

Alleghany 16

Sawder 17

~~Shady Fork 14~~

A. 18

B 19

List of schools in Locust Grove
District (date unknown)

Check Account Book

1914-1922

Floyd County, Virginia. For Calendar Month of Oct. 1921.
Locust Grove District School Board
 To Teachers of Public Schools in Locust Grove District, Virginia

NAME OF TEACHER	Days Taught During Mo.	Days Taught During Session	Pupils Enrolled	Av. Daily Attendance	Salary Contracted for	Pension Deduction	Net Salary	
W. M. Weddle	21	33	8	8	110	—	115 50	✓
Macy Slusher	21	36	34	24	55	—	57 75	✓
Boretta Smith	21	36	25	18	45	—	47 25	✓
Carrie String	21	31	27	20	85	—	89 25	✓
Ethel Shockey	21	41	19	13	85	—	89 25	✓
Thelma Cox	21	41	29	16	85	—	89 25	✓
Brownlow Light	21	36	37	29	85	—	89 25	✓
W. B. Whitenack	21	41	36	28	85	—	89 25	✓
Garnett Boone ^{sub. out.}	31	31	41	26	80	—	62 00	✓
A. S. Basham	21	26	32	18	35	—	36 75	✓
Evelyn Light	21	31	22	15	35	—	36 75	✓
Bernice Austin	21	31	21	16	40	—	42 00	✓
Alice Smith	20	39	29	25	85	—	85 00	✓
Clovis Huff	20	39	27	23	85	—	85 00	✓
G. H. Hall	21	21	12	9	35	—	36 75	✓
Pauline Coker	20	30	33	17	40	—	40 00	✓
Grace Aldridge	20	20	19	11	35	—	35 00	✓
Viriam Boone	17	27	28	17	30	—	25 50	✓
Louise Conner	21	31	30	10	30	—	31 50	✓
Goldie String	21	31	35	22	40	—	42 00	✓
Posey Poff	16	16	25	15	35	—	28 00	
W. I. Clayton	21	21	23	19	50	—	52 50	

The amount set opposite the names of teachers are due under their contracts for Oct. month and are approved for payment.

L. L. Eberly

Division Supt. of Schools

To the Treasurer of said County _____ 19__

Pay Warrant No. _____ as above itemized for \$ _____ to the above named teachers out of the _____ School Fund for 19__, being the amounts due them for teaching Public Schools in _____ School District _____ County, Va.

By order of the Board of School Trustees:

_____ Clerk _____ Chairman

NOTE.—It is suggested that clerks give treasurers separate warrants for amounts deducted for pensions from male and female, white and colored teachers; then columns 4 and 5, 6 and 7, etc., added together will give at once the total salaries of each class of teachers.

Account of School Moneys Disbursed in Locust Grove District

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	DISBURSED ON ACCOUNT OF AMOUNTS RETAINED FOR TEACHERS' PENSIONS			
			Pensions White Male Teachers	Pensions White Female Teachers	Pensions Colored Male Teachers	Pensions Colored Female Teachers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
November the 14	1919					
"	4	Mary L. West.			"	
"	5	Mary West.			"	
"	6	Annie Williams.			"	
"	7	Mary S. Lusher			"	
"	8	Virgie Martin			"	
"	9	Grace Aldredge			"	
"	10	Carrie James			"	
"	11	Margaret Connor			"	
"	12	Scipio Light			"	
"	13	Minnie Kelley			"	
"	14	Edith M. Dight			"	
"	15	W. R. Whittemack			"	
"	16	Carrie King			"	
"	17	Elmina Boone			"	
"	18	Virgian Boone			"	
"	19	Brownlow Light			"	
"	20	Ida Vest				
"	20	Ellen Hurt			"	
"	21	Anna A. Vest			"	
"	22	Laura Barton			"	
"	23	Willard H. Connor			"	
"	24	G. H. Hale			"	
"	25	M. S. Clayton			"	
"	26	Charles Clayton			"	
"	27					

