

AC435

CRBIB # 405236

STATEMENT FOR MANAGEMENT

MINUTE MAN NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK

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I. PURPOSE OF THE PARK

Minute Man National Historical Park was authorized by Congress in 1959 ".....in order to preserve for the benefit of the American people certain structures and properties of outstanding national significance associated with the opening of the War of the American Revolution....." (Public Law 86-321, September 21, 1959).

Specifically, the purpose of Minute Man National Historical Park is to consolidate, preserve, selectively restore, and interpret portions of the Lexington-Concord Battle Road as well as associated structures, properties, and sites so that the visitor may better appreciate and understand the beginning of the American Revolution as a significant chapter in the American historical heritage.

ATLANTIC

OCEAN

BOSTON

PROVIDENCE

NEW BEDFORD

MINUTE MAN
NATIONAL
HISTORICAL
PARK

WORCESTER

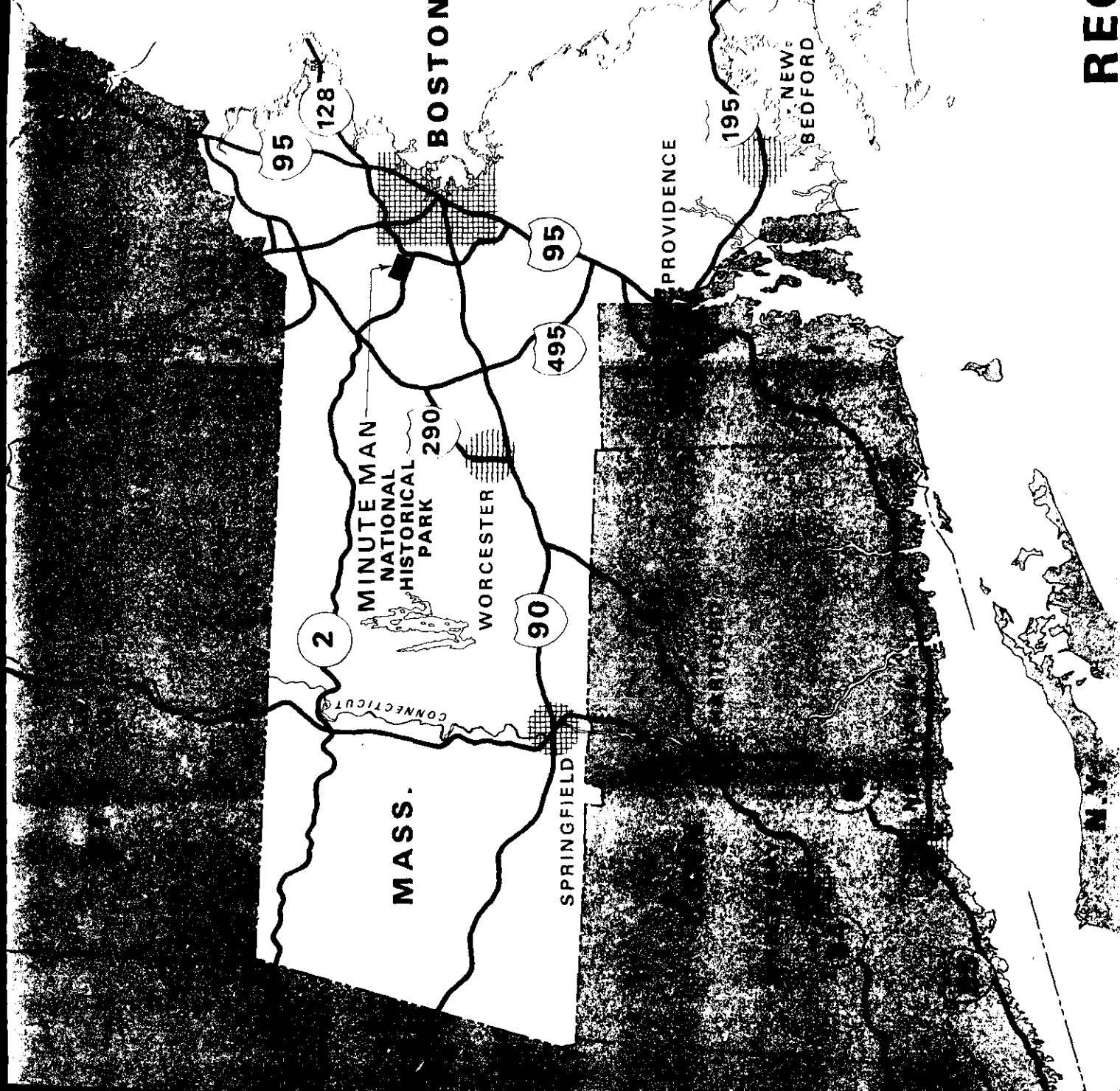
MASS.

