

Courier

The National Park Service Newsletter



Vol. 3, No. 12

Washington, D.C.

November 1980

Rocky Mountain high for E&AA . . .



(From left, kneeling) Bill Locke, Jim Ryan, Ross Sweeny, George Fry, Dick Hart, Jim Sullivan, Tom Ela, Stan Albright and Wayne Cone. (Standing) Dick Russell, Mary Benson, Norm Reigle, Naomi Hunt, Connie Wirth, Terry Wood, Frances Reynolds, Jim Tobin, Roger Rector, Sandra Alley, Nick Carlin, Vic Dahlberg, Ebba Brooks, Ray Rundell and Vern Ingram.

Members of the Board of the NPS Employees and Alumni Association met at the YMCA of the Rockies camp at Estes Park, Colo., Sept. 22-25. Also, during that week, nearly 150 E&AA members and their spouses gathered to celebrate the 25th Anniversary of the founding of the Association.

A special autograph session with former Director Connie Wirth, author of the book, "Parks, Politics and the People," was held on Wednesday.

The Kowski Golf Tournament took place on Thursday amidst the golden glory of aspen-clad mountainsides near Rocky Mountain National Park. At a banquet on Thursday evening awards were presented to the winning golfers. All profits from the Kowski Golf

Tournament are donated to the E&AA Educational Trust Fund that provides interest-free loans for college expenses for NPS youth.

Also, at the banquet on Thursday evening, a tape recording was played of the telephone conversation with former Director Horace Albright, which took place on the evening of Aug. 25, when the announcement was made to him that he would be receiving from the President of the United States the Medal of Freedom. That announcement was made by Assistant Secretary Bob Herbst by phone to Albright at his home in California during a dinner meeting of the 1916 Society at the National Geographic Building in Gaithersburg, Md.

Speakers at the Sept. 25 E&AA banquet included Rocky Mountain Regional

Director Lorraine Mintzmyer and Rocky Mountain National Park Superintendent Chet Brooks. Former Director Connie Wirth spoke in commemoration of the National Park Women's organization, praising them for the tremendous job they have done over the past 25 years—particularly in raising money for the E&AA Educational Trust Fund; and Ebba Brooks, wife of Superintendent Brooks, spoke in behalf of the Women's organization. (National Chairperson Babs Albert was unable to attend the meeting.)

The 25th Anniversary Commemorative Address was made by Director Russ Dickenson before nearly 500 Park Service people who attended the banquet on the final evening of the week of the gala reunion. (See Page 33.)

... and a quarter of a century, too

By Richard Russell
Reference Services
Harpers Ferry Center, W. Va.

NPS Alum Bill Everhart used to say that history doesn't really occur in chapters, it only seems that way. I believe that chapters occur in our own lives, pivoting on such events as marriages, job changes, military service, the luck of the draw with our offspring, and with rheumatism and stuff like that. But if we look for chapters in the history of an organization, we are in for disappointment. In the Park Service we can talk about a railroad passenger era, certainly a CCC era, (How about a Harold J. Ickes era?), and World War II and Mission 66 eras or phases. But the parks, Service goals, and Service philosophy lived through all of these time-frames without much veering or braking. Changing times yield new labels, not new chapters.

You have probably noticed that events of the past 25 years do not form up into an easily labeled package. Future historians may be able to detect some unifying elements and influences, but I can't. I'm too close to the picture, and I lack the skill! But this has been the period in which we have had an NPS COURIER and an Employees and Alumni Association. And for this edition, I'm pledged to jot down a jumble of impressions, selected from NPS trends and developments that I've been able to discern. If you have noticed different ones, and can help describe the many I've had to leave out, why not strike a blow for that future historian, and contribute your thoughts to these pages? Here are a few of mine, on trends and developments:

Let's start with superintendents conferences, because the National Park COURIER, the E&A Association, and the NPS Women's organization were all set moving at such gatherings. For a long time the conferences were regularly spaced, 2 years apart, and played an important role in Servicewide communication and morale. In 1925, all of the supers got into cars and had a grand tour from Mesa Verde down through most of the Southwest monuments. Funds were up, the head count was low. Today's conditions make such a thing impossible—many supers and a frugal fiscal conscience. The trend shows a sudden jolt. Along about 1963 conferences were replaced by regional directors gatherings and supers conferences in each region, rather than national ones. The big conference in 1977 signals a return to the old method—but don't look for a string of them to start up again.

Still, morale and communication are two important things. When you are pondering on what happened to one or the other, you might discover that their graphs dipped at about the same time that the conference trend showed its wiggle.

At several conferences in the 1950s there was a phenomenon known as Onelick R. Evergreen. He had a COURIER write-up not too long ago, but I think he needs another mention. Onelick was a symbol, a living proof that the troops trusted the leadership—that times were good. Informality and "play" are symptoms of organizational health. Onelick went around grabbing microphones from dignified bureaucrats and doing things like that! And he wrote his own material. Sure must have been a sign of something.

Vince Gleason, chief of NPS Publications at Harpers Ferry Center, W. Va., is a genius of many facets; and if you look over one of his UNIGRID park folders today you must admit that he has brought us a long way in the publication game. The evolution has been rapid, starting with square, black and white leaflets of four pages each. The first move was into art, then into miniaturization, then into multiple colors. But the path was never easy, and the struggles were often hectic. Change encounters resistance, and I hope that some day our Publication Division will print its own history of the storms and thorns.

The storm of 1965-66 was mostly Vince and Bill Everhart taking on groups of variably hostile supers and interpreters, podium to floor, at conferences and training sessions. After many years of black and white, the new products looked too frilly to a lot of old hands, and WASO salesmanship was taxed to the limit, you bet! The agenda for a few matches included a color movie on toy trains, which provided a target for mockery and invective that really kept you from sleeping at the meeting. But it blew over, the color and art began to win field battles, and we eventually even became loyal to minifolders, and broadsides that you had to sell instead of handing them out free.

Vince and Bill were right, of course. Take out any folder 20 years old, and place it beside a current UNIGRID, and you will see what those two could envision before any of the past 25 years of development had transpired. A row of park folders placed in chronological order will give you a marvelous display of real progress between the 1950s and the present.

The process of park planning has



Former Director Connie Wirth with Onelick Evergreen.



Former Director Hartzog with super-size park ranger's hat.



Tiny Semingsen, first editor of the National Park COURIER, "Steve Mather's Family Newspaper," 25 years ago.



Former *COURIER* Alumni Editor, the late great Dan Beard.



Herb Evison, NPS Editor Emeritus and Special Features Editor for *COURIER*.



The late Frank Kowski, for whom the Kowski Golf Tournament is named.

changed with the times in 25 years, but it seldom gets the exposure allotted publications and some other facets of Service life. In Mission 66 days and before, planning was mostly done by a cadre of landscape architects in Washington, with the help of talented regional people who wore all kinds of hats. Field people got to touch the pen, too, and there'll be many who remember a summer in the early 60s when every area was expected to turn out two new master plans. Two, not one! For years I wondered about that exercise, its haste, and the lack of full explanation from the WASO power base. I wondered about the selection of summer months for its completion, too!

Years later, I got to where they stored planning documents, and in the accumulation was a partial explanation of the need for repeat planning in that summer of pain. With over 200 authors, the variation in the reporting was astonishing. The plans were meant to be read and used by agents making careful comparisons between the areas. Yet here they were, the first edition, anyway, going in too many directions to make such comparisons clear. So, the guidelines were re-issued, the requirements made more plain, but nowhere in the instructions did anyone simply tell what had happened. I suppose lots of people heard about it by the water cooler, but many didn't, and that's why I'm putting it here.

Right after that, Service Centers were invented, several at first, and then boiled down to two—at Harpers Ferry and Denver. In and around the inventing and the boiling flowed some very exciting news stories, particularly over the boiling; and the bad press and hard feelings over some of the moves made it look as though an era was ending or beginning. But planning went right on, and even got better.

The division between two historic phases lay not at one of the emotional high points but probably at an earlier time, when a decision was made to use planning documents in new ways, as other agencies have long been doing.

In 1956, "theater," an alias for living history, was listed by WASO as an interpretive method that had been tried and found wanting. In 1975 and '76, two bicentennial plays were presented in all regions, and were given more complimentary news coverage than anything else we have ever created for the interpretive world. Circumstances do alter cases, and opinions certainly do change. Yet, even now the pendulum is moving, and we hear that living history may be out of style. In point of fact, living history in one form or another has been with us since before there was an NPS.

Quite early on, we had summer pageants, Indian legends put on in some western parks, and Paul Green plays to celebrate history at Fort Raleigh in North Carolina and at NCR. Remember the National Capital Sewqui, in 1950? Maybe you don't but in that year Ford's Theatre and Wolf Trap Farm Park for the Performing Arts were both presaged by the development of Carter-Barron Amphitheater in Rock Creek Park, and Green's *Faith of Our Fathers* ran all summer.

Well, now we have these and other performing arts facilities, and in most historic areas we are into "theater" to the extent of a costume or two, a live-in around a cannon or a campfire, or at Yellowstone or Yosemite we are giving hotel tours and bus tours to recreate what it was like for visitors "X" number of years ago. Living history will refuse to die under those circumstances going forth proudly no matter how small the budget. We can't claim to have invented it, but this type of theater, particularly since 1961, has rung the bell for us. It's good, the visitor loves it, and it is one very fertile garden plot for imaginative employees. We've all been cautioned in the arts of historic sanitation and "fardicide," so this is one area of enthusiasm that will continue to produce beyond expectations. The trend here is hard to graph, being an explosive success. "Tried and found wanting? Not on your life!"

Another very successful trend for us in the past 25 years has been in new areas, hard to count and hard to gauge as a social phenomenon. Between them, Directors Wirth and Hartzog reached out to the Legislative Branch so successfully that a "chapter" may be a-building for the Service, and another one over there in the realm of congressional stewardship and vote husbandry. The new areas have come pouring forth, and for us the term "omnibus bill" is very close to outrage these days. And Alaska! Apparently the advances there are still undecided, but look out for the bulge when we get to totaling acreage. Sure, the funds and manpower ceilings lag by comparison, but I quote the cook's rule—first catch your rabbit.

Inspection of the figures bears forward a truth from the past, that it is easier to expand in the West than in the East. Another truth—historical areas are definitely on the march. In an effort to be fair to all, we are puzzling some wilderness devotees in our selection of urban sites, but this will pay large dividends in the long run, the run which we should all train ourselves to anticipate. Responsiveness to the citizen is the real change we are seeing, and to

(Continued on Page 4.)

respond we follow him to where he lives. So instead of worrying about the river that catches on fire, or the one that dries up in the summer, let's use them as funny stories on ourselves, and establish environmental defense lines in new places.

Urban concerns, urban response, are getting a lot of headlines lately. Our growth as a Service into that niche is probably as spectacular as anything we have previously done. The sudden growth is new, but the concern is older, and begins at least as far back as the junior nature and history programs set up in the '50's in Washington, D.C., Hot Springs, and St. Louis. There was criticism of those beginnings, in some quarters. But those good ideas vindicated themselves, and in the 1960s when national attention was turned to urban problems, we were at least partially ready. On very short notice we were able to rise to the need. The prototype was *Summer in the Parks*, which quickly budded Richmond's (Va.) *Sum-Fun*, establishing some new public services and kindling a general interest that now bears fruit from coast to coast.

Inherent in our basic philosophy and mission is an opposition to larking about in the city. But on reflection, we can recognize this trail as one that can lead to better fulfillment of our mission, as it pertains to the visitor resource.

Properly handled, the urban formula will yield us an advantageous public

In October when autumn colors reach their peak at Shenandoah NP, Va. 1958.

Dinosaur NM, Colo.-Utah, 1957.

image, something no service organization can afford to neglect. Chalk up another important new appreciation. Conceived in the last 20 years or so, and destined to complement and assist the fulfillment of our mission, not to hamper it.

How about the uniforms? Before 1955, about the only change worth mentioning was the disappearance of cavalry boots in 1940. From 1952-1955 the idea of a shoulder patch was crystallizing, and, you guessed it, change met resistance. The arrowhead symbol, now much beloved, caused no little grumbling when it became mandatory. In 1966, the

parkscape triangle, actually better art than the shoulder patch, came off the blocks at "can't-lose" speed. It even got on a postage stamp in full color. What better acceptance than that? But it never got on the uniform, and in 1970 it was yanked off of everything, a victim of determined conservatism rising from the rank and file.

Women's uniforms have created more excitement than the men's. In the '50's the man's shirt and long green tie did little for the female psyche. Add male chauvinism, the WAC hat and the severe Ike jacket and the picture gained no encouragement. There was a great leap



Photo by Jack E. Boucher.



Photo by Abbie Rowe.

forward when Marion (Riggs) Durham went on tour to popularize the off-peach culotte with variations. But that time the contractor took us to the cleaners. And cactus spines and saddle leather, etc., wore the cloth so fast that there was great wailing. Another gripe centered on the lack of pockets. There was no joy. The dark greens solved part of the problem and denim fatigues another part. An array of photos featuring the women's official styles of the past 20 years will provide vivid fashion evolution. Today's green pants are a triumph over the early green skirts, but the path between the two was hardly a straight line. I

understand they have also done something about the cut of the shirt.

The ranger badge has also proven Darwin's theory. Do you remember the round superintendent badge, that went out about 1959? For a while, only division chiefs wore gold shield-shaped badges, and then all hands went to gold. Then, numbers on the back. Then 2 years of a Dali-esque nutcracker symbolizing friendly hands, or something. Secretary Wally Hickel laid that to quick rest, and brought a buffalo into view. If badges were fossils, what a story they'd tell.

The best thing that came out of the uniform saga was uniform allowances for

maintenance employees. Hard hats and Park Service green—that's scenery and one other thing—the ranger hat did not change, and even went uni-sex at the same time.

As a fan of NPS history, I can wax emotional about our traditions, and foibles and incidents that helped make them. Probably you can, too, and you'll agree that our image depends greatly on the uniform and our symbols. I cherish them all, even the triangle that failed. Others must, too. I hear there are even people with badge collections. Collect on, fanciers, and keep scrapbooks. That's the way our heritage is preserved.

Photo by Abbie Rowe.



Helen Wirth, wife of former Director Connie Wirth, at Yellowstone NP picnic. 1957.



Connie Wirth (center) with friends at Yellowstone NP picnic. 1957.

(From left) Connie Wirth, Gary Everhardt, Bill Whalen, Bill Briggie and George Hartzog. 1977.



Bicentennial not over yet

Contrary to a popular impression, the Nation's Bicentennial observance did not end with the 1976 celebration of the 200th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

Apparently, few people realize that the American Revolution, the war that won our independence from England, was going on before and went on long after members of the Continental Congress sat down in Philadelphia on July 4, 1776, and declared—on paper—that we were an independent nation.

It was necessary to fight for that status, and it wasn't until 1783, after many hard-fought battles and bitter campaigns, that England finally recognized American independence.

The bicentennials of four of those battles will be observed at Southeast Region areas of the NPS between October 1980 and May 1981.

These include the Battle of Kings Mountain at Kings Mountain National Military Park, S.C.; Battle of Cowpens at Cowpens National Battlefield, S.C.; Battle of Guilford Courthouse at Guilford Courthouse National Military Park, N.C.;

and the Siege of Ninety Six at Ninety Six National Historic Site, S.C.

The Battle of Kings Mountain took place on Oct. 7, 1780, when mountain men from Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia overwhelmed a British force on a low ridge just south of the North Carolina border.

The victory lifted sagging American spirits and many colonists wavered in their allegiance to King George V.

Three months later, on Jan. 17, 1781, American Brig. Gen. Daniel Morgan scored an equally decisive victory over Lt. Col. Banastre Tarleton at The Cowpens in what today is northwestern Cherokee County, S.C.

Morgan's tactics at Cowpens are considered a model even for modern military strategists. The fact that Tarleton was one of British Gen. Charles Lord Cornwallis' most able lieutenants further attests to their effectiveness.

On March 15, 1781, Lord Cornwallis faced Gen. Nathanael Greene, commander of American forces in the south, in a wooded area west of Guilford

Courthouse near today's Greensboro, N.C. Cornwallis' army suffered 532 casualties, and Greene's 326, in a bitter afternoon battle.

Most historians agree that the losses suffered by the British at Kings Mountain, Cowpens and Guilford Courthouse were more than Cornwallis could overcome and led to his surrender to Gen. George Washington at Yorktown, Va., on Oct. 9, 1781.

While Cornwallis was licking his wounds, Gen. Greene resolved to free up-county South Carolina from British rule and on May 22, 1781, lay siege to the Redcoat garrison at Ninety Six, the frontier trading post near today's Greenwood, S.C.