paid by Little River

Disbursement of School Moneys of Local Group

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
1914			
August the 14 th	1	✓ to A. H. Wilson	Stamps Stationary Phone
14	2	✓ H. H. Blackwell	Supplies at Strickler
14	3	✓ G. H. Board	Supplies at Kelley
✓ 26	4	✓ J. P. Proffitt & Son	School Books at Kelley
28	5	✓ H. A. Sawell	Printing
Sept 1 st	6	✓ J. L. Eppley	Supplement Salary
1	7	✓ E. W. Angle & Bros.	mowing & repairing out houses
4	8	✓ J. L. Eppley	and paid for Library
5	9	✓ A. J. Souder	Services as chairman
5	10	✓ H. H. Carr	Services as Trustee
11	11	✓ to A. H. Wilson	post papers Dis Clerk
Oct 2 nd	12	✓ J. L. Eppley	for Va Journal of Education
12	13	✓ John H. Ponce	School Furniture at Souder
14	14	✓ Freight Agent at ^{Kanawha}	freights on furniture
Nov 1 st	15	✓ H. H. Poff	hauling School Furniture
5	16	✓ J. M. Whitlock	Stone and repairs Little Rock
16	17	✓ J. M. Dickerson	County Expenses
16	18	✓ to A. H. Wilson	Services as District Clerk
19	19	✓ C. A. Hunt	water cooler window locks
20	20	✓ John E. Ponce	water cooler and three desks
23	21	✓ J. H. Phillimore	hauling desks & cooler
24	22	✓ S. W. Angle & Bros	well pump lumber putting up
30	23	✓ J. P. Ponce	repairing glue & roof at Souder
Dec 1 st	24	✓ J. M. Dickerson	local county expenses
21	25	✓ J. E. Carr	repairing door & south door
21	26	✓ John Souder	hauling & setting up desks

dict by Noah Wilson

District Clerk

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
		2 16			
		1 25			
		1 41 ←			
		✓ 55 ←			
		✓ 3 00			
		8.37			
		✓ 41 80			
		5 57			
		✓ 25 00			
		✓ 10 00			
		✓ 10 00			
		✓ 7 00 99.37			
		✓ 28 00			
		✓ 38 67			
		✓ 4 23 68.90			
		2 50			
		✓ 10.66			
		✓ 10 60			
		62 00			
		4 00			
		✓ 3 99			
		0 70			
		28 54			
		280 120 44			
		1 26			

ack & Supplies

Disbursement of School Moneys of Louisa Grove

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
1885			
Jan The	2	27 R. L. Vane	Painting Strickles house
	2	28 J. W. Gray & Co.	Boards 20 c. Stone pipe paint
	13	29 J. J. Poff	Paint for Strickles house
	16	30 S. W. Anger Brothers	for freight and handling Libray
	16	31 J. L. Eppert	for Libray at Strickles
	30	32 W. D. Conner	for repairs at Oddings
	26	33 Mr. J. J. Poff	Libray cases at Strickles &
February 10 th			
	10	34 John H. Pence	School Desks at A
	20	35 A. A. Wilson	freight on water cooler 5 c
	24	36 H. H. Wimmer	48 handle & lock & brown
	24	37 H. W. Carr	wood & glass Bruchery
	24	38 J. M. Whitworth	wood at Little Bridge
	26	39 Mary Keaton	Supplies at Center
	26	40 James M. Furrow	Store at Center
March The			
	8	41 D. W. & H. K. Kane	Supplies Longport & Little Bridge
	9	42 J. L. Eppert	Libray at Mt Pleasant
	10	43 L. W. Wickham	wood & at & handle at P.
	15	44 M. J. Clayton	and paid for books
	22	45 Riley M. Poff	wood at Shady Fork
	23	46 J. L. Vest	wood at Oddings
	25	47 W. B. Gray & Co.	Stone & at Supplies
	27	48 C. A. Smith	wood at Washington
	29	49 S. E. Peters	wood at Kelley
	30	50 S. H. Jones	wood at O. L. Perry School

District by Noah Wilson

District Clerk

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
glas		✓ 3 50.			
		✓ 26 64			
		✓ 1 40.			
		69			
		✓ 25 00			
		2 25			
		✓ 12 00			71.48
		1 12 79			
		✓ 3 86			
		1 45			
is		✓ 12 10			
		✓ 9 10			
		1 45			
		✓ 6 00			46.75
		2 15			
		✓ 20 00			
		✓ 10 00			
		2 05			
		6 50			
		✓ 7 50			
jones		10 07			
		✓ 6 00			
		✓ 6 90			
		1 5 00			