SPRINGFIELD

REGION



10 5 0
SCALE



II. SIGNIFICANCE OF PARK RESOURCES

Minute Man National Historical Park is located 20 miles northwest of Boston, Massachusetts, within the towns of Lexington, Lincoln, and Concord. The Park is located in a semi-rural suburban area surrounded by Hanscom Air Force Base and privately owned lands. The Park is divided into three units; namely, the Battle Road, The Wayside, and the North Bridge Units.

The North Bridge Unit, located in the Town of Concord, includes the former Buttrick Estate and building (built 1911) which is presently used as a visitor contact station and temporary headquarters for the Park. The North Bridge is located in this Unit and receives heavy visitation. The present bridge is a fairly accurate reconstruction of the 1775 bridge and was constructed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in 1956 in preparation for the Bicentennial. This unit also contains the Minuteman Statue, sculpted by Daniel Chester French in 1875 to commemorate the Centennial of the American Revolution. This work of art is considered to be one of America's most prized pieces of art work and is a major visitor attraction.

Within present park boundaries, there are 26 historic structures, which include archeological sites of building foundations, 12 buildings of which 8 were standing at the time of the beginning of the War of the American Revolution, April 19, 1775, one grave site of British soldiers killed at the North Bridge, several wells, approximately 3 miles of stone walls dating to 1775 and approximately 6.5 miles of roads.

Archeological research has indentified sections of the historic Battle Road, no longer used as a thoroughfare, as well as foundations of homes and outbuildings that were part of the 1775 scene.

Of supplemental value, the Park resources include The Wayside. This house was built prior to 1716 and is, perhaps, the most important historic structure in the Park. Apart from its role in the American Revolution, the house is also known as the "Home of Authors" as it was the residence of the Alcotts, the Hawthornes and Margaret Sidney.

The Park is associated directly and indirectly with many historical and literary events and attractions of the 18th and 19th centuries in the Concord, Lexington and Boston areas.

III. LAND CLASSIFICATION

A. HISTORIC:

All that land within the Congressionally approved boundaries of Minute Man National Historical Park encompassing portions of the towns of Concord, Lincoln, and Lexington, Middlesex County, Massachusetts, comprising approximately 746 acres, of which 679 acres are in federal ownership, is classified as an historic zone and is managed to protect and restore the various historic sites and structures and provide for their interpretation to the Park visitor. These protected historic entities further lend themselves to continuing architectural, historic, and cultural studies.

The resources within this historic zone include archeological ruins, stone walls, historic buildings, modern structures dating from 1911 to 1939. Only two buildings have undergone historic restoration - The Wayside and the Elisha Jones House (Bullet Hole House). The Wayside is maintained as an historic house museum and the Elisha Jones house as employee quarters. The other historic houses are maintained in their modern state by preventive maintenance and are utilized as quarters. Three structures are inhabitable and receive only minimal maintenance to prevent further deterioration. Open space, forests, within the zone are maintained in their 20th century appearance.