The siege pitted American against American since Ninety Six was garrisoned by 750 Loyalists under the command of Lt. Col. John Harris Cruger of New York.

For almost one month Cruger and his men, fighting from behind a star-shaped earthworks and a crude wooden fort, repulsed every effort by Greene to take Ninety Six. Cruger's efforts bore fruit on June 17 when word arrived that a British reinforcement column was only miles away and Greene withdrew.

More NPS beaches

The Golden Gate National Recreational Area would extend into San Mateo County under an agreement worked out by the California Coastal Commission. Some 4,000 feet of beach will be opened officially to public use south of GGNRA's Fort Funston under an agreement with the Olympic Club which owns the property. The recreation area currently is composed of 68 square miles (including 28 miles of shoreline) in San Francisco and Marin Counties and is the country's most popular national park.

Golden Gate NRA, Calif.

Photo by Richard Frear.



Philanthropist aids Appomattox

By Arthur P. Miller
Public Affairs Officer, MARO

As the result of a surprise bequest of \$57,000 from a park admirer, Appomattox Court House National Historical Park in Virginia will be able to beautify and interpret the historic spot where General Robert E. Lee bade farewell to his troops.

The unexpected helping hand to historic preservation for the park comes in the form of the settlement of the estate of the late Gary Stuart Cheatham of Bluefield, W. Va. When Mr. Cheatham died in 1976, he bequeathed "the remainder of my estate, real, personal and mixed of every kind and description, to the Lee Tree Wayside at Appomattox Historical Park, Appomattox, Va."

Not even long-remembered members of the park staff have any sure recollection of the late Mr. Cheatham.

But Earl W. Shaw, a relative from Lynch Station, Va., said that "Gary was very much interested in historical things." Shaw said that Cheatham was a clothing salesman who traveled extensively in West Virginia and Virginia. His father came from Appomattox County and the

Cheatham family held reunions at a farm near the park. "He was a great admirer of General Robert E. Lee," Shaw added.

"We gratefully accept this donation to the park," said Director Dickenson. "It will go into a special fund and will be used only for the purposes Mr. Cheatham specified."

Superintendent Luis Garcia-Curbelo at Appomattox outlined preliminary plans for use of the funds from the will: a sign in Braille for the sightless; a ramp and trail-widening project to increase visits by handicapped persons; benches for the elderly; clearing of undergrowth; and construction of a new wayside exhibit, possibly powered by solar panels.

Cheatham's bequest will help to commemorate the spot under a tulip poplar tree where General Lee spoke a few informal words of farewell to his troops on Apr. 9, 1865, just after he had signed the document surrendering the Army of Northern Virginia to Lt. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant.

Astride his famed horse Traveler, the defeated Confederate commander said simply: "Men, we have fought the war

together and I have done the best I could for you. You will all be paroled and go to your homes until exchanged."

In 1893, the War Department erected an interpretive marker near the tulip poplar tree. Between 1930 and 1940 the tree was the victim of several lightning strikes. In 1930 a few public-spirited citizens of Appomattox County subscribed to a fund to preserve the memorial tree by strengthening its trunk with 1½ tons of cement. But about 1961, what remained of the trunk was blown down in a windstorm.

However, seeds from the tree were gathered by Professor Carl Holcomb of Virginia Polytechnic Institute. On Apr. 9, 1966, a poplar tree germinated from the seeds was planted close to the parent tree. The sapling has now grown to 20 feet.

Since it took over administration of the historical park in 1940, the Park Service has added other features at the Lee's headquarters wayside. A walking trail leads from the poplar tree and interpretive signs into a woods where visitors may sit and rest. A nearby natural area has been designated an environmental study area and is used for nature study by local school groups and Boy and Girl Scouts.

Where Gen. Lee made his farewell address, April 9, 1865. (Photo made in 1892.)

Park Technician Amy Ray and Superintendent Luis E. Garcia-Curbelo look over plans for beautification of the site of the remains of the tree where Gen. Robert E. Lee said farewell to his troops in 1865. Appomattox Court House NHP, Va.



Shiver me timbers

Photo by Kristi Humphrey.



Jimmie Collier sings the songs of black sailors and fishermen. Golden Gate NRA, Calif.

The popular annual "Festival of the Sea" shivered its timbers again Labor Day weekend at the salty historic ships of the National Maritime Museum at Aquatic Park in San Francisco.

A large portion of the "Festival of the Sea" was devoted to the music and song of the seafarers. Also on the program were lectures, demonstrations of nautical skills, poetry readings, drama, children's programs and motion pictures.

"Some of the best, most authentic, and most knowledgeable performers of sea-related music from up and down the West Coast and around the world came to the Festival of the Sea," according to Bob Schwendinger, director of the Maritime Humanities Center.

Park Ranger Steve Haller offers the whistle cord for the steam donkey engine at Hyde Street Pier. Golden Gate NRA, Calif.

Photo by Kristi Humphrey.



Fourteen performers and performing groups sang the seafaring tunes of nations ranging in geography from Norway to Chile and in ethnicity from Chinese to black.

Festival visitors had the opportunity to hear English shantyman Stan Hugill leading sea chanties, the work songs of the sea, as he sang them on Cape Horners bound for San Francisco; songs of Norwegian, Chilean and Italian fisherman; songs of the ocean-going loggers of the Northwest; and instrumental music, Irish jigs and hornpipes of Norwegian fiddle tunes, performed on instruments that sailors took to sea with them.

Special children's programs at which youngsters could play at being sailor, hear sea stories, learn to tie knots, and participate in sea chanties were held each day aboard the *C.A. Thayer*.

Performers included Clark Branson with selected sea songs; J.C. Burris with blues harmonica and music of black shipyard workers; Jimmy Collier, songs of black sailors and fishermen; Flowing Stream Ensemble, Chinese fishing songs; Gold Ring, Irish music; Grupo Raiz, Chilean fishing songs; Dick Holdstock and Allan MacLeod, sailing, fishing and drinking songs of British Isles.

The Festival of the Sea was a voyage of the Maritime Humanities Center, a project funded from a grant of \$158,390 by the National Endowment for the Humanities and sponsored by the Fort Mason Foundation in cooperation with the Golden Gate National Recreation Area.



Bob Schwendinger, director of the annual "Festival of the Sea" dances a hornpipe with visitor on Labor Day weekend. Golden Gate NRA, Calif.

Mohammad of Arabia

By Aileen Vincent-Barwood
VIP Writer-Editor
Asir National Park, Saudi Arabia

Aeons ago, about the same time Africa's Great Rift Valley was formed, a giant upheaval flung up a magnificent collection of peaks, valleys, promontories, and rocky outcroppings to the east of the Red Sea. Around 5 decades ago the area became part of the newly-forged Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and was named the Asir province; this year a portion of the Asir province was made into Saudi Arabia's first national park, the largest such preserve in the Arab world.

Overseeing the sprawling 1 million acres of parkland is Pakistani-American Mohammad "Mo" Khan of the U.S. National Park Service. As park commissioner, Mo is running things until the Saudis can take over. He works directly with the park's Saudi Director General, of the Saudi Ministry of Agriculture and Water; they, in turn, work hand-in-hand with Prince Khaled al Faisal, the enthusiastic governor and promoter of tourism in the Asir Province.

In his quietly exuberant way, Mo Khan is thrilled with the job. "Just think," he says, "we're helping create not just the park but the whole idea of preserving prime land for the recreation of all the people." The concept—preservation for conservation and recreation—is based on the U.S. National Park Service ideal and is one Mo Khan devotedly subscribes to. In his view this Saudi Arabian park will rival the great parks of the world. He says some parts remind him of Yosemite, others of the Himalayas.

Mo, his wife Katie, and their two sons Mo, Jr., and Mark, find their lives full of interest and adventure. Their house, perched on the rim of the upland escarpment above a 3,000 foot drop, overlooks a sea of mountain peaks; on a clear day they can see the hot glitter and sparkle of the Red Sea, 75 miles away. At twilight from their terrace they can hear baboons bark in the nearby hills; mornings kestrels fly below the house in the clear blue air. Wandering bedouins graze their goats around the house and the adjacent park headquarters building.

In fact, the nomadic *bedu* present somewhat of a problem to park officials.

"They've been coming here for centuries to graze and camp and hunt," Mo Khan says, "and it's hard to tell them now they can no longer do it." He goes on to comment, however, that it must be done.

"Up until a decade or so ago," he explains, "their use of the land didn't upset the balance of nature. But now, with the use of trucks to transport their flocks from one grazing place to another, and modern firearms for hunting, the balance is being destroyed. The land is being denuded and the wildlife is disappearing." It means fencing in parts of the park and Mo Khan is against fences. "Fences say, 'you're trying to keep me out, so I'm going to get in,'" Mo says. "I'd like to see all fences come down."

In Mo's view education and example is what will bring them down. And already, though the park was officially opened only this year, these two approaches are beginning to pay off. Saudis and their families by the hundreds are using park facilities and observing park rules.

Always avid picnickers and campers (the nomadic roots of the desert dweller run deep), the Saudis are flocking to the three camp and picnic sites already established: *al Sawdeh*, *al Dalaghan* and *al Qara'ah*. A fourth and possibly a fifth site will be completed next year on the Red Sea beach at *al Shuqaiq* and higher up on the Tihama plain; in all, the park is expected to cost about \$16 million (U.S. dollars).

At the already completed sites up on the escarpment, provisions for picnicking

and camping were created with an eye to the traditional Saudi desire for privacy. At *al Sawdeh*, once you are past the manager's house, concession stand, public washrooms and parking area, the roads wind and twist among groves of cedar and juniper trees which provide a natural screen for activities. *Al Dalaghan*, the first site to get overnight camping facilities (electricity, water, bathrooms) is dotted with gigantic boulders amid its grassy meadows and these form natural barriers to prying eyes. It has also, miles of nature trails, a good network of blacktop roads, a children's playground, and some individual shelters for shade and additional privacy. As with *al Sawdeh*, there is a spacious house built of local stone in which the park ranger and his family will live.

Al Qura'ah, visually the most spectacular of all the sites, sprawls from the main road across soccer fields, wooded campsites, juniper-shaded picnic spots, baseball diamonds, and up along well-defined hiking trails to the lip of the escarpment, where the view is again out over a sea of peaks and valleys stretching away to the coast. Says one Finnish businessman working in Saudi Arabia, "I've traveled this kingdom from one side to the other and this is the most beautiful site I've seen." He says the climate here is like Finland's summers—"clear and sunny and not too hot."

From *al Qura'ah* the drive to the visitor's center is about 15 miles along the main road to the provincial capital, Abha. Like the park director's house and the parkground at *al Qura'ah*, the \$1 million visitors center sits on the very lip of the escarpment.

One enters on the lower level and proceeds past the information booth and main lobby, then past a series of individual rooms depicting panoramas of each of the five different habitats found within the park. The ascent is gradual, and one is scarcely aware of climbing, until upon reaching the uppermost room and the outdoor observation platform, that spectacular view over the valley suddenly bursts upon the eye. It literally takes the breath away.

And there are even trails above this, winding their way up across the hillsides to the very top of the highest peak where the view to the east is toward the vast interior deserts of Arabia. Closer still, almost within walking distance, can be seen the neat and pretty little provincial center of Abha, with its broad main streets, flowered boulevards and colorful bazaars.

Within the park sites are areas and artifacts of Saudi Arabia's history which, if it were not for the park, would in time undoubtedly disappear or be destroyed. Carved into some rocks near *al Sawdeh*

are some remarkable 4,000-year-old petroglyphs, or rock drawings, etched there by Sabateans from the land of Sheba, traveling that way along the ancient spice trail from southern Yemen to the Persian Gulf. Other ancient sites also exist, along with unique forms of flora and fauna—red desert foxes, Egyptian cobras, blue lizards, baboons, eagles, kestrels, kites, owls, and the rare African lammergeier. Some say there are even a few gazelle and ibex left. Hundreds of exotic plant forms, including the tiny ephemerals which come and go in a day, dot the valleys and hillsides of this most fertile part of the Arabian peninsula.

Protecting all this, as well as providing Saudis with the new experience of jointly owning public land for the purpose of recreation, is what Mo Khan and the other U.S. National Park Service people are charged with. Their project, which is under the umbrella of the Saudi Arabian-U.S. Joint Economic Commission, is one of 21 such projects in Saudi Arabia funded by the Saudis. The park project, which was totally the idea of forward-looking Saudis, including King Khaled himself, had as its designer Wirth-Burger Associates of Colorado Springs, Colo.; construction is being done by a Korean firm, Ret Sur.

In his enthusiasm for the project, Mo Khan foresees a time when the Asir park is the leading tourist attraction in the Arabian peninsula. At the moment tourism in Saudi Arabia is restricted to those living within the country, but, says Mo Khan, "there's no doubt in my mind that there'll come a time when they'll let tourists in. And this is the area they'll want to see."

It would appear that others hold the same view. Already there are two new hotels in Abha, as well as two older ones now being updated, new roads are being built, and air services from Jeddah, and Riyadh, the capital, have been stepped up to once-a-day flights. The governor has plans to build a multi-million dollar holiday village with swimming pools, tennis courts, individual villas, and a golf course at the park site near *al Sawdeh*.

By the time all this happens, Mo Khan hopes to have at least seven U.S. Park Service people and their families on location to supervise the park, and around 40 to 50 local people (guards, secretaries, janitors, road crews and drivers, and park rangers-in-training) to maintain the park sites.

"It's the challenge of a lifetime," he says happily—"challenge" being one of his favorite words.

(Editor's Note: Positions available in the very near future are an administrative officer and a park ranger.)



C&O canal boat looking for water

The annual C & O Canal Boat Festival, held over the Labor Day weekend, attracted some 9,000 visitors to the small community of North Branch near Cumberland, Md.

This year featured arts and crafts, old time music and demonstrations of chair caning, quilting, spinning, rope making, leather crafting, bench crafting with antique tools, tin smithing, blacksmithing and dip-net making. For the kids there were free horse, pony and buggy rides.

A special historical exhibit included a 19th-century coal mining car and miner's equipment. There was even an old miner's bucket with three compartments—bottom for cold tea, middle for sandwiches and other food and top portion for desert. It was designed that way so that even if the roof collapsed, the miner wouldn't miss desert.

Other exhibits included one on old railroads, muzzle loading rifles, an art show and musical portion with old-time instruments—jaw's harp, dulcimer, and washboard.

The festival is sponsored by the C & O Canal of Cumberland, Md., Inc., a volunteer group committed to preserving the canal. The activities center around "The Cumberland," a C & O

Canal boat replica built for the Bicentennial.

The canal boat project was financed by contributions from thousands of schoolchildren and adults and over 40 civic organizations. The boat is operated under cooperative agreement with the NPS. Volunteer tour guides show visitors

the captain's cabin with period furnishings, the hay house and on board mule stable.

"When is the boat going into the water?" is a common query of visitors.

The rewatering and restoration of the canal is the major goal of the volunteer canal boat operators. Maybe someday.

C&O Canal Boat Festival on the replica boat near Cumberland, Md.



New post card

A commemorative post card marking the 200th anniversary of the Revolutionary War battle at Kings Mountain has been issued by the U.S. Postal Service.

The 10-cent postal card is the fifth in a series honoring heroes and historic events of the American Revolution.

The battle which is commemorated by the postal card was, oddly enough, waged between two armies composed almost entirely of Americans. Only one British soldier was present. The warring sides were American Revolutionaries and Loyalists. The battle of Kings Mountain secured the South for the Revolutionaries and led General Cornwallis to his ultimate defeat at Yorktown.



Battle of Kings Mountain, 1780

Copyright U.S. Postal Service 1980



The 250-year old South Meeting House under reconstruction. It was here that patriots gathered for the Boston Tea Party. Boston NHP.

Photo by Blaise Davi, Boston NHP.



The Romon de los Reyes Spanish Dance Theatre group perform in the Boston NHP "Art in the Park" program at Charleston Navy Yard. Boston NHP.

The famed Blue Ice Caves of Mount Rainier National Park, Wash., are once again accessible to visitors after being closed for years due to heavy snows. Because of rapid melting during the past 3 years, the caves and glacier are vastly changed. Ice is entirely gone from the Paradise River drainage. Although flashlights are still necessary for part of the trip, once past the darkened portion visitors are treated to a luminous, blue-lighted cavern of fluted ice. Rangers say most of the cave appears to be safe, but caution should be taken at the far end as some collapsing of the ice has been noted.