81 19

Disbursement of School Moneys Locust Grove

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
1915			
April 2nd	514	Jasper Conner	wood at Center
3	524	J. B. Akers	wood at Vest
10	534	J. J. Poff	Library Case Strickland
10	544	A. J. Sowder	wood at Sowder
10	554	J. M. Price	hauling Desk Sauts
10	564	Robert D. Conner	Wood & repairs at Gino
10	574	Joseph Poff	wood at Meadowsom
10	584	Jacob H. Poff	wood at Check
10	594	Isaac Wilson	wood at Wilson
10	604	H. H. Kelly	wood at Paynes Creek
15	614	T. J. Idling	Axes different Buckles Brown
15	624	P. B. Allge & Son	Axes different Buckles Brown
20	634	James Whitcomb	wood at Terry Fork
20	644	A. W. Carr	Contingent Expenses
20	654	A. J. Sowder	Contingent Expenses
21	664	John Sowder	Lampoil Chalk & y
22	674	Williams & Clayton	wood at it
27	684	C. P. Radford & Co.	Differ brooms Chalk
30	694	O. L. Lacy	wood at B.
30	704	Poff & Reed	Stone Pipe Chalk Glass
May the 1st	71	John H. Angle	wood at Grove
	72	S. W. Angle & Son	painter brush chalk & freight
4	734	J. B. Foster	wood at Albyhardy
13	744	S. J. Smith	wood at Strickland
June the 2nd			
	754	P. M. Conner	wood at Center

District by

Noah Wilson

District Clerk

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
		✓ 6 00			
		✓ 8 25			
		✓ 6 00			
		✓ 5 50			
		✓ 8 00			
		✓ 6 40			
		✓ 6 50			
		✓ 6 60			
		✓ 8 00			
		✓ 9 00			
		2 20			
		2 03			
		✓ 7 00			
		✓ 1 50			
		✓ 1 50			
		45			
		✓ 6 87			
		1 30			
		✓ 1 00			
		1 07			
		✓ 12 00			
		5 51			
					90 42

Disbursement of School Moneys

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
March 14 th	1916		
	51	O. B. Aldredgeson	Stamps
18	52	J. M. Whitman	Ates differe Buckets brown
20	53	J. P. Hoff	wood at Little Ridge
21	54	J. J. Jeddings	repairs at Alleghany
23	55	Loyce Brothers	glass Brown attachment by
25	56	W. K. Wray & Son	Ates differe Buckets &
27	57	Merritt King	Ates Buckets Brown
27	58	K. K. Wallen	wood at Jeddings
27	59	David Webster	wood at St.
27	60	Edwin Wilson	wood at Trickle
			Stamps & Stationery
April			
11	61	E. D. Whitman	wood at Lingo Fork
13	62	J. M. Dickerson	County Expenses
14	63	Samuel & Wickham	one brown
21	64	Prof. & Read	Ates glass Putty supplies
22	65	H. H. Kelley	wood at Paines Creek
22	66	Noah Danner	Supplies at Paines Creek
26	67	Willie Wolkham	wood at Pine forest
28	68	J. B. Foster	wood at Alleghany
28	69	A. Moran	wood at Kelley
May the 1 st			
1	70	Edwin Wilson	wood at Wilson
4	71	Co. A Hunt	wood & paint Mc Plea
5	72	J. L. Ingraham	Stamps differe Buckets
10	73	J. W. Gray & Co	money order Paines
15	74	William Ziel	wood at Sincer

District by

District Clerk

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
		✓ 5.50			
		✓ 10.00			
		1.20			
		1.05			
		8.41			
		2.58			
		1.00			
		✓ 6.25			
		8.00			
		✓ 3.02	51.06		
		for march			
		7.50			
		12.36			
		25			
		6.85			
		8.00			
		2.69			
		8.00			
		1.80			
		6.25	59.90 ←		
		10.00			
		14.60			
		95			
		3.60			
		10.00			