Located within this zone is a newly constructed visitor center (1976) and parking facility (160 cars). These facilities are managed to

provide for maximum use and enjoyment of the Park visitor and are the primary visitor contact area. This area, the North Bridge Unit, and The Wayside are the only sites offering visitor service.

a) Subzone: Environmental Study Area.

Within this subzone, approximately 50 acres have been set aside as an environmental study area providing an open space for ecological study and compatible recreational activities.

B. SPECIAL USE

a) Subzone: Agriculture

Certain tracts within the legislative boundaries of Minute Man National Historical Park and under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service amounting to 54.4 acres have been leased under Special Use Permits for agricultural purposes to private citizens when this activity is deemed compatible with the aims of the park standards.

An annual per acre fee is required from the permittee. This fee is reviewed no less than every three years to insure that the rate is comparable to charges made in the private sector. No changes may be made to the land and proper land use practices are required. Each permit is reviewed at least once annually to insure that all conditions of the permit are being followed.

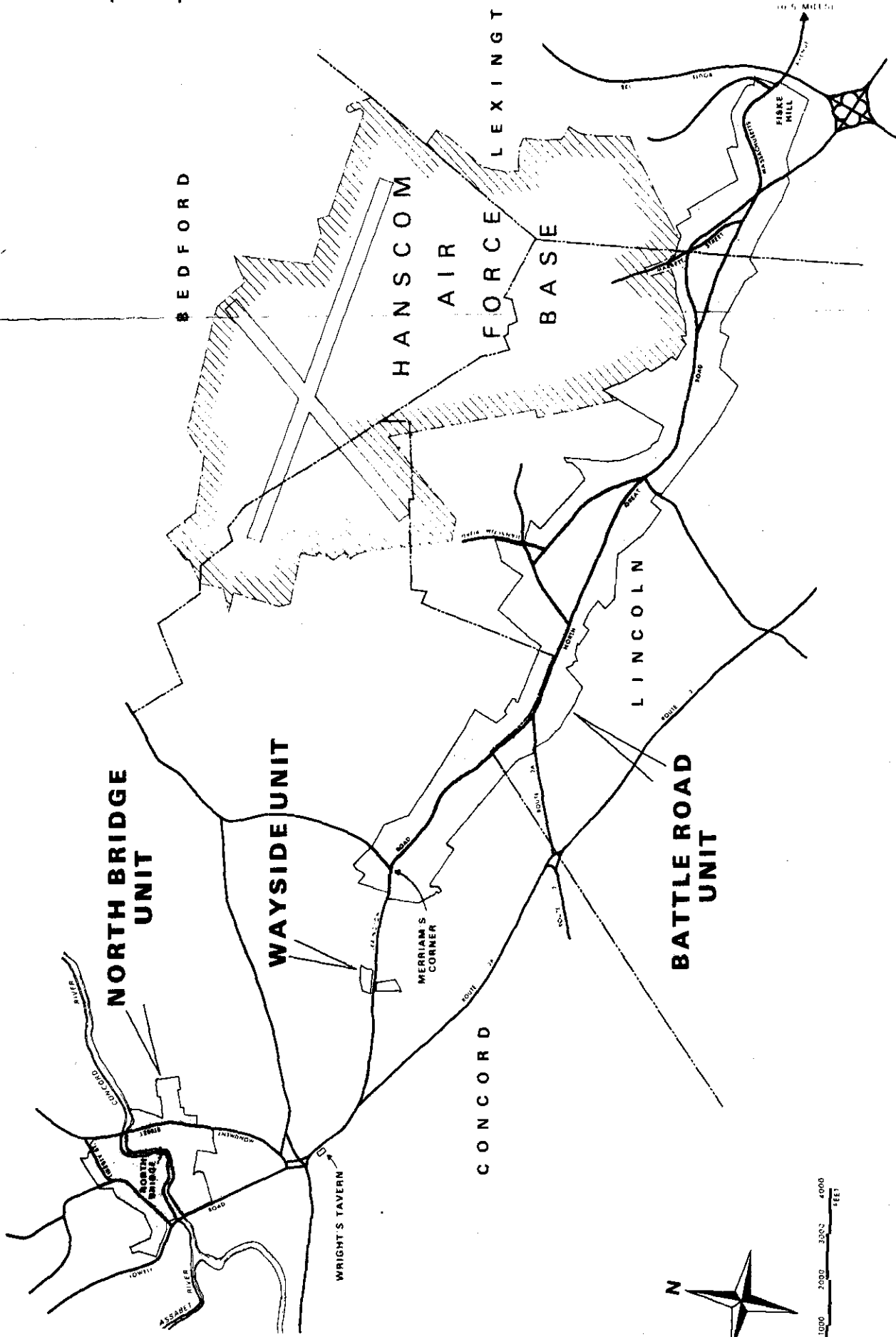
b) Subzone: Domiciles

Other tracts within the legislative boundaries of the Park and under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service amounting

to 150 acres have been leased, through Special Use Permits or as part of the acquisition process for domicile purposes to private citizens when deemed compatible with current management standards.

The permittees in these instances are responsible for maintenance of the properties and pay a monthly fee. These fees are reviewed no less than every three years to insure their comparability to rental rates in the private sector. Each tract is inspected, at least once annually, to insure compliance with the Special Use Permit or agreements made at the time of acquisition.

An historic district, the Town of Concord, also exists within the authorized legislative boundary of the Park. 19.92 acres have been excluded from purchase with acquired scenic easements insuring that owners of said properties will maintain the aesthetic and historic fabrics of these structures and adjacent grounds in keeping with acceptable standards of appearance and authenticity under historic zoning of the town.



MINUTE MAN NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK

IV. INFLUENCES ON MANAGEMENT

Legislative and Administrative Constraints

-The Secretary of the Interior is authorized by the enabling legislation to acquire lands and interests in lands within the area designated for the Park through donation, donated funds, or appropriated funds.

While legislative authorization provides that the area shall contain not more than 750 acres, the gross area for the Park comprises about 746 acres of which 679 acres are under Federal ownership as of August 1, 1976.

The Act authorized the sum of \$5,000,000.00 as may be needed for land acquisition (Sec. 6, PL 86-321).

The development ceiling is not to exceed \$3,000,000.00, of which a total of \$150,000.00 remains. Subsequently, a separate authority appropriated an additional \$5,900,000.00 for acquisition purposes. (Act of December 14, 1970 (84 Stat. 1436)).

A cooperative agreement between the National Park Service and the Town of Concord exists. Covering the maintenance, interpretation and management of the immediate area of the North Bridge, the Minute Man Statue and the North Bridge parking lot. Under this cooperative agreement the Town of Concord has retained ownership of the above-mentioned areas and the right to approve or disapprove any restorations, alterations or major repairs within the area.

The Secretary of the Interior is also authorized to enter into cooperative agreements for the purpose of erecting and maintaining tablets or markers that contribute to the further interpretation and preservation of this historic scene. These agreements may be entered into with such entities as the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and its political subdivisions, corporations, associations or individuals (Sec. 3, PL86-321).

Minute Man National Historical Park is under a proprietary jurisdictional status. These parcels, not yet acquired within the boundary of the park will be under the same jurisdictional status upon acquisition by the National Park Service.

Under proprietary jurisdiction, the National Park Service is entitled to the same rights, privileges, protection and responsibilities as any landowner and is required to assist in enforcing and abiding by, not only Federal regulations, but also all applicable state and local statutes.

REGIONAL INFLUENCES

Lexington, Lincoln and Concord may be characterized as upper middle class suburban bed-room communities of metropolitan Boston. Single family dwellings with relatively large plots characterize the residential areas of each town. Any potential growth within these towns will be of a residential character.