INDEPENDENCE NHP, PA.—Park curators John Milley, Charles Dorman, Robert Giannini, Jane Kolter and Lynne Leopold-Sharp, were guests of honor Oct. 17 at a reception given by the Friends of Independence in Franklin Court. The event marked the publication of "Treasures of Independence," an illustrated account of the museum collection. Each curator wrote an essay on one aspect of the collection—portraits, furniture, glass and ceramics, metalware, and maps and prints.

FORT McHENRY NM & HS, MD.—The 166th anniversary of the unsuccessful attack by the British was celebrated Sept. 7. The Defenders' Day program featured the U.S. Marine Drum and Bugle Corps, Silent Drill Team and Color Guard in a display of military pageantry with precision drills and musical arrangements. The event also featured a "bombardment" of the Fort by the Navy destroyer, *USS Steinaker*. The evening was topped off by a fireworks display.

FORT SUMTER NM, S.C.—NPS will undertake a lengthy preservation treatment of the Fort Sumter Garrison Flag, Post Flag and Palmetto Guard Flag, designed to prevent further deterioration of its three most important artifacts remaining from the Civil War. The flags were removed from display Sept. 22 and shipped to the treatment center at Harpers Ferry, W. Va. The treatment is similar to that given the Star Spangled Banner by the Smithsonian Institution some years ago.

FREDERICKSBURG-SPOTSYLVANIA NMP, VA.—Park historian, Chris Calkins, recently marked the publication of his monograph, "Thirty-Six Hours Before Appomattox, April 6-7, 1865." Calkins' work is a study of this crucial period during Lee's retreat from Petersburg in early April 1865, which ended in the surrender of the Confederate forces.

LAVA BEDS NM, CALIF.—The last of the bighorn sheep here has died. Less than 9 months after the nearly 9-year-old bighorn herd reached its highest number at 43, its last member has apparently fallen victim to infectious pneumonia which recently ravaged the herd. The bighorns were first re-introduced to the area in 1971. They had roamed the area freely up until 1912 when they became victims of disease.

WHITE HOUSE, D.C.—Workers began stripping 30 coats of paint from the sandstone surface of the Presidential residence Sept. 7, beginning the biggest renovation since Harry Truman's day. The National Bureau of Standards recommended the work be done. Historical records show the White House was first painted in 1798. It has been repainted about every 4 years since then, with extensive touch-ups in between. The building got \$3 million of structural repairs between 1945-53.

JEFFERSON NEM, MO.—A multimedia presentation entitled "Going to Kansas City" played to Old Courthouse visitors Sept. 14-Oct. 19. The musical production featured the Mid-America

CUYAHOGA VALLEY NRA, OHIO—Virginia Kendall Lake will become a lake again just in time for the upcoming winter activities here. The contract to repair the lake's spillway was recently let to a local contractor, according to Acting Superintendent Einar L. Johnson. The lake drained because of a rusty culvert, allowing water to escape. The \$19,800 contract calls for replacement of the culvert and restructuring of an old earthen dam. Work was slated to be completed by the end of October. CETA students assisted in the restoration work. NPS even plans to restock the lake with fish in the spring.

EDISON NHS, N.J.—The laboratory of the great scientist has re-opened to the public after a 9-month shutdown. The lab was closed after a safety inspection turned up thousands of vials of potentially dangerous chemicals. Analysis showed that about 15,000 vials did contain toxic, carcinogenic or explosive materials. Several thousand vials were emptied and returned to the shelves; others had to be destroyed either because the container could not be opened safely or it contained explosives. In all about 80 pounds of explosives were removed.

Arts Alliance, a blues-based jazz group which combined music, oral history, visual displays and performances. The show was produced by the Kansas City Museum.



Hutchison, Brown and Chapman receive SES bonuses

By Priscilla R. Baker
Chief, Office of Public Affairs, WASO

The first group of Interior Department officials to receive cash bonuses under the new Senior Executive Service (SES) award system included three Park Service officials.

Deputy Director Ira J. Hutchison received \$4,700; Southeast Regional Director Joseph Brown received \$7,700; and Western Regional Director Howard Chapman received \$4,700. All three were recognized at the Department's awards convocation October 21st.

Deputy Director Hutchison was recommended based, in part, on the work he did as Acting Director following the departure of former Director Bill Whalen, his administration of the Minority Business Enterprise Program and for the establishment of a Servicewide energy conservation program that resulted in substantial savings of fuel and in the initiation of three photovoltaic projects in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Energy.

Regional Director Chapman was cited as being the "management model" for the Service; and Regional Director Brown was recommended based on his exceptional communications skills and public relations efforts.

A total of 50 career members of the Senior Executive Service in Interior (23 percent of eligible executives) received Senior Executive Service Performance Awards (bonuses) based on recommendations from their immediate supervisors and the judgment of the Department's Executive Resources Board.

In letters to those who received the bonuses, Secretary of the Interior Cecil D. Andrus said "I want to personally express to you my appreciation for your efforts and congratulate you on being among the top 23 percent, in terms of performance, of the Department's eligible senior executives."

Only one Interior Department official received the top lump sum award of \$20,000 available to SES members and designation as Distinguished Executive: Deputy Assistant Secretary (Policy, Budget and Administration) Heather L. Ross was cited for her work on the Outer Continental Shelf leasing program.

Nine others received the designation Meritorious Executive and awards of

\$10,000. None of these were NPS officials.

Interior's cadre of senior executives eligible to receive the bonuses includes the following NPS officials: The director, deputy director, three associate directors, all nine regional directors and the director of the Alaska Area Office, the manager of the Denver Service Center, the assistant directors for Park Operations and Cultural Resources, the chief of the Office of the Park Planning and Environmental Quality, and the chief of the Office of Legislation. The chief of the Office of Legislation is a non-career SES official. The two assistant directors and the chief of the Office of Park Planning and Environmental Quality are Career Reserve members of the SES.

The Senior Executive Service was established pursuant to the provisions of the Civil Service Act of 1978. It involves those who are classifiable at GS-16, 17 and 18 and in Executive Levels IV and V (or their equivalents) whose positions do not require Senate confirmation. Only 10

percent of the members of the SES can be non-career officials. Career Reserved members are those who occupy positions so sensitive that public confidence could be undermined if they were to be subjected to partisan considerations. Approximately 40 percent of the SES positions, Government-wide are Career Reserved.

The bonus system that applies to SES officials is designed to reward those whose performances is found to be "fully successful" or better. Bonuses may be awarded in an amount that is up to 20 percent of an official's base pay.

Only one percent of all SES members are eligible in any one year to achieve the rank of Distinguished Executive and the maximum lump sum award of \$20,000. The Distinguished Executive and Meritorious Executive designations and the \$20,000 and \$10,000 lump sum payment that are awarded with those designations are made by the President of the United States.

Eastman receives MSA

On June 6, 1980, Robert L. Eastman received the Meritorious Service Award from Assistant Secretary Robert L. Herbst. He was recognized for his outstanding leadership services as an administrator in the field of natural resource management for the Department of the Interior. (From left) Deputy Director Hutchison, Eastman and Herbst.



Awards



John A. Townsley, superintendent of Yellowstone National Park, was presented with the Department of the Interior's Distinguished Service Award at the Department's 47th Honor Awards Convocation on Oct. 21. Also, awarded the Distinguished Service Award were John L. Bryant, Jr., Director, National Park Foundation; Jerry L. Wells, former chief, U.S. Park Police.

Townsley was appointed as superintendent of Yellowstone National Park in 1975. Prior to that, he served as deputy director of the National Capital Parks in Washington, D.C., for approximately 3 years. He was born in Yosemite National Park, the son of Forest S. Townsley, who was chief park ranger in that park from 1915 to 1943.

Superintendent Townsley served in the U.S. Marine Corps and graduated from Colorado State University in 1953 with a Bachelor of Science degree in biology. He entered the Park Service as a seasonal employee at Yosemite in 1944, and was a seasonal park ranger at Glacier National Park in 1947. In 1955 he gained permanent status as a park ranger at Hawaii Volcanoes National Park. He was the first superintendent of Mount Rainier National Park, Wash. He served as a park planner for the Park Service and as a policy analyst.

(Editor's Note: At the Department's Honor Awards Convocation seven Valor Awards and three SES Performance Awards were also presented to NPS employees. Under Secretary James A. Joseph presented the awards. The December COURIER will publish additional information about the ceremony as well as articles and photos of the NPS employees who have made exceptional contributions which reflect favorably on the Park Service and the Department of the Interior.)

Gallison cited for meritorious service



Regional Director Jim Tobin (left) making Meritorious Service Award presentation to Glenn Gallison in Pacific Northwest Regional Office.

Glenn D. Gallison, Pacific Northwest Region, Associate Regional Director for Planning and Resource Preservation, has been awarded the Department of the Interior citation for meritorious service.

In making the award, Interior Secretary Cecil Andrus noted many of Gallison's contributions in the field of resource preservation and interpretation during his 33 years of service.

Among the highlights recognized were:

- Implementation of National Environmental Policy Act in the Pacific Northwest Region;
- Coordination of preparation of the legislative support data leading to the law which added the Point of Arches seashore to Olympic National Park;
- Playing a significant role in the establishment of the Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park both in Seattle and Skagway;
- Successfully directing to completion General Management Plans for seven national park sites.

Gallison began his career at Yosemite and subsequently served at Rocky Mountain, Olympic, and the Midwest Regional Office prior to assuming his present position.

Olson receives achievement award



Herbert Olsen (on left) with EPA Director Paul Kehoe.

Superintendent Herbert Olsen of Cape Cod National Seashore, Mass., was one of two recipients of the annual Environmental Protection Agency Achievement Award at the annual meeting of the Association for the Preservation of Cape Cod. Regional Director Paul Kehoe of the Environmental Protection Agency made the presentation on August 6.

The citation accompanying the award read "In the face of many conflicting interests, Mr. Herbert Olsen, Superintendent of the Cape Cod National Seashore, has persevered to protect the integrity of this fragile coastal area. In upholding sound conservation principles, his leadership has helped preserve the natural beauty of the Lower Cape for future generations. For his willingness to evolve solutions to sensitive issues in an even-handed manner he deserves the gratitude of all conservationists and has earned this special commendation."

The APCC with a membership of over 2,200 members has been very supportive of the Cape Cod National Seashore in dealing with many of its problems. Its authoritative studies and reports provide useful and reliable information to citizens, visitors and officials of local and State government.

Transfers



Charles H. McCurdy.

Two new chiefs in SWR

Two new Division chiefs have been named for the Southwest Region.

They are Charles H. McCurdy to head the Division of Interpretation and Visitor Services and Douglas D. Faris as chief, Division of Planning and Design. McCurdy comes from Grand Teton National Park where he was chief naturalist. Faris leaves his post as project manager with the Denver Service Center Lowell National Historical Park, Mass., field office.

McCurdy succeeds Douglas Evans who has retired. A native of Marion, Ohio, McCurdy began his NPS career in the '50s as a seasonal ranger. He got a permanent slot at Big Bend National Park, Tex., in 1957. Other field assignments have



Douglas D. Faris.

included Zion National Park, Utah; Yellowstone National Park, Petrified Forest National Park, Ariz., where he was chief naturalist, and as interpretive naturalist in the Midwest Regional Office.

Faris succeeds the retiring Urban Rogers. A Virginia native, he started as a seasonal in 1965 at Yellowstone. In 1974, he received a permanent position as a planning team captain at DSC. In 1978, he transferred to Lowell.

He holds a Bachelor's degree from Emory College (Va.), and a Master's in resource planning from the University of South Carolina.

He participated in the NPS Mid-Level Manager Training Program in 1978-79.

Coleman picked to head MAR

James W. Coleman, Jr., whose experience includes superintendencies of four national park areas and Horace M. Albright Training Center, Grand Canyon, Ariz., has been appointed regional director Mid-Atlantic.

Before being selected as regional director, Coleman served for 15 months as deputy director and acting regional director of the Mid-Atlantic Region. Prior to being appointed as Mid-Atlantic's deputy director, he was superintendent at Olympic National Park, Wash.

Coleman began his Park Service career in 1958 at National Capital Parks in Washington, D.C., and later served in several parks before being named

superintendent of the Mound City Group National Monument, Ohio. After serving as superintendent of Saratoga National Historical Park, N.Y., he was coordinator of special task forces for NPS in Washington, D.C.

In 1971, Coleman was named assistant superintendent at Yellowstone National Park and was superintendent of the Morristown-Edison Group in New Jersey and the Albright Training Center before going to Olympic.

Jim is a native of Petersburg, Va., and grew up in Gettysburg, Pa., where his father was superintendent of Gettysburg National Military Park. He graduated from Pennsylvania State University in 1958 with a degree in history.

Schesventer makes Florida move

George F. Schesventer has been transferred to superintendent of Fort Caroline National Memorial, Fla., from superintendent of Castillo de San Marcos National Monument, Fla., where he was since March 1971. He is a native of Ohio.

At Fort Caroline, he succeeds Charles Vial, who transferred to Fort Donelson National Military Park, Tenn.

Schesventer, a U.S. Navy veteran with a Bachelor's degree in geography from Louisiana State University, began his NPS career at Everglades National Park in 1961.

He was named manager of George Washington Birthplace National Monument, Va., in 1964. Schesventer's first superintendency was at Mound City Group National Monument, Ohio, in July 1967.

Ogle to Atlanta

C.W. "Jack" Ogle has been picked as deputy regional director for Support Services in the Southeast Region. He was superintendent of Natchez Trace Parkway, Miss.-Tenn.-Ala.

Ogle first entered on duty as parkway superintendent in 1972. Under his stewardship an additional 56 miles of the Natchez Trace has been completed or is under construction.

Also, innovative programs for visitors have been instituted, including a living history program, the Mississippi Crafts-Guild Center, crafts fairs and sorghum-making demonstrations.

In his new position as deputy regional director, Ogle will have overall responsibility for administrative functions and other support services in the regional office for all of the 53 parks in SER.

Other news at Natchez Trace includes the recent retirement of Assistant Superintendent Bruce W. Black. (See page 25 for story.)

(TRANSFERS continued on Page 16.)

Arnberger named new Channel chief



Arnberger (on left) and Davis.

Robert Arnberger and Gary E. Davis recently joined the staff of Channel Islands National Park, Calif. Arnberger steps into the vacant chief ranger position while Davis becomes the first research scientist assigned to Channel Islands.

Arnberger transferred from Palo Alto Battlefield National Historic Site, Tex., where he served as superintendent.

Before coming to Channel Islands, Gary Davis served as the first marine biologist for the Park Service in south Florida, and was stationed at Everglades National Park.

Miller goes to Navajo

Stephen T. Miller, supervisory park ranger at El Morro National Monument N. Mex., has been promoted to superintendent of Navajo National Monument, Ariz.

Miller replaces Frank Hastings who served as superintendent of Navajo for 8 years and recently transferred to the superintendency of San Juan Island National Historical Park, Wash.

Miller, a native of Corning, N.Y., began his career with the Park Service in 1972 as a seasonal park technician at Lightship Chesapeake in Washington, D.C. In January 1973 Miller got a permanent position as a science coordinator at Lightship Chesapeake. In January 1975 he was promoted to site manager at the Klinge Environmental Resource Center, a branch of the community programs at National Capital Region. In the summer of 1977 he was detailed as a supervisory park ranger to the President's Park in Washington, D.C., and then returned to Klinge. Prior to his new assignment, Miller was supervisory park ranger at El Morro since 1978.

A 1972 graduate of Elmira College, Elmira, N.Y., Miller received his Bachelor of Science degree in environmental science with a minor in history.

Steve Lewis is new deputy in NAR

In August Steven H. Lewis was appointed deputy director of the North Atlantic Region.

Lewis comes to his new job from a 2-year stint as manager of Morristown National Historical Park and Edison National Historic Site, N.J., just prior to serving on the Interior Secretary's staff.

Other previous NPS experience includes serving in the Washington Office as a coordinator of the Bicentennial, and as assistant chief of the Visitor Services Office. He also held positions with the Chicago Field Institute and as an historian at Fort Smith National Historic Site, Ark., and with National Capital Parks.

His experience also extends to foreign assignments in England and the Netherlands.

He holds a Bachelor's degree in history from the University of Rochester and a Master's degree in American history from the University of Pennsylvania.

John Palmer on African assignment

John Palmer, employee of Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks, Calif., left in early October for a new assignment in Africa.

He was bound to Mweka, Tanzania, which is located on the south slope of Mt. Kilimanjaro. Palmer went as a guest instructor at the African College of Wildlife Management.