Disbursement of School Moneys of Bristol, Maine

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
Sept 11			
Sept 11	1	Homer Collins	for putting windows in
Sept 2	2	J. P. Radford	Stone pipe & also mason
Sept 2	3	A. J. Souder	Services as Chairman
Sept 2	4	H. H. Carr	Services as Trustee
Sept 2	5	J. L. Epperly	for Librarian Kelly
Sept 2	6	J. L. Epperly	Supplies to School
Sept 7	7	Noah Wilson	Part service as Dist
Sept 8	28	J. W. Gray & Co	insurance fee
Sept 7	29	Poff & Reed	Stone Teacher & K. Sup
Sept 10	30	Homer Collins	Setting up Stone & K. Sup
Sept 11	31	Noah F. Conner	Hauling furniture
Oct 12			
Oct 12	32	Noah Wilson	part pay as Dist Clerk
Oct 16	13	J. L. Epperly	for Journal of Education
Oct 14	14	J. B. Hicks	work on out houses
Oct 17	15	A. J. Souder	Contingent Expenses
Oct 17	16	~~John H. Conner~~	~~part pay as Dist Clerk~~
Oct 18	17	J. W. Jennings	Repairing out houses
Oct 18	18	Allent Handriches	Bushes & Broom
Oct 20	19	J. C. Holt	out houses & Poplar
Oct 24	20	J. M. Whittemore	out houses & Poplar
Oct 26	21	Noah Wilson	part pay as District
Oct 30	22	Noah F. Conner	hauling Drab & K. Sup
November 13	23	J. J. Poff	Lumber at house & Chubb
Nov 13	23	J. J. Poff	
Nov 20	24	Noah Wilson	Balance as service as
Nov 24	24	J. L. Epperly	and for County School &
Nov 27	26	John H. Conner	School furniture

District by

Wash. Wilson

District Clerk

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
	"	V 2 70			
		2 94	\$4.64		
		V 10 00			
		V 10 00			
		V 40 00	←		
		V 41 80			
<i>clerk</i>		V 10 00			
		V 1 20			
		V 16 27			
		V 2 50			
		V 2 00	133 77		
		V 10 00			
		25 00			
		2 00			
		1 50			
		13 40			
		V 4 60			
		60			
<i>at Strickland</i>		V 5 00			
		V 2 10			
<i>clerk</i>		V 5 00			
		V 50	56 20		
		V 12 80			
<i>district clerk</i>		V 50 00			
		V 16 00			
		V 120 68	Country ... Fair 18 00		

Disbursement of School Moneys.

DATE OF WARRANT 1915	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
Feb 5 th	267	W. H. V. Lee	Teachers & H. & L. Lee
March 2 nd	271	A. H. Keller	wood Paynes Creek
6	28	Wm. H. H. Lee	Surveying lot
13	29	B. P. Atkins	wood at Vest
13 ^c	30	C. W. Jones	wood at Bowen
18	31	Sharon G. H. H.	wood & rent Sholler
20	32	M. J. C. Taylor	wood and Book
21	33	W. H. Lee	wood at Bush Creek
21	34	W. D. Bragdon	wood at Shadfork
22	35	Casper C. Lee	wood at Carter
25	36	M. H. King	wood at Idolings
26	37	H. J. Ridings	School Supplies
28	38	W. J. Poff	wood at Sines
29	39	W. D. Gray	the repairs hauling
April The 8	40	A. J. K. K. K.	wood at Cheek
10	41	E. & Whitman	wood and broom at
10	42	J. M. Whitman	wood at Lick Ridge
11	43	Noah Wilson	phonographs & Stamps
15	44	J. H. Wright	School insurance
May 18	45	J. V. G. G. G.	all kind of Supplies
18	46	J. H. H. H.	wood from Warton
13	47	J. C. Conner	wood at the Plover
20	48	P. M. S. S.	School Supplies
20	49	J. J. Poff	flooring Oil at P. H. H.

District by

District Clerk

DISBURSED						RECEIVED					
STATE		COUNTY		DISTRICT		STATE		COUNTY		DISTRICT	
				15	70						
				10	00						
				1	50						
				10	00						
				8	00						
				15	00						
				6	42						
				10	00						
				10	00						
				7	50						
				7	50						
				2	80						
				18	00						
				13	02	11	84				
				30	00						
				10	50						
				10	00						
				3	10						
				1	20	54	80				
				1	00						

Disbursement of School Moneys

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
1919	old	Disbursements	\$1147.16
July the 5 th		J. H. Angle & Sons paid insurance on 5	
		Alone Auto Saddle July the 16 th 1919	
July the 16 th		Outstanding District warrants	
	1	Arch Wilson	Stamps Stationery
	2	J. F. Smith	School supplies
Aug 20 th	3	H. H. Leare	services as trustee
20	4	J. H. Angle	Services as chairman
24	5	Angle Brothers	Supplies at Grove
26	6	J. L. Efferly	Supplements to salary
28	7	E. S. Barnard	Supplies at Grove
Sept 22	8	H. H. Leare	Selling Lumber Fork House
Oct 3	9	James H. Lawrence	Surveying Lot
7	11	A. Morris	wood at Kelley
7	12	J. M. Lawster	on Lumber Fork House
9	13	J. H. Pence	11 back seats
16	14	R. L. Poff	hauling deck to & back
14	15	J. M. Lawster	completing house
18	16	E. P. Barnard	9 joints steel pipe
24	17	J. L. Efferly	Vo Journal Education
29	18	Hosea Poff	hauling stone
Nov 18	19	Arch Wilson	District Clerk
	20	John Vance	putting up desk etc
19	21	John H. Pence	Furniture Lumber Fork
22	22	H. H. Lawrence	Hauling furniture
	23	Arch Leare	haul stone to school
Dec 2nd	24	J. H. Angle & Sons	All kind Supplies
6	25	Albert Comer	wood at school
8	26	Anna Williams	Travis fare to

District Clerk.