Within the town of Lexington residential growth will have little or no affect on the park as the area near the park is fully developed. In Lincoln and Concord residential development could affect the park in the areas of transportation and visiuł encroachment upon the historic scene.

Access to the Battle Road unit is provided by State Route 2A which could become the major Park tour road between Fiske Hill and Meriam's Corner if State Route 2 is relocated south of the Park boundary. If Route 2 is not relocated, this objective will not be attainable.

Access to The Wayside and the North Bridge units is by State Route 2A east of Concord Center and Monument Street and Liberty Street, respectively, in the Town of Concord. Visitor travel to the Park will be primarilly from Route 128 from the east. There is very limited public transportation available, therefore, all Park visitation arrives by private automobiles, tour buses or bicycle. Heavy traffic congestion occurs during peak visitation periods.

The Minute Man region has warm, humid summers and relatively cold damp winters. Most precipitation, which annually averages over 40 inches, falls in the form or rain and snow generally from southeast storms. Because of the relatively cold winters and substantial snow, visitation drops markedly from December through March.

The general elevation varies from 120 feet at the Concord River to 300 feet at the summit of Fiske Hill. Glacial deposits of till,

glacio-fluvial, and glacio-lacustrine are found in the area.

Vegetation cover within the authorized boundaries has changed both in character and location since 1775. Present forest cover is a hardwood-softwood mixture. Grasses, both introduced and natural, comprise the dominant vegetative cover. Birch is also interspersed with young hardwood and evergreen seedlings.

Hanscom Air Force Base (USAF) and Hanscom Field (Massachusetts Port Authority - civilian aircraft) borders the northern boundary of the Park. These facilities generate both traffic and noise intrusions on the historic scene. Primary access to Massachusetts Port Authority facilities is by way of State Route 2A.

Substantial peak hour commuter traffic is generated, by both of the above mentioned facilities, within the Park (7:30 a.m. - 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. - 6:00 p.m.)

Park plans and development are clearly followed and reviewed by the towns of Concord, Bedford, Lincoln and Lexington. Other organizations which periodically require consultation are: The Sierra Club, Citizens for a Balanced Transportation System and the Norumbega Association. The prime interest of these three organizations is in the protection of the natural environment and systematic approaches to regional planning and public transportation.

WITHIN PARK INFLUENCES

The major influence within the Park is State Route 2A which dissects the Battle Road unit. Upwards of 10,000 vehicles utilize this roadway daily which compounds problems of visitor circulation. Agricultural activities in the Park presently have beneficial effects on the Park as over 56 acres of land is maintained in an open condition until research can be accomplished to determine the proper utilization of the land.

There is slow deterioration of historic structures in the Park due to lack of funds to properly restore and rehabilitate these structures.

Due to a staff deficiency, interpretive talks at the North Bridge and the Battle Road units are not given as frequently as they should be.

The present North Bridge Parking lot and comfort facility are inadequate. This inadequacy results in inconvenience to the Park visitor and local citizens as well as producing extremely unsafe conditions during peak visitation because of illegal parking.

The Park is in compliance with Executive Order 11593. Prior to any restorations or development activities archeological investigations are carried out to determine existence of any prehistoric or historic resources.

V. MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

Resource Preservation and Management

1. To protect and perpetuate the historic scene, and its associated cultural resources, where the beginning of the War of the American Revolution took place along the Lexington to Concord Battle Road.
2. To preserve, and where feasible restore, the historic 1775 appearance of the road, and associated properties, structures, and sites.
3. To cooperate with local communities, including Concord, Lincoln, Bedford and Lexington, as well as private organizations for the purpose of preserving and interpreting the park's historic events and resources.
4. To reduce adverse effects on the historic scene due to residential development, utilities, roads, inadequate parking, and other uses and developments.

VISITOR USE

1. To provide for use and enjoyment of the park through the provision of visitor facilities and services for interpretation, sightseeing, nature study, and other activities compatible with the park's historic and natural values.