In addition to training the Mweka faculty in park planning and interpretation, he'll teach Mweka students in both class room and field situations. Students are drawn from 13 African nations.

He is due back in the U.S.A. in December.

Stones River gets Magee

Donald E. Magee, a veteran park ranger who has served at national park areas in the West and Washington, D.C., has been appointed superintendent of Stones River National Battlefield, Tenn.

He transfers from the National Capital Region where he served as a park ranger and management analyst for 7 years.

He succeeds James A. Sanders, who was appointed superintendent of Biscayne National Park, Fla., last May.

Magee is a native of Trenton, N.J., and a 1964 graduate of the University of Massachusetts with a Bachelor's degree in forestry management.

After working briefly as a summer employee with the U.S. Forest Service

and as a superintendent with the New Jersey Department of State Parks and Forests, he joined the NPS in 1966 as a park ranger at Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah.

In 1968, he transferred to Sunset Crater National Monument, Ariz., where he served as a supervisory park ranger in charge of law enforcement, resource protection, visitor services and interpretation, and later as area manager.

He joined the National Capital Region in 1973.

DeStefano shifted to Fredericksburg

Suzanne M. DeStefano, senior management assistant at the Mid-Atlantic Regional Office, has been assigned as Acting Superintendent at Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania County Battlefields Memorial Military Park, Va.

Prior to joining the Park Service in August 1979, DeStefano served for 12 years in various positions with the Alexandria, Va., Department of Recreation and Cultural Activities.

As chief of the Division of Centers and Playgrounds, she supervised the operation of seven full-time recreation centers, 20 playgrounds and five after-school centers.

She formerly was a recreation aide of the American National Red Cross helping hospitalized servicemen recuperate through recreation programs.

DeStefano earned a B.A. degree in sociology from the University of Maryland and a M.A. in recreation administration from the University of Northern Colorado.

Bob Huggins to Big Bend

Bob Huggins has been named as the new chief of Interpretation and Visitor Services in Big Bend National Park, Tex. He will replace Frank Deckert who left last April to assume the post of interpretive specialist in the Alaska Area Office in Anchorage.

Bob has served as information officer at Lake Mead National Recreation Area, Ariz.-Nev., and chief of Interpretation at Isle Royale National Park, Mich. He has a colorful and varied history, having been a minister, a lawyer, and an actor. Talents acquired therefrom should suit Bob perfectly for preaching the laws of interpretation to the performers in the Naturalist Division.

He entered on duty on Oct. 12.

"To Bob and his wife, Judith, we extend a warm Big Bend welcome!" says the *Big Bend Bull*.

African dignitaries visit Gateway NRA



Deputy Director Hutchison (on left) with Tekan M.L. Ole Konchellah, Director of Tanzanian National Parks.

By Manny Strumpf
Public Information Officer
Gateway NRA, N.Y.-N.J.

The recent visit to the U.S. by three African dignitaries marked an on-going training program for students from 14 African nations in which specialists from the Park Service participate.

In 1978, the Park Service launched a concerted effort to identify critical international conservation issues and needs. It was felt the most valuable direct contribution to world conservation was the sharing of our skilled and experienced personnel with other nations who had expressed a desire to conserve and manage heritage and habitat.

Training and development of "self-help" capability, therefore, was focused on as one of the most effective and economic methods of assisting other nations.

The College of African Wildlife Management in Tanzania presented a chance for the Park Service to begin a pilot training assistance program with a mechanism for a built-in multiplier that could provide the basis for eventual self-sustaining effort in the conservation of natural resources and heritage of Africa and other lesser developed regions.

Through the African Wildlife Leadership Foundation, American training and curriculum development assistance was requested and granted. The pilot team teaching program provided a series of experienced National Park Service employees to work with faculty and students in the classroom and in Tanzania National Parks.

It also resulted in expanding the college curriculum through development of a parks and protected areas course, including resource protection, multiple land use planning, interpretation and environmental education.

The second phase, which was funded in part by the Agency for International Development, provides individualized

American-based 2-month training programs for a resident faculty member, the College principal and the director of Tanzania National Parks, both of whom were honored at a reception hosted by Park Service Director Dickenson and Deputy Director Hutchison in late July in Washington.

Director Dickenson noted that this

program is bound to have a lasting impact on the emerging African nations by providing qualified men and women whose contributions will help present and future generations.

Deputy Director Hutchison noted that the program is proving to be an outstanding goodwill effort for the American people.

Parlez-vous Francais



French and German-speaking foreign visitors got a talking to in their own language this summer at Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah. And they were quite grateful for it.

In order to help these special visitors to the park, the interpretive program was expanded to include naturalist programs in these languages.

Three employees spearheaded the program in foreign languages—Mary "Polly" Hays, Susan Roy and Laure Willot.

Polly is a graduate of Wesleyan

University in anthropology and geology. Fluent in both French and German, she has studied and traveled extensively in Europe and plans to pursue graduate studies at the University of Washington.

Susan holds a B.A. in French literature from Bowdoin College. She has studied, taught and traveled in France, and is now a language teacher in Tucson, Ariz.

Laure, an employee of the park's Natural History Association, is a French citizen. She is a graduate of the Sorbonne in Paris, where she majored in English and German. She also studied in Germany at the Rheinische Friedrich Wilhelms Universitaet in Bonn.

International visitors are surprised and pleased with the presence of a bilingual staff at Bryce, according to John V. Bezy, supervisory park ranger.

"Any incident involving a foreign-speaking visitor that requires special tact and sensitivity—sickness, death or law enforcement—is better handled by a bilingual employee, rather than involving a translator in what is essentially a private matter," he said.

Posee camps out

Approximately 30 members of the Eddy County Sheriff's Posse spent a portion of the Labor Day weekend in the newly opened Dog Canyon area of Guadalupe Mountains National Park, Tex.

The group camped overnight, Aug. 29, at the new campground in upper Dog Canyon 1 mile south of the New Mexico State line in Texas, and were joined by 10 other members later. The group made a series of horseback rides to Lost Peak, West Dog Canyon, Marcus Cabin, Blue Ridge and McKittrick Ridge.

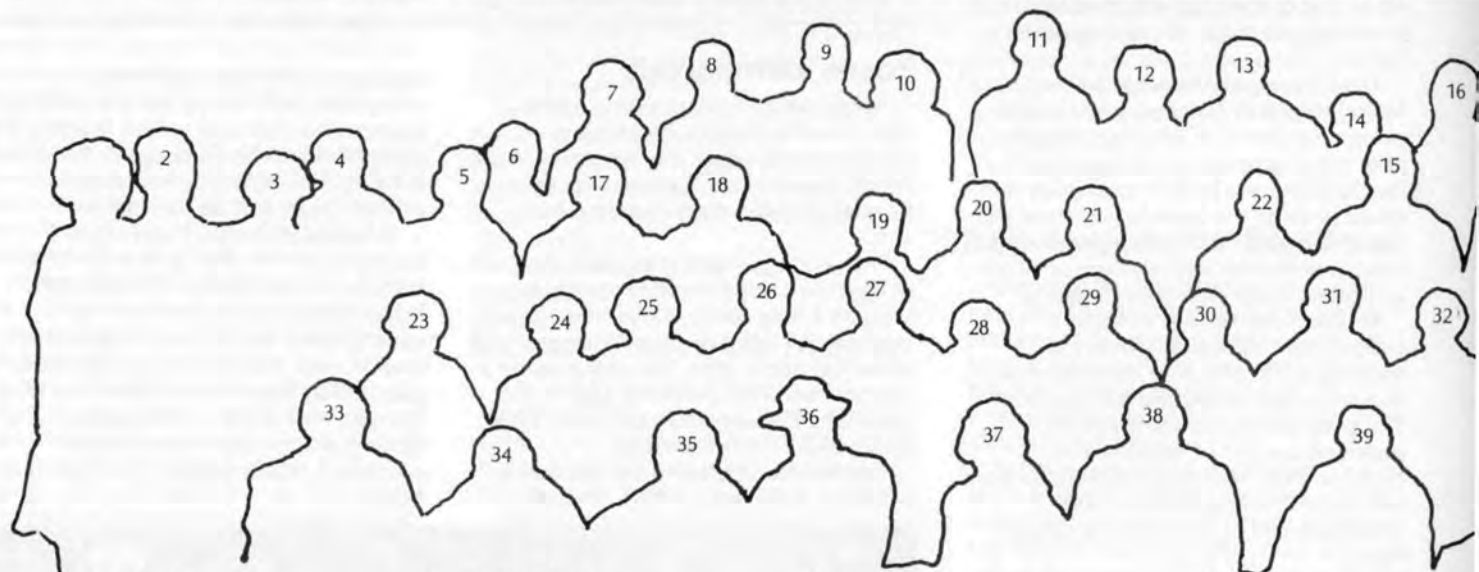
The new campground is 6,200 feet in elevation and contains 15 tent sites

equipped with tables and grills, five self-contained recreational vehicle parking spaces, and chemical toilets. Water is not available for drive-in campers, but a well is being drilled nearby which park officials hope will be successful.

This area of the park was made accessible to the public by a 2½-mile county road extension. A temporary horse corral is available near the campground for visitors bringing their own horses. And other improvements planned by the Park Service at the Dog Canyon area include construction of a visitor contact station and ranger residence, a new public horse corral and barn.



E&AA members gather at Rocky Mountain . . .

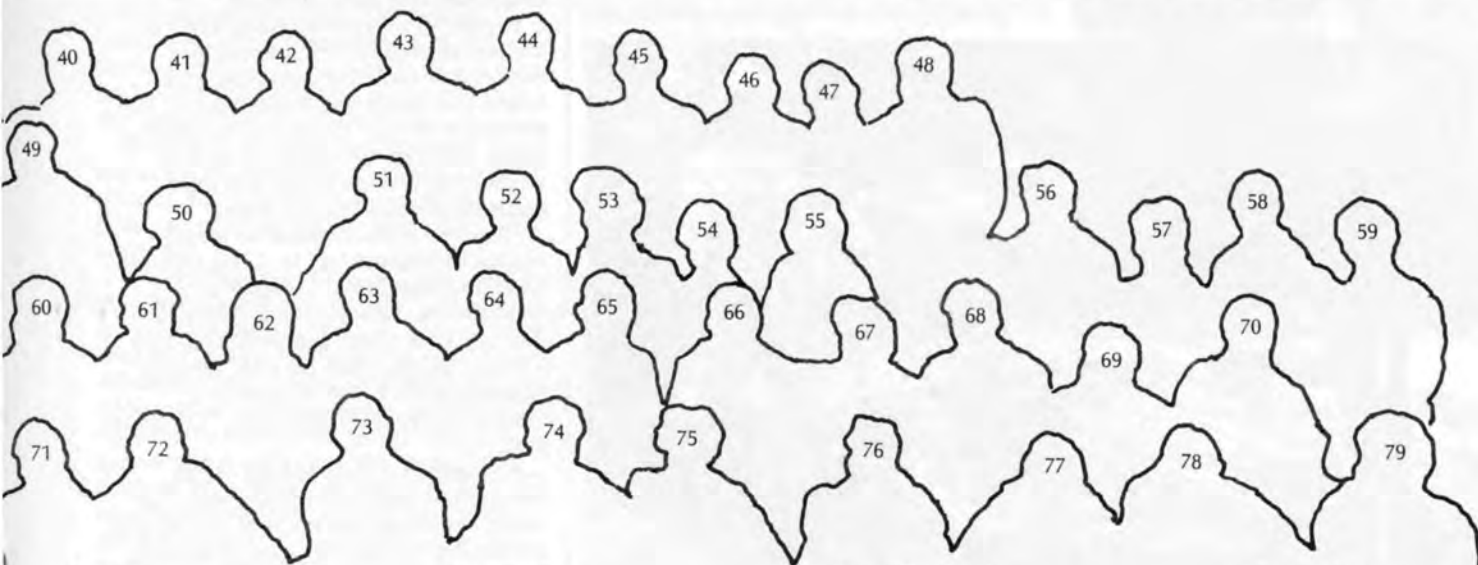


1. Terry Wood
2. Frances Reynolds
3. Sandra Alley
4. Don Robinson
5. Walt Gammill
6. Dave Hieb
7. Gertrude Hieb
8. Forrest Benson
9. Elbert Smith
10. Roberta Smith

11. Charles Mason
12. Junia Nelson
13. Dan Nelson
14. Betty Ela
15. Vern Ingram
16. Tom Ela
17. Jim Tobin
18. Mary Benson
19. Eunice Carroll
20. Jessie Young

21. Beryl Mason
22. Ray Odell
23. Jean Moran
24. Frances Gammill
25. Ebba Brooks
26. Naomi Hunt
27. Lorraine Mintzmyer
28. Kit Sweeny
29. Nate Golub
30. Miriam Golub

31. Jim Sullivan
32. Mrs. Jim Sullivan
33. Roger Rector
34. Dick Hart
35. Jean Bullard
36. Chet Brooks
37. Katie Carlin
38. Nicholas Carlin
39. Mike Becker
40. Howard LaRue



41. Ed Kurtz
42. Wayne Bryant
43. Dick Russell
44. Wayne Cone
45. Granny Liles
46. Norman Reigle
47. Bill Bullard
48. Monte Fitch
49. Vic Dahlberg
50. Clara Belle La Rue

51. Bill Locke
52. Grace Jordan
53. Olive Howe
54. Marion Olsen
55. Lucille Pearson
56. John Raftery
57. Jo Ellsworth
58. Ray Rundell
59. Annie Laurie Ledford
60. Evelyn Odell

61. Bill Ledford
62. Helen Wirth
63. Howard Baker
64. Meraldene Walker
65. Nell Fagergren
66. Carl Walker
67. Ruth Becker
68. Mary Fitch
69. Lebrin Hutchison
70. Jim Ryan

71. Ross Sweeny
72. George Fry
73. Connie Wirth
74. Lee Sneddon
75. Lois Kowski
76. Kathy Betts
77. Frank Betts
78. Stan Albright
79. Kenny Carlin

YCC fights erosion

A number of important projects in the Golden Gate National Recreation Area were undertaken by 46 Bay Area youths during a 2-month Youth Conservation Corps program.

Projects they undertook included erosion midden stabilization in the Point Lobos area recently purchased by the Park Service.

Other projects completed last summer included the extension of a hiking trail from the Golden Gate Bridge to the Coastal Trail; construction of hand rails

for the handicapped on Alcatraz; the installation of a ropes course and a par course at Fort Miley, and historical and interpretive work.

Robin Steele, camp director for the YCC, said that participants of the fifth consecutive Youth Conservation Corps program, lived for 8 weeks at Fort Cronkhite in the Marin Headlands. The youngsters, from 15 to 18 years old, were from diverse ethnic and social backgrounds and the program was designed to foster environmental awareness.



YCC employees work on trail and erosion control projects at Eagle Point in Golden Gate NRA, Calif.



Reward offered for missing ranger



Paul Braxton Fugate.

The Park Service is offering a \$5,000 reward for information leading to the whereabouts of Paul Braxton Fugate and/or arrest and conviction of person or persons responsible for his disappearance.

When announcing the reward, the Western Regional Director Howard H. Chapman said, "Paul Fugate has been missing since the afternoon of Jan. 13, 1980, and he was last seen leaving the visitor center to hike a trail in Chiricahua National Monument, Ariz., where he was employed as a park naturalist."

Fugate, 42, is a white male, 5 feet 8 inches tall, weighs 160 pounds, has brown hair and blue eyes, had a full beard and mustache, wears glasses. The afternoon of Jan. 13, he was wearing a green Park Service uniform, with an arrowhead Service patch, and gold-colored, shield-shaped badge.

"Anyone with information about Fugate should contact Lt. Craig Emanuel, Cochise County (Ariz.) Sheriff's Department, telephone No. (602) 432-2267, or Capt. John Crockett, U.S. Park Police, National Park Service, Western Regional Office, San Francisco, telephone No. (415) 556-1866," Chapman said.

An extensive, daily search of the Monument and surrounding area was made beginning the night of Jan. 13 and continued through the end of January, by Park Service employees, members of the Cochise County Sheriff's Department, the Southern Arizona Rescue Association, military aircraft, Border Patrol dogs and Fugate's friends. No clues were found.

"Through offering a substantial reward, we hope to be more successful in determining Fugate's fate," Chapman concluded.

Glacier rangers aid train wreck victims

By Oakley B. Blair
Supervisory Park Ranger
Glacier National Park, Mont.