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
house		~~43~~ ~~43~~ 20 \$ 32 10 1 51 13 62 10 00 10 00 3 50 41 80 10 87 1 00 2 50 5 00 7 00 00 44 10 2 50 488 60 1 80 24 00 2 50 75 00 11 65 118 88 6 86 50 71 42 25 00 14 12 Amount on This page \$1708 38			

Disbursement of School Moneys

Locust Grove

DATE OF WARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
<i>Jan 1920</i>			
	27	<i>Charles L. Taylor</i>	<i>Repairing Roof at A</i>
<i>8</i>	28	<i>Tracy Co owner</i>	<i>repairing stone at Grove</i>
<i>9</i>	29	<i>A. H. Hendrick</i>	<i>supplies at Lays Fork</i>
<i>9</i>	30	<i>Tracy H. Co owner</i>	<i>wood at Center</i>
<i>20</i>	31	<i>M. W. Lancaster</i>	<i>Hauling Lumber to Sawdust</i>
<i>27</i>	32	<i>G. D. Shuler</i>	<i>Recovering Feed Lugs For R</i>
<i>Feb the 7th 1920</i>			
	33	<i>M. J. Clayton</i>	<i>repairing water cooler</i>
	34	<i>James H. Co owner</i>	<i>1 stone at check</i>
<i>14</i>	35	<i>James H. Co owner</i>	<i>Services at check</i>
<i>14</i>	36	<i>W. J. Knappff</i>	<i>Services at check</i>
<i>20</i>	37	<i>R. W. Smith</i>	<i>wood and asphalt at Sawdust</i>
<i>23</i>	38	<i>J. H. Carter</i>	<i>Tables & Benches</i>
<i>28</i>	39	<i>Oscar D. Bell</i>	<i>work at Shadyfork</i>
<i>29</i>	40	<i>J. J. Poff</i>	<i>Lumber for Tables & Benches</i>
<i>March the 4th 1920</i>			
	41	<i>M. C. James</i>	<i>repairs at Kelley</i>
<i>6</i>	42	<i>George W. Wallis</i>	<i>wood at Vest</i>
<i>9</i>	43	<i>Robert W. Collins</i>	<i>rent of house at check</i>
<i>15</i>	44	<i>James Dewitt</i>	<i>wood at Shadyfork & A</i>
<i>15</i>	45	<i>Albert Co owner</i>	<i>wood at check</i>
<i>17</i>	46	<i>T. J. Iddings</i>	<i>the glass stove pipe</i>
<i>20</i>	47	<i>Wm. King</i>	<i>wood at Iddings</i>
<i>22</i>	48	<i>John Foster</i>	<i>wood at Allegheny</i>
<i>25</i>	49	<i>John Vest</i>	<i>wood and work at Shadyfork</i>
<i>30</i>	50	<i>H. B. Wimmer</i>	<i>Stone pipe Chalk Buckets</i>
<i>31</i>	51	<i>W. D. Leaghead</i>	<i>the on supplies Shadyfork</i>

District by Noah, Wilson,

District Clerk.

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
		2 01			
		3 00			
		11 95			
		16 00			
		2 60			
		1 25			
		1 00			
		5 60			
		2 00			
		14 00			
		15 00			
		2 00			
		3 50			
		2 45			
		4 60			
		15 00			
		3 00			
		30 00			
		25 10			
		4 93			
		15 00			
		16 00			
		22 00			
		1 65			
		5 10			