2. To reduce or eliminate operational deficiencies in public facilities and services in the North Bridge and Battle Road units.
3. To foster understanding and appreciation of the social, economic and political environment that led to the armed conflict of April 19, 1775, and the consequences of that conflict to the colonies, Great Britain, and the rest of the world.

APPENDIX

COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TOWN OF CONCORD, MASSACHUSETTS,
AND THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE RELATING TO THE TOWN PROPERTY
KNOWN AS THE BATTLE GROUND AREA

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered into this 6th day of June 1963, by and between the United States of America, acting in this behalf by Conrad L. Worth, Director of the National Park Service, party of the first part, and the Town of Concord, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, hereinafter referred to as the "Town," party of the second part,

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Minute Man Statue, Old North Bridge, and associated historic structures and objects, located in the Town on land bounded northerly by land now or formerly of Tanner, easterly by Monument Street, southerly by land of the Trustees of Reservations, and westerly by land now or formerly of Buttrick, hereinafter referred to as the "Battle Ground area," which reference shall include the parking lot adjacent thereto bounded northerly by Simmons Landing Lane and easterly by Great Meadows Road, are recognized as possessing national significance as associated with the American Revolution; and

WHEREAS, the Act of Congress approved September 21, 1959, (73 Stat. 590-591) has provided for the establishment of the Minute Man National Historical Park for the purpose of preserving for the benefit of the American people the above-named and other nationally important historic lands and structures in the Town associated with the American Revolution and the founding and growth of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the Town by vote of its Annual Town Meeting held March 11, 1963, has authorized the Selectmen and Town Manager to execute and deliver this agreement on behalf of the Town; and

WHEREAS, the United States in all matters hereinafter referred to will act through the National Park Service or such other body as may be legally substituted therefor; and

WHEREAS, it is the desire of the Town to bring about the preservation of the said historic structures, objects, and grounds in the Battle Ground area as a national historical park that they may be devoted to public use and to the perpetuation of the greatest traditions of the United States of America; and

WHEREAS, it is the desire of the United States to cooperate with the Town in preserving the integrity of the above-mentioned historic structures, objects, and area, and to interpret them to the American people as a great national heritage.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and pursuant to the authority contained in the act of Congress approved August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666), entitled "An Act to Provide for the Preservation of Historic American Buildings, Objects, and Antiquities of National Significance, and for Other Purposes," and the act of Congress approved September 21, 1959 (73 Stat. 590-591), entitled "An Act to Provide for the Establishment of the Minute Man National Park, and for Other Purposes," the said parties have covenanted and agreed, and by these presents do covenant and agree to and with each other and in consideration of the mutual promises herein expressed, as follows:

ARTICLE I. The Town will retain ownership of the said historic structures, objects, and grounds in the Battle Ground area but hereby agrees:

(a) To permit the United States to occupy them exclusively, except as otherwise provided herein, during the term of this agreement for the purpose of preserving, exhibiting, and interpreting them to the American people and otherwise utilizing them for national historical park purposes.

(b) To permit the United States to have curatorial responsibility for the care and display of such exhibits of historical interest as may be available in the Battle Ground area for exhibit and interpretive purposes.

(c) To supply customary municipal services, including police and fire protection and water facilities without charge therefore.

ARTICLE II. The Director hereby agrees, on behalf of the United States:

(a) That he will occupy the grounds and associated structures for the purposes set forth in Article I of this agreement, and for no other purposes, and that he will not sublet or assign to another person or organization any part of the structures, objects, or grounds without prior approval in writing by the Town; that he will (as funds become available through appropriations by Congress) operate and maintain the structures, objects, and grounds and make all repairs thereto; remedy all defects in the structures and objects which may arise from any cause whatsoever, including ordinary wear and tear; and undertake such work of restoration or major alteration as may be mutually agreed upon under the provisions of Article III (b).

The Director may apply such reasonable rules and regulations therein as may be necessary properly to perform his functions.