The Chicago to Seattle "Empire Builder" AMTRAK passenger train jumped the track and slid down an embankment on Mar. 14, 1980. The disaster took place in the small village of East Glacier Park, Mont., which is on the edge of Glacier National Park. Park rangers responded to the scene with emergency medical equipment, backboards and fire ladders (needed to climb onto the overturned passenger cars). Park ranger wives, Ellen Ries and Barbara Blair, organized an evacuation center at the local school. Ambulances responded from over 100 miles away. On top of all this it was snowing and 20° F.

The rangers said it is difficult to put into words the feeling that one gets when first arriving at a disaster of this magnitude, and observing the carnage

before their eyes. Besides the knot that grips your stomach, there is a feeling of inadequacy. There was so much to be done, so many who needed help, and initially so few people to assist in the rescue. There were over 100 people inside the overturned train cars. People were dazed, shocked and lying beside the wreckage. Dozens of injured people were crying for help. The first 30 minutes were very chaotic; organizing rescue efforts, dispatching ambulances, fire trucks and police, setting up traffic control, setting up an evacuation center and, of course, locating the injured that needed immediate medical attention.

It was very difficult, but necessary, to pass up injured with broken arms and cuts, in search for victims with injuries that were life threatening. One victim was wedged in the overhead luggage rack. It took 2 hours to extricate her, using a jack and a come-a-long winch. She suffered a broken back and neck.

There were 90 people who needed medical attention. Fortunately, there were no deaths.

Most of the rescuers came from East Glacier Park, and from Browning, Mont. Both of these towns are located on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation. The small village of East Glacier Park responded admirably and heroically in the face of this disaster. Park Rangers Jerry Ryder, Terry Penttila, Joe Ries, Dave Panebaker, and Oak Blair assisted in the rescue and administered first aid to the injured. All of these rangers are emergency medical technicians.

Does your area have a "disaster plan" to meet the challenge of a train derailment with passengers or chlorine gas cars, plane crash or a tour bus accident? If not, meet with your local County Sheriff, State Highway Patrol, County Civil Defense Director, hospitals, military installations, and formulate a contingency plan. Get involved with your community, and plan ahead!

Drager in charge of aerial data

By Mary V. Maruca
Anthropology Division, WASO

They come in big cans and little cans and sometimes no cans at all. They're larger than a bread box and heavier than a lead pencil. They arrive at Kirtland, under the imprimatur of the U.S. Air Force and, when they depart, in the care and keeping of Dwight Drager, they are the property of the National Park Service.

What they are is no real mystery. They are aerial photographs filmed by USAF aircraft. But how they came into the possession of the Park Service, that is the real story.

Dwight Drager is primarily responsible for what is quickly becoming a treasure trove of aerial data. He is an archeologist with the Division of Remote Sensing in Albuquerque, N.Mex., and the NPS cooperative program with the U.S. Air Force is his brainchild. One animated conversation with Drager is enough to disclose his enthusiastic belief in remote sensing technology. Indeed, one does not leave such a conversation without becoming something of a convert. Drager has long noted that few parks in the NPS system possess aerial imagery.

"I would give practically anything to know what those parks looked like 20, 40, 100 years ago," he says. "But what we have is the chance to document them now."

Early on as an NPS employee, Drager expressed the need to expand our

archives of existing imagery. In his first year on the Remote Sensing staff, he developed a theoretical plan to involve USAF aircraft in national park overflights. He then filed these notes, expecting nothing further to come of them. Nevertheless, through an unexpectedly convoluted chain of events, these plans have since become a full-fledged program under his supervision.

Dwight's contact with the U.S. Air Force began in 1967 at Beale Air Force Base where he worked as a Precision Photo Processing Services Officer. Though he has since terminated his military service, his Air Force past reflects in the briskness of his walk, the cracked SR-71 coffee mug he still brings to Division meetings, and his memory of Beale's sophisticated photo processing equipment.

"I knew Beale's U-2's flew domestic training missions with aerial cameras on board. The photos were for the interpreters and processors back at base. But the pilots got tired of flying the same sites and the interpreters were always looking for new material."

Drager happened to recall his early program proposal when an unsolicited study by John May for the Corps of Engineers crossed his desk. The appendix listed Drager's ex-unit as a source of overflight or aerial photography. He called the Pentagon for more details, and eventually received the name and number of Major D.G. Weyker, SAC



Dwight Drager.

Headquarters, Nebr. Major Weyker liked Drager's plan for national park overflights. Such a project promised the USAF new sites to record and study, with the condition that such flights did not go beyond the Rocky Mountain States. And it promised the NPS a motherlode of information on their western and southwestern property.

The Air Force wanted to fly their first NPS mission in February. Drager developed target specs for Arizona, California and New Mexico, thinking weather conditions would be clearest in the southernmost parks.

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Since that first overflight, Feb. 9, 1979, 45 targets have been flown, bringing the total number of frames of film to 4,000, approximately. Overall, the quality of the photography is good, with some allowances for weather conditions, i.e., overcast skies and snowy days. Nevertheless, the accumulated footage represents an extraordinarily archive of scientific data.

When the NPS asked the Air Force what they could do in return, Beale

requested a letter documenting the usefulness of the film. Considering that such a project, under other circumstances, might have cost as much as \$80,000, their request was modest in the extreme. The USAF-NPS Overflights are an extraordinary example of interagency cooperation. They are helping to establish an information base which, 20 years from now, may be an invaluable resource for charting how and why parks change.

As a final postscript to the fortuitous chain of events that kicked off Dwight Drager's project, several months back John May learned that the National Park Service had aerial photography of certain parks in the System. He contacted Dwight Drager for imagery of White Sands National Monument. And Dwight, of course, was glad to oblige.

"After all," he says, "John May was the one who got us started."

NCR super secretary

By Sally P. Carryer
Secretary to the Superintendent
National Capital Parks-Central

If you stand by Vikki McGraw's desk, in the office of the Regional Director, National Capital Region, the first thing you will notice is that she is interrupted every 2 minutes—either by phone, or someone wanting her attention. She handles all this with a cool aplomb that the President might envy, simultaneously making a decision about the contents of a letter, advising someone about procedures, and next giving a command concerning a task the Regional Director wants done.

It seems she always does two things at once—changing concentration patterns in the most amazing way. For example: she might place a call for her superior, and while she is getting her party, advises another secretary about a correspondence problem. Or she reschedules a meeting by phone, and at the same time scans the mountain of letters on her desk, deciding on their priority for the Regional Director. Sometimes she cradles the phone on her shoulder, arranging for a VIP tour, while typing a memorandum rapidly with her free hands.

In the middle of this interesting maelstrom, she somehow is able to check all the correspondence requiring the Regional Director's signature for detailed minutia: Is a word misspelled? Is the verb the correct tense? Is a comma required? Is the composition proper?

Vikki is the epitome of the 1980s woman, balancing career and homemaking successfully. She has two children: Tammy, 8, and Jason, 2. Her husband, Jeff, also works for the National Park Service.

Vikki has been with the Park Service 8 years, starting at National Capital Parks-North. She served as secretary to the Associate Regional Director, White House Liaison, NCR, for 4 years, and



Vikki McGraw.

during her tenure there, had complete charge of the annual Easter Egg Roll on the White House Lawn, an event requiring excellent coordinating skills.

After attending the National Park Service Women's Conference in November 1979, Vikki brought the recommendations directly to the parks under NCR, speaking to employee groups of both men and women. Any Congressman might have envied her poise in front of a large group. She continues to be active in the Federal Women's program.

While the professional and technical staff are busy conceptualizing about our future, the NPS managers, technicians, secretaries, clerical and maintenance personnel are busy bringing these ideas to fruition. Vikki McGraw represents this group in the best possible way—she has intelligence, confidence, and good judgment. She's truly a "super secretary."

Rushmore: awe inspiring experience

By Manny E. Strumpf
Public Information Officer
Gateway NRA, N.Y.-N.J.

It took 14 years to complete the memorial to four presidents at South Dakota's Mount Rushmore. However, it took only 5 minutes for Ed Rothfuss, Rushmore's superintendent, to become awestruck by it.

Rothfuss, who became superintendent in June of 1979, claims that no matter how many times he's at the base of Mount Rushmore, which is several times a day, he is struck with feelings of pride as "it puts the Nation into a new perspective."

South Dakota is considered by many Americans to be quite remote. Yet, Rushmore attracted more than 2 million visitors a year until 1979, when gas shortages reduced visitation to close to 1.7 million. Now, according to Rothfuss, more visitors are returning and numbers are increasing again. Most come to study the carvings of Washington, Lincoln, Jefferson and Teddy Roosevelt. Therefore, interpretive programs focus on the contributions of the four presidents and the story of how the mountain carving was done.

One such program is relatively unique to the Park Service. It involves two sculptors in residence who came aboard in July of 1980. Rothfuss sent out news releases to all colleges with art schools in the vicinity of Mount Rushmore and turned applications from sculptors over to the South Dakota Arts Council.

Following the Arts Council's selection, grants from that group and the Mount Rushmore National Memorial Society, a non-profit organization, funded the salaries.

Seymour Gresser of Silver Spring, Md., is the resident sculptor. Mike Winger of

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Superintendent Ed Rothfuss.

Hill City, S.Dak., is apprentice.

They provide visitors at Mount Rushmore with a better understanding of carving techniques used by Gutzon Borglum from 1927-41 to create the memorial, and show a comparison of techniques used in contemporary stone sculpture. Visitors to Borglum's last studio see the techniques demonstrated, hear special presentations by the sculptors and view actual works in progress.

Children who visit the site are also allowed to use mallets to hammer away at granite, native limestone or marble to get the feel of what carving is all about.

Not all of Rushmore's visitors come from the 50 States. In fact, to accommodate the foreign visitors, brochures are printed in Spanish, French, German and Japanese as well as in English. There's no obvious language barrier either as visitors are too carried away with what they see. Many communicate their feelings non-verbally. "It's a heart-throbbing experience and is highly charged emotionally," Rothfuss says.

The superintendent is responsible for a staff of 23 permanent employees. During the summer, 39 seasonals are hired. Rushmore now attracts between 15,000 and 18,000 visitors a day. "Yet we have just one parking lot and one trail, Rothfuss says.

Because his office is quiet and secluded and is a short 40-foot walk from the thousands of visitors who view Rushmore sculptures, Rothfuss finds it a good way to keep in touch. "I really enjoy my office location."

The native of Middletown, Ohio, joined the Park Service in 1959 following graduation from Ohio State with a degree in geology. He later earned a Master's degree in public administration from Western Kentucky University.

Prior to his current assignment, he had been a ranger at Blue Ridge Parkway,

N.C.-Va., and Everglades National Park, park naturalist at Grand Canyon National Park, district ranger at Canyonlands National Park, Utah, chief naturalist at Virgin Islands National Park, chief of interpretation and resource management at Mammoth Cave National Park, Ky., and chief naturalist at Glacier National Park, Mont. He's earned a Park Service unit citation for excellence, Interior Meritorious Service Award and Park Service superior performance award.

The Rothfuss family includes Ed, Marjorie, who's a native Californian, and teenagers Sally, Peter and Mark. "They're at home in all their assignments," because of the family philosophy that home is where you are. "We've loved each area I've worked in. It's too easy not to develop close ties due to thoughts of transfers. However, we realize that you need friends and decided we would look at each assignment as our home for evermore," Ed notes.

The Rushmore superintendent feels that our national parks are part of the community. That's why he's tried to become personally involved in local affairs. He was bicentennial chairman for Flathead County, Mont., and currently is a Rotarian in Rapid City, S.Dak.

Rothfuss feels strongly about his current assignment and the Park Service. Despite seeing Rushmore Mountain daily, he still marvels at the work that went into it because it continually generates pride in our Nation and in what our country is all about.



Les Bowman, a maintenance worker, is one of six employees who have discovered a talent for sculpting, on their own time, because of the sculptor-in-residence program at Mount Rushmore NM, NP, S. Dak.

Sculptor-in-Residence Seymour Gresser and apprentice Mike Winger in the studio at Mount Rushmore NM, NP, S. Dak.





People on the move

ANAN, Victoria, Secretary, NCR, to Same, WASO
 BENJAMIN, John C., Park Ranger, Glacier NP, to Supv. Park Ranger, Glacier NP
 BROWN, Donald R., Park Mgr., Sleeping Dunes NL, to Same, Isle Royale NP
 CAMPBELL, Bonnie M., DMDP Trainee, WASO, to Outdoor Recreation Planner, DSC
 CASEY, David M., Park Tech., Canaveral NS, to Same, Cumberland Island NS
 CHILDRESS, Susan M., Mail and Files Clerk, Yellowstone NP, to Purchasing Agent, Petrified Forest NP
 ESCALANTE, Ernestine V., Supv. Park Ranger, Joshua Tree NM, to Supv. Park Ranger, Grand Canyon NP
 FOLEY, Mary K., Cartographic Tech., NARO, to Air Quality Spec., NARO
 GARCIA, Max J., Purchasing Agent, Lake Meredith NRA, to Same, Banderol NM
 GRAHAM, Arthur F., Park Ranger, SERO, to Park Ranger, Chattahoochee River NRA
 GRATE, Theodore, Park Tech., NCP, to Same, Natl. Visitor Cntr
 HUBER, Susan A., Payroll Tech., WRO, to Fiscal Clerk, Lake Mead NRA
 JOHNSON, Einar L., Park Mgr., Redwood NP, to Same, Cuyahoga Valley NRA
 JONES, Henry L., Park Ranger, Sequoia NP, to Park Mgr., Wupatki NM
 JORDAN, Judith A., Admin. Clerk, El Morro NM, to Admin. Asst., Manhattan Sites
 KING, Jacqueline R., Clerk Typist, Big Bend NP, to Secretary, DSC
 KING, Robert, Maint. Worker Foreman, The Old Stone House, to Same, Rock Creek Park
 LONG, Ruby M., Program Asst., DSC, to Program Analyst, DSC
 LUTZ, William E., III, Park Tech., Hopewell Village NHS, to Supv. Park Tech., Indiana Dunes NL
 MOORE, Clark W., Park Ranger, Ninety Six NHS, to Supv. Park Ranger, Tuskegee Inst. NHS
 NICHOLS, Samuel I., Tree Worker, Ford's Theatre NHS, to Facility Mgmt. Spec., GW Mem. Pkwy.
 PHELAN, Patricia A., Admin. Tech., Everglades NP, to Budget and Financial Programs Spec., Grand Canyon NP
 PIERUCCIONI, Gary F., Supv. Park Tech., GW Mem Pkwy., to Same, Natl. Visitor Center
 SHAVER, Charles M., Park Mgr., Glen Canyon NRA, to Same, Alaska Area Office
 SHAW, Albert T., Motor Vehicle Opr., Ford's Theatre NHS, to Maint. Worker Foreman, GW Mem. Pkwy.
 SIEGEL, Jack Jr., Community Planner, DSC, to Const. Representative, DSC
 SPRINGER, William T., Outdoor Rec. Planner, DSC, to Environmental Protection Spec., SERO
 SWAIN, Rolland R., Park Mgr., Chickamauga & Chattanooga NMP, to Same, Manassas NBP
 TAYLOR, Charles A., Lead Park Tech., Chickamauga & Chattanooga NMP, to Park Tech., Canaveral NS
 WILT, Virginia A., Admin. Tech., NCR, to Same, Natl. Visitor Center
 ZIMMERLI, Delbert J., Heating Equipment Mech., Grand Canyon NP, to Maint. Mech., Yellowstone NP