Disbursement of School Moneys

of Louisa Grove

VARRANT	No.	IN WHOSE FAVOR	ON WHAT ACCOUNT
The 9 th			
	52	Willie Wickham	wood at Pinpoint
12	53	Maima Comner	two brown & pine forests
13	54	Glover Carr.	wood at Brush Creek
13	55	J. M. Whitnack	wood at Link Ridge
13	56	S. A. Yeatts	wood at B. colored
14	57	Walter V. Thompson	wood at Payne Creek
15	58	R. M. King	Stone pipe & gas chalk
20	59	G. B. Comner	wood at Grove
22	60	Edy Peters	wood at Kelly
26	61	Box Brothers	Chalk at Brush Creek
	62	S. J. Comner	wood at Mt Pleasant
The 10 th 1920			
	64	May the 10 th Riley Comner	wood at Line
	65	Noah Wilson	Stamp & Stationary for the year
	66	Albert Handcock	Supplies at Perry's
19	67	James H. Conter	rent of building at chalk
20	68	W. H. Louma's	Painting
	69	E. W. Ingram	1 glass & diffuser
	70	J. F. Smith	Supplies Pinpoint since 9 Mo
	71	E. P. Radford Jr	Supplies for three schools
	72	Noah Wilson	Stationary & Postage

District by

Noah Wilson

District Clerk

DISBURSED			RECEIVED		
STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	COUNTY	DISTRICT
		15 20			
		1 60			
		15 00			
		15 00			
		15 00			
		15 00			
		2 15			
		35 00			
		15 00			
		3 00			
		32 00			
		30 00			
		6 80			
		3 80			
		3 00			
		3 00			
		48			
		16 88			
		10 68			
		1 80			

Please cut

I. L. EPPERLY.

Division-Supt. Schools Floyd County

FLOYD, VIRGINIA. Dec. 12, 1921.

To the Treasurer and Clerks:

From the first annual appropriation
on the ten cent tax, which has heretofore
been forwarded to the treasurer on
the first of Nov. and the first of Feb.
next; The several districts are entitled
to the following amounts:

Alum Ridge	- - - - -	\$ 1518.96.
Burke Fork	- - - - -	3131.55.
Court House	- - - - -	3095.22.
High School	- - - - -	1548.83.
Indian Valley	- - - - -	3738.33.
Locus Grove	- - - - -	4158.85.
Little River	- - - - -	3390.34.
Total	- - - - -	\$ 20582.08.

The State Fund in each district
should be given credit according to
the schedule given above.

Respectfully submitting,
I. Epperly.

District School Tax.
 Levy for current year (cents on \$100)..... 58 1/2
 Amount asked for by County School Board for
 next year \$ 51 1/2
 No. cents on \$100 levied by Supervisors for
 next year 51 1/2
 Estimated yield of tax levied \$ 195.9

County School Tax.
 Levy for current year (cents on \$100)..... 25 1/2
 Levy for next year (cents on \$100)..... 20 1/2

Value of School Property Owned by District.
 Value of property owned at beginning of year.. \$26,561
 Value of property owned at end of year..... 32,720

Visits by Trustees, Etc.
 Number of visits to the schools by trustees dur-
 ing year 29
 Number of meetings of district board held dur-
 ing year 3

Treasurer's Commissions.
 On State tax \$ 66.88
 On County School levy 62.10
 On District School levy 118.44
 Total \$ 245.42

Sites and Buildings	Equipment	Furniture	Libraries, Etc.
\$217.60	\$11.60	\$28.90	\$7.50
257.60	11.60	28.90	7.50
Total			

Number of pupils supplied with textbooks at District expense -White 8 Colored..... 1
 Number of schools discontinued during year by reason of consolidation of schools-White..... 1 Colored..... 1

SCHOOL HOUSES

Whole Number..... 17	No. with outhouses..... 17	No. with globes.....	Average No. acres of ground attached..... 1
No. brick.....	" with patent desks..... 17	" with modern system of ventilation..... 8	No. having 1/4 acre or less.....
" stone.....	" with suitable grounds..... 17	" of houses painted..... 17	No. having more than 1/4 acre, but less than 1 acre..... 3
" frame..... 17	" with grounds enclosed..... 6	" built during the year..... 1	No. having 1 acre and over, but less than 2 acres..... 11
" log.....	" with good furniture..... 17	" owned by district of wagons used to transport pupils..... 17	No. having 2 acres of ground or more..... 2
" rooms in all..... 24	" with wall maps..... 17		No. volumes in school libraries..... 1184

Number Seating Capacity		White	Colored	Total
Schoolhouses in the district for white schools.....	891	16	1	17
Schoolhouses in the district for colored schools.....	81			
Totals.....	972	16	1	17

I certify that the foregoing is correct.

July 29, 1921

Heath Wilson

DISTRICT CLERK