BENBROOKS, Thomas E., Electrician, Padre Island NS, to Maint. Mech., Whiskeytown NRA
 BENEDICT, Betty J., Position Classification Spec., MWRO, to Same, RMRO
 BOHANNON, Charles F., Archeologist, PNRO, to Supv. Archeologist, DSC
 BURNS, Robert G., Electrician, Gettysburg NMP, to Electrician Leader, Shenandoah NP
 CLAYBROOK, Claudette M., Admin. Ofcr., Point Reyes NS, to Programs & Budget Analyst, WRO
 COX, Roy K., Park Tech., Haleakala NP, to Maint. Worker, Chiricahua NM
 FOWLER, Melvin E., Purchasing Agent, Big Bend NP, to Same, Hawaii Volcanoes NP
 GARLAND, C. David, Supply Clerk, Blue Ridge Pkwy., to Maint. Worker, Blue Ridge Pkwy.
 GARVIN, Kenneth C., Park Ranger, Lake Mead NRA, to Supv. Park Ranger, Petrified Forest NP
 HARDGROVE, Mark R., Maint. Foreman, Valley Forge NHP, to Maint. Mech. Foreman, Colonial NHP
 HOBBS, Harry J., Jr. Park Ranger, WASO, to Supv. Park Ranger, Great Smoky Mtns. NP
 HOLMES, Richard J., Supply Clerk, Colonial NHP, to Equal Opport. Spec., MARO
 JAMES, Jon G., Park Tech., Scotts Bluff NM, to Same, Golden Spike NHS
 KEENE, Sharon C., Management Asst., SERO, to Supv. Outdoor Rec. Planner, SERO
 KELLOGG, Donald E., Laborer, Lehman Caves NM, to Same, Cabrillo NM
 LOOPE, Lloyd L., Research Biologist, Everglades NP, to Research Scientist, Yosemite NP
 LUNSFORD, Louis J., Jr., Warehouseman, NCR, to Sign Painter Helper, Lightship Chesapeake
 MARQUEZ, Arturo, Park Tech., Grand Canyon NP, to Same, Chamizal NM
 MICULKA, James E., Park Ranger, Theodore Roosevelt NP, to Same, War in the Pacific NHP
 SULLIVAN, Barry T., Supv. Park Ranger, Gateway NRA, to Park Ranger, Theodore Roosevelt NP
 TAYLOR, Scott W., Park Aid, Tumacacori NM, to Park Ranger, Sitka NHP
 TIPTON, William M., Micro Biologist, Rocky Mtn. NP, to Sewage Disposal Plant Oper., Glacier Bay NM
 TOBOLA, Sally B., Admin. Clerk, Golden Gate NRA, to Secretary, Golden Gate NRA
 WEEMES, Leonard E., Park Tech., Lewis & Clark NHT, to Same, Everglades NP
 ACKLER, Sidney C., Park Tech., Everglades NP, to Same, Lewis & Clark Natl. Hist. Trails
 BILLER, Thomas S., Park Tech., Point Reyes NS, to Park Ranger, Bryce Canyon NP
 BLACKBURN, James A., Supv. Park Tech., Prince William Forest Park, to Same, Fort Davis NHS
 COX, William E., Supv. Park Ranger, Valley Forge NHP, to Park Ranger, New River Gorge NR
 CRAWFORD, Ida J., Financial Program Spec., Yosemite NP, to Admin. Ofcr., Lassen Volcanic NP
 CUNNINGHAM, Robert C., Park Mgr., Gateway NRA, to Same, Mount McKinley NP
 CURRAN, Beatrice J., Voucher Examiner, SWRO, to Supply Tech., SWRO
 DESMOND, Joseph P., Park Tech., Manhattan Sites, to Park Ranger, Boston NHP

EISEL, Harry L., Facility Mgmt. Spec., Chattahoochee River NRA, to Constr. Rep., SERO
 GREER, Robert L., Facility Mgr., Biscayne NP, to Same, Everglades NP
 GRYSZKIEWICZ, Alice W., Admin. Ofcr., Western Archeological Center, to Procurement Agent, Gateway NRA
 HINSON, Robert L., Carpenter, Hatteras Island, to Same, DSC
 LEWIS, Steven H., Park Ranger, WASO, to Same, North Atlantic Region
 MATIN, Deborah, Clerk Typist, WRO, to Park Tech., WRO
 MILLER, Stephen T., Supv. Park Ranger, El Morro NM, to Park Mgr., Navajo NM
 ORTIZ, Sharon D., Budget Clerk, WASO, to Equal Opport. Asst., NCR
 OVALLE, Eloina, Clerk Typist, WRO, to Program & Budget Clerk, WRO
 PAGE, Cheri A., Park Tech., Big Bend NP, to Park Ranger, Yosemite NP
 PEYTON, Thomas R., Park Tech., GW Mem. Pkwy., to Park Ranger, National Visitor Center
 RONDAS, Michael G., Park Ranger, Point Reyes NS, to Same, Lake Mead NRA
 SETNICKA, Lucinda M., Clerk Typist, Everglades NP, to Admin. Clerk, Everglades NP
 STONE, Deryl B., Supv. Park Ranger, Gateway NRA, to Same, Pictured Rocks NL
 STRONG, Evelyn N., Supv. Park Tech., Golden Gate NRA, to Program Spec., Golden Gate NRA
 MARSALIS, R. Keith, Voucher Examiner, WERO, to Secretary, WRO
 MARTINEZ, Raymond V., Motor Vehicle Opr., Big Thicket Natl. Preserve, to Same, Grand Canyon NP
 McLAUGHLIN, John D., Park Tech., Carlsbad Caverns NP, to Park Ranger, White Sands NM
 MOSLEY, Manning H., III, Program Analyst, WASO, to Urban Affairs Ofcr., MARO
 NELSON, Benjamin G., Supv. Park Ranger, Fort Davis NHS, to Same, Prince William Forest Park
 NORTON, Frances, Supv. Park Tech., John F. Kennedy Cntr., to Supv. Park Ranger, White House
 PARKER, Leroy, Jr., Engr. Draftsman, NCR, to Architect, NCR
 PETERSON, Richard R., Park Mgr., Cuyahoga Valley NRA, to Same, Sleeping Bear Dunes NL
 PIERCE, Nancy G., Park Tech., Mount Rainier NP, to Park Ranger, Mount Rainier NP
 REISS, Harry W., Accounts Maint. Clerk, MARO, to Purchasing Agent, Independence NHP
 REISSIG, Ernest R., Procurement Ofcr., Glacier NP, to Supv. Contract Spec., SWRO
 SCRIBER, William G., Tree Worker Helper, National Capital Parks, to Same, Rock Creek Park
 SNOKE, Thomas M., Maint. Worker, Herbert Hoover NHS, to Engineering Equip. Opr., Redwood NP
 SUPRENAUGH, Wm. R., Jr., Park Ranger, Glen Canyon NRA, to Natural Resources Spec., WASO
 TRUJILLO, Shirley A., Secretary, DSC, to Same, RMRO
 WALLS, Richard R., Supv. Park Tech., Wupatki NM, to Same, Colorado NM
 WILT, Richard, Park Ranger, Carlsbad Caverns NP, to Supv. Park Ranger, Jefferson Natl. Expansion Mem. NHS

Retiring

Black retires



Natchez Trace Parkway Assistant Superintendent Bruce W. Black retired Aug. 29. "After 35 years of dedicated service with the Federal Government, Bruce decided to retire," said Superintendent C.W. "Jack" Ogle. Ogle explained that of the 35 years of Federal service, 33 years were spent in the Park Service and 2 years in the U.S. Army.

Black began his career with NPS June 1, 1945, with a temporary appointment as fireguard in Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks, Calif. He worked summers from 1945 to 1948 at Sequoia and Kings Canyon as a seasonal park ranger while attending Fresno State College and the University of California where he obtained a B.S. degree in forestry in June 1948.

He received his first permanent Park Service appointment as a park ranger at Sequoia and Kings Canyon in March 1950 and transferred in June 1953 to Sitka and Glacier Bay National Monument, Alaska, as supervisory park ranger. While there, he produced, largely on his own time, *A History of Glacier Bay National Monument*. That assignment was followed by a transfer to Joshua Tree National Monument, Calif., in 1955, where he received a promotion to park naturalist.

Other assignments prior to the Natchez Trace Parkway included park naturalist at Crater Lake National Park, Oreg.; attendance in the Sixth Departmental Manager Development

Program in Washington, D.C.; chief park naturalist, Cape Hatteras National Seashore, N.C., and park naturalist (team member) in the Western Service Center at San Francisco. After his 4-year assignment in the Western Service Center, Black transferred to the Natchez Trace Parkway as assistant superintendent in November 1970.

Black's last NPS assignment was the longest and possibly the most distinguished of all. The nearly 10 years he served as assistant superintendent of the Natchez Trace Parkway were years of rapid change in the NPS and extensive development on the parkway.

"His ability, dedication, and hard work were sufficient to meet the challenges of the times," said Ogle.

Ogle noted that Black's strong support of an equal opportunity program and his leadership in energy conservation, are evident throughout the parkway.

Black played a major role in the development of parkway planning documents, and because of his leadership these documents assure that resource management, visitor use, and development are consistent with the fundamental purposes of the NPS and the legislation authorizing parkway. In addition, his integrity and contributions to community life further reflect the benefit of the National Park Service.

"I hate to see him leave," said Ogle, adding, "He's really going to be missed."

Bruce and his wife, Barbara, plan to remain in Tupelo until October when they will move to Corvallis, Oreg., where their daughter, Claudia, and her family live. They plan to get acquainted with their young grandson and get in a lot of bicycling and canoeing.

Flister retires

John H. Flister, superintendent of Andersonville National Historic Site, Ga., retired effective Oct. 8.

A Duquesne, Pa., native, Flister has been head of Andersonville since 1974.

He began his career as a construction representative, serving in such parks as Shenandoah National Park, Va.; Virgin Islands National Park and Everglades National Park.

In 1969, he served as facility manager at the National Visitor Center.

At Andersonville, he initiated such visitor programs as the Torch Light tours and the Trial of Captain Wirz.

John and his wife, Jeanne, will reside in Americus, Ga., after retirement, at 1305 Oglethorpe Ave.

Turney retires from Buffalo River

John F. Turney, superintendent of Buffalo National River, Ark., has retired after 30 years of service with the Park Service. He came to Buffalo River in September 1978 from Corpus Christi, Tex., where he served as superintendent of Padre Island National Seashore.

Turney began his career in 1950 when he accepted a position as a park ranger at Bandelier National Monument, N. Mex. In 1954 he was promoted to the position of archeologist at Southwestern National Monuments Headquarters in Globe, Ariz. In 1959 he became superintendent of Aztec Ruins National Monument, N. Mex. He also served as superintendent of Walnut Canyon National Monument, Ariz., and White Sands National Monument, N. Mex., before going to Padre Island.

A native of Alamosa, Colo., Turney holds a Bachelor's degree in physical science and a Master's degree in archeology and education, both from Adams State College, Colo. He is a veteran of World War II and served with the United States Marines and Navy in Europe and North Africa.

Turney and his wife, Betty, also a native of Alamosa, have four children. Their two daughters, Janet Turney and Elizabeth Turney Schellman, live in Huntington Beach, Calif., and Norman, Okla., respectively. Their oldest son Brian is a college sophomore and their youngest son, John, is a Harrison High School senior.

The Turneys plan to stay in Harrison for the immediate future. John Welch, chief of Resource Management and Visitor Protection at Buffalo National River will be acting superintendent until his successor is selected.

Other retirees

Arthur H. Beyer
DSC

Ernest W. Clarke
Colonial NHP

Clifford A. Metcalf
Glacier NP

Alfred A. Thomas
Colonial NHP

Robert F. Smith
DSC

Nora F. Saum
Gettysburg NMP

Doris E. Bean
Independence NP

Raymond F. Jones
Colonial NHP

Lewis D. Arthur
Assateague Island NS

George F. Hill
RMR

(RETIRING continued on Page 26.)

Nuss retires



Dale Nuss, a longtime "permanent fixture" at Yellowstone National Park, rivaling Old Faithful, retired Aug. 31 after more than 30 years as a ranger.

Nuss was born in Kansas City, and spent 3 years of his life before he got to Yellowstone where his father started a boys camp-pack outfit in 1928. Dale came on board in 1930. Except for the war years, college at Colorado A & M and a brief stint at Shenandoah National Park, Va., Dale has not strayed far from Yellowstone.

Dale began his permanent status at Yellowstone (after several "seasonal" years) in 1953 at Old Faithful, later moving to Bechler and on to Mammoth. The next year he married Lou Berne "Bunny" Winberg. The couple moved around the park to various ranger stations over the next 27 years. In 1959, he was promoted to sub-district manager at Tower. Four years later he was promoted to West District ranger.

During the '50s and '60s, while the elk and buffalo reduction was going on, he was directly involved as one of the team members on the shooting crews. Later, he became the supervisor.

Dale participated in the trapping operation of elk and buffalo and at one time antelope. Most of his years were spent in field activity.

He received a quality increase in 1971.

One of his most unusual assignments was learning to use the recoilless rifle in avalanche control. Another off-beat detail called for Dale to escort Soviet Ambassador and Mrs. Anatoly Dobrynin.

Dale and Bunny have moved to their retirement home in Bozeman, Mont..

Iversen retires

Glacier National Park (Mont.) Superintendent Phillip R. Iversen retired Aug. 29, ending a 30-year career.

Iversen has been superintendent of Glacier since 1974.

He started his Park Service career as a seasonal ranger at Zion National Park, Utah in 1948, and received his first permanent appointment at Carlsbad Caverns National Park, N. Mex. Subsequent assignments included Grand Canyon National Park, C & O Canal Restoration Group, Md.-D.C.-W.Va., Petrified Forest National Park, Ariz., Rocky Mountain National Park, Colo., Canyonlands National Park, Wash., and Dinosaur National Monument, Colo. He also served as assistant regional director in the Midwest Regional Office and as Utah State Director of National Parks. In 1976, he was awarded the Park Service Meritorious Service Award.

Management Assistant Joe Shellenberger has been appointed acting superintendent until a successor is named.

Skaggs retires

On Sept. 30, Noel V. Skaggs retired as a ferry operator at Mammoth Cave National Park, Ky., the exact position he first held on Sept. 23, 1940, 40 years ago.

Waters retires



Mack Waters, who spent 27 of his 29 NPS years at Big Bend National Park, Tex., retired to his nearby ranch in Terlingua, Tex., Sept. 5.

Over the years, he worked his way up from seasonal laborer to maintenance general foreman.

In 1970, Mack decided to see how things were out East and did a 2-year stint at Shenandoah National Park, Va., in charge of North District maintenance operations.

"Shenandoah was beautiful," said Mack, "but those winters were hard for me to take." He said he never did take to snow and got stuck in the ditch so much that he worked out a radio code to let his snow plow operators know where to come to pull him out.

At a pot luck dinner held just prior to Mack's retirement, he was presented with gifts and fond wishes for his future. Acting Superintendent Russell Berry pointed out that "Mack was here before electricity," and "We can fill his position, but we can never replace a pioneer."

Mack was born and raised in the area and he plans to stay put at his ranch, "raising cattle and doing what I want for the rest of my life."





Vicissitudes of rangering

By Fern F. Cain
Public Information Specialist
Lake Meredith NRA, Tex.

All in day's work? Sometimes a park ranger's duties could be classified as interesting, sad, amusing, dull; and perhaps a National Park Service ranger at Lake Meredith National Recreation Area, Tex., feels the whole gamut of emotions in one day as he tries to assist visitors who come to the area for recreation.

For example, not too long ago, just as one of the park rangers was about to go off duty at dusk, he learned that a man with a wife and four children (one of whom was 3 months old) were having car trouble on the north side of Lake Meredith. It was determined that parts were needed in order to get the vehicle started. The ranger made contact with a parts store, obtained the parts, but the man did not have his billfold, so the ranger paid for the parts. Again, it was necessary to call the owner of the parts store to exchange the parts. At approximately 2 a.m. the vehicle was repaired and the family started to drive off. The ranger asked the man for the \$8 that he had taken out of his pocket to buy parts. The man answered, "Bill me."

Or the time that visitors arrived at a boat ramp, made a U-turn to be in a position to launch a boat, looked behind them, did a double-take because there was no boat on the boat trailer. The boat had come off between their residence and the lake, and they were not aware of losing it.

Then there was the teenager who was stopped. He had quite a lot of Lake Meredith signs in the vehicle. He said that he only intended to take one for his bedroom, but he got carried away.

What about the boater who sped away from a boat dock and was jerked to a stop. He had forgotten to untie his boat.

Do you cite a person for illegally launching a boat (and vehicle) when the entire rig plunged over a 130-foot embankment. The brakes had failed or were not firmly set.

Yes, it is all in a day's work—trying to assist the public with their various problems and difficulties as they come to Lake Meredith for pleasure and diversion.

Grand Teton's Nordic skier



By Rebecca R. Giffin
Public Information Specialist
Grand Teton National Park

Kelly Milligan, 19, daughter of Sharlene and District Ranger Tom Milligan of Grand Teton National Park, was chosen the U.S. Junior Nordic Skier of the Year by *Ski Racing* magazine.

This recognition was based on Kelly's overall outstanding record on the Junior Nordic Ski Circuit this past winter, which was also her last year as a junior skier. Among her many accomplishments were two firsts and a second at the U.S. Nationals and a first and a third at the Junior Nordic Nationals.

One of the highlights of the year was a month-long trip to Sweden as one of three U.S. Junior Nordic women to compete in the World Junior Championships in Ornskoldsvik, Sweden. Kelly said the Swedes treated the U.S. skiers like celebrities, asking for their autographs and "treating you so you feel like you are really doing something extraordinary."

Kelly is unquestionably extraordinary. She has only been cross-country skiing for 5 years. She is a very determined, competitive skier and maintains a rigorous training program. This fall, Kelly will be attending the University of New Hampshire on a Nordic skiing scholarship. She will be competing in College Circuit Races and Eastern Division Races and has been named to the U.S. Senior Development Team.

Retired pros needed

Wirth Associates in the past years has utilized the talents and time of retired NPS professionals to assist the firm in planning, design and environmental projects. The use of retired NPS employees has contributed materially to innovative approaches as well as providing invaluable practical experience in park and recreation planning and design. Wirth Associates is attempting to expand this program. Those interested in such a program should indicate their interest, discipline and fields of interest to: Gene Balaz, 401 Harriet, Alpine, TX 79830

L. Lorraine Mintzmyer
Regional Director
Rocky Mountain Region

Retiree consultants for Service jobs

Recalling that many of the costly consultant contracts that the NPS awards annually prove to be impractical and unusable, Nate Golub proposed to the attendees at the E & AA conference at Rocky Mountain National Park, Colo., that the Association support the concept of the Service employing retirees as consultants in various capacities for special problems.

As renowned resource managers it seems unconscionable for the NPS to ignore the tremendous fount of knowledge and experience inherent in retirees. Not only would the Service receive valuable consultation service at considerably less expense to the taxpayer, but it would enable the retirees to continue to contribute time-proven expertise to society.

Should this proposal be approved, a directory would be compiled, which would list the specific expertise and other relevant data of each available retiree. This would be available in each Regional Office as reference for the field areas.

Nathan B. Golub
P.O. Box 126
Washington Crossing, PA 18977

Educational Trust Fund grows

The Yellowstone Women's Organization recently gave the NPS Employees and Alumni Association Educational Trust Fund a big boost with a generous contribution of \$1,310. Thank you ladies of Yellowstone!

Memories of Mac



Many years ago I wrote a series of novels in which the principal character was a park ranger named Bob Flame. That I should have been asked to write a profile of John McLaughlin—Johnny Mac to most of us—is due. I am told, because it was he that I had in mind as Bob Flame. I have never been quite sure why I selected Johnny Mac as the prototype. At the time I didn't do it consciously but after my character began to take shape as the story progressed I realized who it was I was writing about. He fit perfectly—a young ranger, conscientious, likeable, with a great sense of humor, good looking and really dedicated to the parks. He was my friend for over 50 years and I never had any reason to modify that early appraisal of his qualities.

It began in 1928 when Mac came to Yellowstone National Park, a member of the first batch of college-trained, Civil Service rangers that also included George Baggey, Fred Johnston and others from the "ranger factory" at what was then Colorado A&M. Of his Yellowstone assignments I remember that he spent winters at Hall Roaring and Lake and that he spent one summer as Station Chief at Canyon. It was a special occasion when any of the men from the outlying stations skied in to Mammoth headquarters during the winter. There were get togethers and parties and I remember that Mac was once in for Thanksgiving dinner. He was one of the favorites among the new men; everybody liked him. Although somewhat slender, he was as wiry and tough as any. One thing I remember, no matter what the job—ski patrol or fighting fires—he would always come through it without a hair mussed!

It was in 1929 that Johnny Mac was transferred to Rocky Mountain as Chief Ranger. The following year I too was

transferred to Rocky and our long friendship really began. I recall the evening of my first day, we ate dinner with Mac at "Ma" Derby's Hupp Hotel and afterward played a wild game of mini-golf. It was a pleasant evening and we had "old home week" talking about Yellowstone. During the next 3 years we saw Mac frequently—we lived but two doors away. I accompanied him on several ski trips and we went bowling together. After my divorce he more or less took me under his wing. I was always indebted to him for his consideration during the following months. We usually ate dinner together at the Hupp.

Mac was a favorite with the steady customers. Among these were the local high school teachers—all female—several of whom had more than a passing interest in this good-looking bachelor. He was congenial, but treated them equally, without favoritism. It was that winter that Mac had a serious case of pneumonia. Mother Derby had him moved into the Hupp where he received all possible attention from her and the "school marms."

As the CCC program got under way, Mac was temporarily assigned to Washington, D.C., as assistant to Chief Forester Coffman who supervised programs at NPS areas. I am hazy as to how long it was before he returned to Rocky Mountain. At least he was back to serve as my best man when I married Peg Mills in May 1935.

Late that fall, I transferred to the Field Division of Education in Berkeley, Calif. The following year Mac came to San Francisco as Assistant Regional Officer of Region IV. He played a large part in the CCC program for the region. Because he took an apartment on Durant in Berkeley, we saw a great deal of him. We

had a house on Grizzly Peak Blvd., which became a gathering place for the numerous NPS people in from the field. Again, Mac was a favorite. He had the ability to make friends with everyone from babies to adults.

We never forgot one Thanksgiving dinner. In spite of all Mac's good qualities, I must admit one failing—he was frequently late. At this particular dinner he was to pick up Mother Derby who was visiting in San Francisco. They were 3 hours late. The group didn't mind too much since the partying was at its height. Peg spluttered and told the story of the date she had had with Mac once before our marriage. He was so late she had given up and gone to bed.

Our daughter, Patricia, was born in February 1937, and this time Mac arrived at Alta Bates Hospital almost as soon as we did. We had a long wait sitting outside the delivery room. Incidentally he was godfather to the baby and presented her with a savings bond.

In 1937 Mac was transferred back to Rocky Mountain as assistant superintendent. After that we were together infrequently but had a warm, friendly, if sporadic, correspondence. In 1927 or 1928 he married Charlotte Newell. They had a son, Roger, named for Park Superintendent Roger Toll. In 1942 they were transferred to Mesa Verde, Mac as Superintendent. He and Charlotte were divorced in 1943.

While at Shepherd Field in World War II, Mac met Genevieve, a civilian Air Force employee. They were later married and had two children, a daughter, Gail and a son, Eddie, named for Edmund Rogers.

After his discharge as Lieutenant Colonel in January 1946, he returned briefly to Mesa Verde and then was appointed superintendent of Grand Teton National Park. In 1950 he became assistant regional director for the Midwest Region. In 1955 he went to Grand Canyon as superintendent and stayed 9 years. In 1964 he returned to Yellowstone—the park where he had entered the Service as a fledgling ranger 36 years before—as superintendent. In 1967 he moved to his final field assignment as superintendent of Sequoia-Kings Canyon where he remained until he retired June 30, 1973.

In 1966, 7 years before his retirement, he received the Distinguished Service Award. The next year he was given the Colorado State Alumnus Award.

Both before and after Mac's retirement, his expertise as park planner and park administrator was recognized by a series of assignments that took him to many parts of the world.

I am indebted to Mac's widow, Genevieve, for this summary of his varied

special assignments. In 1962, he was a member of the team that studied the national parks of Tanzania under the auspices of the New York Zoological Society. The following year he represented the NPS at the Technical Meetings of the International Union for Conservation of Nature in Nairobi, Kenya. That same year, as a member of the National Parks Commission of the IUCN, he toured Albert National Park in the Congo and a Uganda National Park.

Ten years later, under sponsorship of the African Wildlife Leadership Foundation, he spent 6 months traveling to all of Kenya's national parks and drawing up plans for their administration. The next year, under the same sponsorship, he went to Botswana to assist in planning that country's parks. In May 1975 he went to Saudi Arabia as a consultant in developing national parks there.

1963 was a busy year for him, he served, that year, as chairman of the group that did the field study of the north Cascades. Two years later he headed the field-study team that recommended a park plan for American Samoa.

Following retirement, Mac and Genevieve lived in Visalia, then, since the situation in Africa—Mac's first choice—was so unsettled, they bought a home in Oakmont, near Santa Rosa, in 1975. This was only 20 miles from Calistoga where Peg and I were living, so we were able to pick up our friendship. For the next 18 months we had some grand times together, were able to talk over old times and bemoan (as I suppose all retirees do) the changes that had come about in the Service over the last 40 years.

After it was discovered that Johnny Mac had cancer we got together as frequently as he felt like it. He and Gen would come to Calistoga where we often ate at a Mexican restaurant we all liked. To our amusement Mac would solemnly order enchiladas with a side of French fries. We last saw him on a day when his god-child was visiting. We drove over the hill to Oakmont. A few days later, on April 14, 1977, he died.

Johnny Mac has gone but he will always have a special place in our memory. And there are so many things to remember—his skills as an administrator, his ability to organize, to analyze and to solve problems, his friendly nature, his enthusiasm for life. When he made mistakes, he laughed at himself for making them. I miss him. Even after these 3 years I sometimes feel I hear his soft chuckle or see his face light up as we recall some incident from the past.

Dorr G. Yeager
NPS Alumnus



Connie Wirth autographs a copy of his book, "Parks, Politics and the People," for Rocky Mountain Regional Director Lorraine Mintzmyer at the 25th Anniversary Reunion of the E&AA in Rocky Mountain NP.

Your E&AA Representatives

Roger K. Rector	Chairman of the Board
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WASO
Employee-Vacant

Denver Service Center
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At Large-Conrad L. Wirth



Letters

Dear Russ Dickinson:

Inger & I attended the World Craft Council in Vienna. She gave two talks on Northwest American Indian Crafts. Then a visit in the Alps, and a time with her family in Norway. Europe seems to be full of world-wide tourists.

The Alps are a great experience with recreation planning. They have done it well!

Lon and Inger Garrison
10008 Madera Court
College Station, TX 77841

To the Editor:

My following comments are in regard to *More on Uniforms*, Sound Off, page 30, of the August 1980 issue of the *COURIER*.

In these austere times, it is obvious that we must make more efficient use of our resources. I fully support the position presented by the park rangers of Yosemite National Park. A central supply operation for uniforms would only put an additional drain on employee ceilings and funding. The good uniform suppliers we have been using over the past years are already set up to provide this service and have been effective and efficient. A voucher or receipt system should meet the needs of the National Park Service management, leaving the supply operations to well established professionals in the uniform supply business.

—John D. Hunter
Bandelier NM, N.Mex.

To the Editor:

I am hoping that your "Sound Off" column can help me discover the reasoning behind what I consider an unfair practice.

Currently, seasonal laborers receive step increases in salary while seasonal rangers and technicians do not. I feel that the technician/ranger and labor positions require equal amounts of knowledge and skill development. For this reason I believe that both job series should be entitled to step increases.

If possible, I would like a justification for this discrepancy. If none is available, please tell me how I and others who feel as I do, can work to change the law governing seasonal employees' salaries.

—Jane M. Young
Seasonal Park Technician
Fort Larned NHS, Kans.

E&AA tees off



Golfers Russ Dickinson, Dave Gackenback, and Maureen Finnerty in Kowski Tournament, Washington, D.C., area.

To: Earl A. Hassebrock
Kowski Tournament Chairman

Well, we have concluded our golf tournament for the Washington, D.C., metro area and are pleased to report that 64 employees, alumni and friends came out to support the E&AA Trust Fund. The reasons for almost tripling the D.C. area turn-out was the support of Director Dickinson for this worthy cause, early notice and scheduling of the event, and constant salesmanship of the golf committee.

Early, as you know! Last year we were rained out the first scheduled day. Well, believe it or not, on the day of our outing this year, it stopped raining 15 minutes before we started. Thank goodness the Director was playing or maybe we would have been rained out again.

I have enclosed copies of our notices

of the outing, blank score cards from the country club, the treasurers report, the results of the event and last but most importantly our contribute to the E&AA Educational Trust Fund of \$197.93.

Thanks goes to Naomi Hunt for her support of the E&AA outing by putting us in the *COURIER*. Also, thanks goes to Don Heilmann for his and his staff's time in capturing on film the goings-on "before, during, and after the event." What a good bunch of people in NPS!

I hope you have a good event at Estes Park.

Next year we hope to get over 100 people out in support of the E&AA, so get ready for competition. Thanks for your help and all the work you put into this event.

David E. Gackenback
Kowski Golf Tournament
Chairman, D.C. Area

To: Superintendent, Hopewell NHS, Pa.

Recently some friends and I visited Hopewell Village. We were impressed with the painstaking care of the buildings, both in the restoration and maintenance, but were more impressed with the congeniality and knowledge of the guides who tended the various

buildings. They were all very cordial and gracious.

There must be a good reason for the "esprit de corps," and trust that it will continue to flourish. With the good Lord's help it may permeate the entire country!

—Carl A. Vath
24 S. Tenth Street
Reading, PA 19602

Duffers donate \$100 to E&AA



Golfers Monte Fitch, Granny Liles and Russ Dickenson with unidentified person. (Perhaps the caddy?) Rocky Mountain Kowski Tournament.

During the final day of activities celebrating the 25th anniversary of the E&AA at the annual meeting in Estes Park, 31 so-called "golfers" participated in the Sixth Annual Frank F. Kowski Memorial Golf Tournament. Chet Brooks, Superintendent at Rocky Mountain National Park, headed up the committee composed of ex-Regional Director Len Volz (retired), Howard Grey (retired) and still active with the Rocky Mountain Nature Association, and Harry Grafe, West Unit Manager.

The group was honored with such celebrities as Director Russ Dickenson, former superintendent of Rocky Mountain National Park Granville Liles, and ex-Regional Director (Midwest Region) Len Volz in the first flight. Several other associate regional

directors, retirees, DSC, Rocky Mountain Regional Office and park personnel rounded out the foursomes. The weather was ideal, and did not give the "duffers" any good excuses to use to account for the scores.

Trophies for the low gross, low net, closest to the pin, and the longest putt were awarded to both the men and women entrants at the banquet that evening. The winners of low gross were Jim Dempsey and Marilyn Grafe. Low net went to John Myers and Carl Walker (tie) and Marilyn Grafe. Closest to the pin went to Elbert Smith and Marilyn Grafe. Longest putt was awarded to Stan Joseph and Mary Fitch.

The E&AA Educational Trust Fund is richer by nearly \$100, but equally important is the fact that a lot of fun was had by all.



Superintendent Dixon B. Freeland.

To the Editor:

We are amazed and amused, and really quite pleased to see the COURIER's classic booboo on page 16 of the August issue. Above a very nice article on my brother Dixon's transfer to Hyde Park-Vanderbilt Mansion, there is a wonderful photo of Dad: Edward Dixon Freeland, who retired in 1961. It's easy to see what happened; the names are too much alike. I expect you'll run a photo of Dixon B., in the next issue, but we wanted you to know that we and Dixon's grandson, Paul R. Broyles at Mesa Verde, are rather tickled than otherwise!

The article on Tom Vint is grand. Mr. Carnes doesn't say very much about Tom's sense of humor, though. He mentions that Tom was "happiest when attired in outing clothes suited to Alaska or Africa," but not that Tom's favorite sweater was positively lacy with burn holes from those Corona cigars. When kidded about the sweater, he would be very funny.

Mrs. Rothwell P. Broyles
Pinnacles National Monument
Paicines, CA 95043



(From left) Elbert Smith, Mary Fitch, Jim Dempsey, Marilyn Grafe, Carl Walker, Lois Kowski, and Len Volz.

To the Editor:

I am pleased that Ed Bearss has been honored for his outstanding work on Civil War history, but I am disappointed that you neglected to mention another fine piece of research he did for the National Park Service, namely, *The Ferryboat Ellis Island*, published in 1969. It is another excellent example of the meticulous way in which Ed Bearss approaches historical research. It is too bad that we did not take his advice in raising the sunken boat in the 1960s.

—Professor August C. Bolino
Vice President for Research
Ellis Island
Restoration Commission, Inc.
Washington, D.C. 20064

ALUMNI 25th ANNIVERSARY REUNION

September twenty-second, nineteen eighty, A. D.
Came many NPS alumni to mark an anniversary.
The site was Estes Park, Eden of the Western sky
The tenure, five and twenty years, of E and A, to signify.

Names like Connie, Chet and Jim, often heard amid the din
Roger Rector at the helm, voyaged devoutly with these men.
Aim: to improve the basic quality of an operation
Most respected Federal agency 'cross this Nation.

Now some attendees went for golf, while others chose to hike
But business reigned supreme, with sessions day and night.
Not overlooked, the distaff, whose lovely grace did make
A special contribution, 'the frosting on a cake.'

Reunion banquet at Walnut Room; display of culinary art
Followed by reminiscences of times close to the heart
Comments by Russ & Connie, who 'told it like it is'
Left an air of inspiration and temporary bliss.

Charles A. Mason
NPS Alumnus



Book



National Parks: The American Experience by Alfred Runte. (University of Nebraska Press, 1979. 189 pp, illustrations, bibliographic notes and index. \$16.50.

Just when it seemed that preservation and the wilderness ethic might come into full flower in the environmental awakening of the last decade, conservationists today are embattled as never before. The deadlock over the Alaska parks bill, a growing list of parks threatened with adverse impact from outside, and overriding demands for energy development prove that the battle is far from won.

Perhaps it was naive to have put such stock in the "back to nature" school of thought. And, if so, where do supporters of national parks turn to rediscover their idealism? By tracing park values from

their romantic roots to the present, Alfred Runte in "National Parks; The American Experience" provokes some answers.

Runte shows that the national parks grew out of nationalistic pride for what this country had that Europe did not. As the scenic splendors of the American West unfolded, Americans reveled in monumentalism, tending to compare every mountain with the Swiss alps and, measure every waterfall with the height of those in Europe. For Runte, the question why the national parks were founded overshadows the question when. He argues convincingly that the first parks represented a "semblance of antiquity through landscape." For that, Americans could be proud and feel less anxiety about "America's failure to live up to the achievements of Europe."

Runte goes over familiar ground with this book, and finds fresh insights. His fascination with ideas more than dates frees the book from the strictures of a straight chronological history of the national park movement.

It is disturbing to know that managers of parks today operate in a world sorely strained politically and biologically to provide life's comforts. That the National Park Service as late as 1968 still allowed the glowing embers of a bonfire to be pushed over the Yosemite rim as a regular, grand attraction for visitors, is almost unbelievable from today's perspective. The book begins and ends with Yosemite, and also the haunting suspicion that the strongest supporters of parks may not have completely shed the romantic values of the past century.

—Earle Kittleman
Publications Specialist, RMR

Director's address before E&AA group

(Editor's Note: The following excerpts are from Director Dickenson's address to employees and alumni who were gathered together on Sept. 25, for the 25th Anniversary of the NPS Employees and Alumni Association.)

You know 25 years ago this organization started at Great Smoky Mountains National Park. As you look around—there are many people here tonight who were there 25 years ago. It started as an idea. There are many people here who ought to be mentioned. And I am going to mention some because they represent the kind of strength that brought this organization into being and have nurtured it and made it survive—a noble, struggling child 25 years later.

Certainly, Connie Wirth! Connie Wirth deserves all the credit in the world for giving his tireless support to this organization, fostering support, out front all the time. Tiny Semingsen must be cited when you talk about E&AA. And Herb Evison, who nurtured and supported the COURIER for so many years. And Howard Baker.

I hope to digress just for a second from my remarks here in order to make an award that has been a long time coming and much over due. The individual I'm talking about is untiring, faithful to principle, persistent, totally involved and I know you'll recognize him immediately when I say that Connie Wirth, it is my great privilege and pleasure to present to you on behalf of all the employees of the National Park Service the Honorary Park Ranger Award.

(The Director presented the award to Connie, and then Connie gave a few remarks. The Director then continued his speech.)

...Certainly the preservation of natural, historical and cultural values and the public use of parks by the people are the two principles that have engendered the kind of support that will enable us to continue to operate the Park System correctly.

Central to this is the concept of stewardship because that's what we are all about in the Park Service. We are stewards. And arising from this is an opportunity. The opportunity to influence those who visit parks—mostly urban dwellers in today's world. But we need to talk about stewardship. This is almost a forgotten principle in today's fast, mobile, consumer-oriented, throw-away society in which we live. We may be seriously undermining the choices in the future of those who follow us, our children and our grandchildren. And too



Director Russ Dickenson presents former Director Connie Wirth with a plaque naming him an honorary park ranger, as Len Volz and Mrs. Chet (Ebba) Brooks clap. Presentation was made at a banquet for NPS employees and alumni, following a week of work and fun in celebration of their 25th Anniversary of the forming of the E&AA.

often today, we run into the attitude: "I'm not willing to wait until tomorrow. I want mine now." I think national parks are a dramatic statement about stewardship and the visitors who are exposed to this are in many ways changed. I want to see us emphasize this and use our opportunity to change people's attitudes and perceptions of themselves and their world. I think parks are the heart and soul of the National Park Service . . . they are the superlative, unique features of our American scene.

I think we need to emphasize the basic principles of national park management as never before. I think we need to have a return to the basics—back to fundamentals.

Now there have always been issues, but I think it's startling to see how many of these have turned into nationally oriented resource management issues. We're dealing with a burro problem at Grand Canyon and a burro problem at Bandelier. And, we're dealing with Colorado River management problems at Grand Canyon. And you can multiply that by a dozen or sometimes it seems even more. All of these have a way, in today's world, of not being particularly solvable. They simply fade away for awhile to reappear at a later time. I think this illustrates the kind of public involvement and public concern that the new NPS is involved with today.

Certainly, it is true in my own time, and yours too, that we didn't have (in the old days) the degree of public involvement and the kinds of concerns that came out of the 1960s—the National

Environmental Policy Act, the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act) and all of the other environmental safeguards . . . of recent years. We're frankly at a crossroads, and I believe we're entering a time of change now. We are an older population now, and the kinds of visitors to national parks today represent an older group of people. We're seeing travel to national parks beginning to spread out in terms of a longer season—an earlier visitation period and a later one. We're seeing the kinds of changes in transportation brought on by the energy crisis. People are staying longer at parks. There's more involvement in interpretation. We find people more activist-minded. There is more mountain climbing, more backpacking, and more camping. Everything is more. More and more people visiting the parks. More international travel. We have more organized tours in the National Park System today than we've had since the '30s. So all the features that relate to public use today are different and changing.

We need to either come to grips with these or the System, in many ways we have failed. I have some concerns.

Number 1 is the continued expansion of the System over a 20-year period. This has tended to accent budget increases towards newly established and developing areas to the detriment of some of the older established areas. And you can see this as you travel through the parks as never before . . .

Also, the new environmental standards have almost completely reshaped many of our construction and rehabilitation of water and sewer systems for several years. These mandated programs take dollars away from our other activities.

There's competition within this enlarged National Park System for money between all parks, but it is most pronounced in the case of urban parks versus other units. Every unit of the System is competing against every other unit.

We must earmark resources for energy conservation and for health and safety code requirements, for reserve water rights, a big thing in the West . . . and for improved research programs.

And there's inflation! Every aspect of our operation, including services and facilities at some parks this summer had to be reduced because of inflation.

What to do? I strongly favor a strategy of sharply limiting the growth of the System, allowing our operational capability and operations and construction funding to catch up. We must guard the older established parks with increases to partially offset their increased operations, maintenance and resource preservation costs. That is our top priority. To facilitate this we've agreed to a reduction in our FY '82 construction program. . . .

I've been invited by the Office of Management and Budget to show what it takes to set the NPS right. I'm very, very pleased about that.

To summarize . . . we need to emphasize high quality standards of national significance of all areas proposed for inclusion in the National Park System. We need to slow the expansion of the System to meet quality standards of operation and maintenance. We need to meet the growing threats to the integrity of the parks by improving research and monitoring programs. We need to emphasize the management of the System, decentralize decision-making, management objectives, increased efficiency, and we need to reflect the changes that are occurring in visitor use patterns and park fringes. And, above all, I think we need to emphasize park protection and preservation as fundamental to ensuring continuity of the System itself.

We the employees and alumni of the NPS are going to need each other in the future just as much as we needed each other in the past, meeting the challenges that face us. And so I ask all of you for your continuing support of the NPS and its principles and its programs, and in return, I pledge you the continuing support of the NPS for the Association, and together, you know, I believe we can really make a difference!

NPS archives

By David Nathanson
Chief, Branch of Library & Archives
Harpers Ferry Center, W.Va.

The story of the National Park Service is much richer than the official records in the National Archives will ever reveal, and it goes beyond the beauty and history of the parks and monuments. It's the story of a relatively small group of dedicated men and women who took a few good ideas and built them into one of our Government's most efficient and admired agencies. And the story continues.

In 1973, the National Park Service Archives was set up to interpret this story and make it available so that it may be studied. We collect and preserve duplicates of official records and many kinds of non-record material that add flavor to the official record. We also collect artifacts that we hope to assemble into a National Park Service Museum. Here is a sampling of our holdings:

- An NPS uniform collection and a traveling exhibit (currently at Albright) which interprets the history of NPS badges and insignia.
- The pen that Woodrow Wilson used to sign the NPS enabling act and the telegram Horace M. Albright sent to Stephen Mather telling him of the signing. These two items are on loan to Yellowstone National Park, where they are on exhibit.

- A large collection of materials documenting the planning and execution of the NPS Centennial and Bicentennial Programs.
- The personal papers of Ronald Lee, Harold Peterson, Sutton Jett and others.
- Keith Hoofnagle's original art for his "Rangeroon" cartoons.
- An oral history collection, which includes two projects done by Herb Evison in the 60s and 70s, a project on the history of women in the Service by the late Dorothy Huyck, and a Bicentennial project conducted by Independence National Historical Park.
- A large collection of documents and photos on the history of the CCC in the national parks.
- Records, correspondence and photographs on the Employees and Alumni Association and the National Park COUNIER.

Along with these we have over 700 cubic feet of records, reports, books, movies, photos and anything else we can get our hands on, which interprets the history of the Service.

In this 25th anniversary year of the E&AA, we want you to know that we exist. We exist for you—to preserve your contributions to the Service in a fashion, which is a little more personal than the official record, a little more in keeping with the "family" tradition of the Service. So, if you're cleaning out your desk, think of us. We would especially like to add to our collections your personal

papers—diaries or personal correspondence—anything which relates to your work and life in the National Park Service. If you have different plans for your personal papers, let us know about them, too. And, by all means, come and visit us.

Rangeroon goes paperback

That famous National Park Service cartoon character, "Rangeroon," may now be seen throughout Bill Lewis' new book, "Interpreting for Park Visitors," illustrated and designed by Keith "Hoofy" Hoofnagle. "Rangeroon" and his friends take you through each chapter from the principles of interpretation to giving walks, talks and tours. Lewis weaves communication theories with 31 years of personal experience as a career seasonal naturalist at Yellowstone.

The book contains 40-50 of Hoofnagle's illustrations—a freelance project which took 6 months to complete. Hoofnagle worked with Lewis as a seasonal in Yellowstone, and that became the era and birthplace of "Rangeroon."

The author's goal was to keep the book light and easy to read. The reader will absorb the nuts and bolts of communication painlessly. Several universities have requested the book for use in their park and recreation courses. Lewis' new book is a welcome addition to the fields of interpretation and communication.

The National Park Courier The monthly magazine of National Park Service affairs for 25 years

People ask: "How can we get the COUNIER?" Here's how. Just cut out the form below for yourself or for a gift and mail it to Ann B. Schramm, Membership Chairman, NPS Employees and Alumni Association, Room 2217, National Park Service, Washington, D.C.

Just cut here and mail your check. Your COUNIER will come to your home immediately.

National Park COUNIER

I would like to become a member of the E&AA and receive the COUNIER

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- ☐ Second Century Club—\$200
- ☐ Supporting Donor Membership—\$500
- ☐ Founder Membership—\$1000

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Deaths

Tribute to Sarah Rogers

Sarah Vaille Rogers who died Nov. 21, 1979, known as "Sally" to so many, left \$30,000 to the Denver Zoological Foundation in memory of her deceased husband Edmund B. Rogers.

Edmund died in 1972 in Denver. He served as superintendent of Rocky Mountain National Park, Colo., and for 20 years was superintendent of Yellowstone National Park. He loved the national parks and the animals in them and he enjoyed the Denver Zoo. This bequest is appreciated by the people in Denver.

Sally and Edmund developed their friendship in the Colorado Mountain Club before Edmund was president of it and before joining the Park Service. He worked as a trust officer at the Colorado National Bank in Denver for a number of years, after having graduated from Yale University in 1915. Incidentally, he worked his way through Yale.

Around the campfires of the Colorado Mountain Club outings they used to sing songs and used to tell stories, and Sally, who was a very competent musician and had a fine voice, was able to lend her abilities to singing to the great enjoyment of the club members, which led to the appreciation of the finer music to many who heard her. She always wanted it known after her death of her enjoyment of the outing and of music that took a great deal of attention during her life. Sally graduated from Wolcott School in

Denver, and except for some travel, lived in Denver and near Estes Park and at Mammoth Hot Springs almost all her life.

Carolyn Anderson

Carolyn Anderson, widow of Ernest R. Anderson, died Aug. 5 in Tacoma, Wash. She was 72.

Carolyn and Ernie moved to Tacoma when he retired from Yellowstone National Park where he was administrative officer. They had come to Yellowstone from Mount Rainier National Park, Wash.

She is survived by three sisters and one brother.

Julia Woodring

Mrs. Julia S. Woodring, 80, who was secretary to former Director Horace M. Albright when he was superintendent of Yellowstone National Park in the late 1920s, died on Sept. 7, in a Portland, Oreg., hospital after a week of critical illness.

Julia married Sam T. Woodring, chief ranger at Yellowstone National Park and later superintendent of Grand Teton National Park. After her husband's death she was employed as personnel clerk at Mount Rainier National Park, Calif., and retired in 1959. Her only close survivor is her sister, Margaret Stockett, with whom she lived at 5225 N.E. Everett Street, Portland, OR 97213.

Tribute to Esse Emmet

I want to write a tribute to Esse Emmet (widow of Jack, Sr., and mother of Jack, Jr.), who passed away on June 13, 1980. Jack, Jr., wrote me about her death which took place in Spring, Tex.

To me, Esse Emmet was one of the grandest persons I ever associated with in the national parks. She came to Yellowstone soon after our arrival there, and she had a big job getting the community organized and sponsoring dances and get-togethers of all sorts. I recall having been dressed in various costumes (many of which had been made by Esse herself) and performing in mock bands, choruses and such. She even conducted the holiday choirs, and I remember Mommers parades on New Year's Day, hay rides carolling at Christmas, and oh! so many other activities. In addition to these, she served in various groups, such as the Library Board, and other such civic organizations.

In 1958 we drove to Glacier National Park, Mont., to attend the retirement banquet ceremonies for Superintendent Emmet, who retired from the NPS after 46 years of service.

I think I have never known a better community-minded, dedicated Park Service couple than the Emmets and I, for one, will always treasure their memories!

Their son, Jack, and his wife Della live at 23906 Creekview Dr., Spring, TX 77379

Helen M. Abbie
River Rt. Box 36
Gardiner, MT 59030

Ballot for E&AA elections

Members of the Employees & Alumni Association are voting to fill vacancies on the E&AA Board for 4-year terms beginning in January. (Biographical information was given in the October COURIER.) Ballots have been coming in,

but because some do not have a signature, they cannot be counted. Voting time will be extended to Jan. 5. Only members of E&AA may vote, and your signature is necessary. Sorry, this was not made clear in the October issue.

Please circle your choice for your representative in your region and category only, and sign. Send to Theresa G. Wood, Executive Secretary, NPS, Employees & Alumni Association, Rm. 3215, Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Washington Office

Employee Nominees
Grace Sheppard
Dave Gackenbach
Pat Smith

Rocky Mountain Region

Employee Nominees
Frances Reynolds
Jean Bullard
Bob Benton

Pacific Northwest Region

Employee Nominees
Don Jackson
Bob Wasem
Bill Lock

Mid-Atlantic Region

Alumni Nominees
Lawrence Coryell
Nathan Goliub
Thomas Norris

Southeast Region

Alumni Nominees
George Fry
Chuck Watson
Albert Manucy

Denver Service Center

Employee Nominees
Norman Reigle
Richard Giamberdine

Southwest Region

Employee Nominees
Douglas McChristian
JoAnn Kyril
Jose Cisneros

North Atlantic Region

Alumni Nominees
Wilson George
Lawrence Hadley
Nash Castro

National Capital Region

Alumni Nominees
Ted Smith
Roger L. Sulcer
Annette Brady

Midwest Region

Alumni Nominees
Raymond Rundell
Olive Howe
Kenneth Krabbenhoft

Western Region

Alumni Nominees
Forrest M. Benson
Luis A. Castellum
Thomas Tucker

Signature _____

E&AA members meet



Three men of the Park Service Family who grew up in the national parks: (from left) Stan Albright, nephew of Horace M; Dick Russell, son of Carl P., and Wayne Bryant, son of Harold C.



Officers of the E&AA Board of Directors (from left) Terry Wood, Executive Secretary and Education Trust Officer; Dick Hart, Rocky Mountain Alumni Representative, and Bill Ledford, E&AA Treasurer.



E&AA Chairman of the Board Roger Rector at the 25th Anniversary Banquet.



Mrs. Chet (Ebba) Brooks speaks for the National Park Women at the Anniversary Banquet.

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