(b) That he will exercise reasonable care to prevent damage to, or destruction of, any part of the structures, objects, or grounds.

(c) That he will provide public access to the area at all reasonable times, and will provide the services of a competent person, or persons, to furnish information to the visiting public.

(d) That he will encourage and cooperate with the Town, Civic groups, and patriotic societies in the annual observance of Patriots' Day and other celebrations in which the area and its facilities may be appropriately used which have the approval of the Selectmen.

ARTICLE III. It is mutually understood and agreed:

(a) That nothing herein contained shall be construed as binding the United States to expend in any one fiscal year any sum in excess of appropriations made by Congress for that fiscal year, or to involve the United States in any contract or other obligation for the future expenditure of money in excess of such appropriations.

(b) That any work of restoration or any alterations or major repairs in the area shall not be undertaken until the plans for such work shall have been mutually agreed upon with the Selectmen.

(c) That neither of the parties to this agreement will erect or place, or permit the erection or emplacement of any monument, marker, tablet, or other memorial in the area without the written consent of

the other. This section shall not be construed as prohibiting the placing of signs within the area for the information and direction of the public. The design and location of any signs within the area to indicate that it is occupied and operated by the National Park Service acting in cooperation with the Town, shall be subject to the approval of the Selectmen.

(d) That it is the purpose of both parties to this agreement to develop a unified, long-range program of preservation, development, protection, and interpretation for the area for the inspiration and benefit of the people of the United States, and, to secure this result, a high degree of cooperation is necessary with each other, and the parties hereto pledge themselves to consult on all matters of importance to the program.

(e) That nothing herein contained shall be held to deprive the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or the Town of their civil and criminal jurisdiction in and over the said structures, objects, and grounds.

(f) That wherever in this agreement the Director is referred to, the term shall include his duly authorized representative or representatives.

(g) No member of or delegate to Congress or resident commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of this agreement or to any benefit that may arise therefrom, but this restriction shall not be construed to extend to this agreement if made with a corporation or company for its general benefit.

(h) This agreement shall become effective upon its execution, but occupation, operation, and maintenance by the United States in accordance with Article II shall begin on July 1, 1963, or as soon thereafter as practicable. It shall continue in effect until such time as Congress enacts legislation inconsistent with its continuance or expressly providing for its termination, or until terminated by the Director, National Park Service, who shall give six months' notice to the Town of such intention, or if the Town at an annual or special town meeting, held after January 1, 1968, shall vote to terminate this agreement, it shall terminate not less than six months from the date on which such vote is taken by the town meeting.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have subscribed their names and affixed their seals (in quintuple) the day, month, and year aforesaid.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

By /s/ Conrad L. Worth

TOWN OF CONCORD

By /s/ John B. Finigan, Chairman

Robert E. Sheehan

Herbert P. Wilkins

Frederick J. Robbins

Robert J. Rodday
Board of Selectmen

Theodore M. Nelson
Town Manager

PL-86-321

7. Minute Man National Historical Park

Establishment of park authorized _____ Act of September 21, 1959 Page 219

An Act To provide for the establishment of Minute Man National Historical Park in Massachusetts, and for other purposes, approved September 21, 1959 (73 Stat. 590)

Whereas the outbreak of the War of the American Revolution was essential and prerequisite to the achievement of American independence and the creation of a Federal Government; and

Whereas the events relating to the beginning of Revolutionary hostilities on the 18th and 19th of April 1775, and associated with Paul Revere, the Minute Men, and the British are of great importance in American history; and

Whereas a number of historic properties, buildings, sites, and objects in Boston, Massachusetts, and the vicinity, thereof, including the road and roadsites between Lexington and Concord, are intimately connected with the events that opened the war, and consequently, merit preservation and interpretation in the public interest as prime examples of the Nation's historical heritage: Therefore

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to preserve for the benefit of the American people certain historic structures and properties of outstanding national significance associated with the opening of the War of the American Revolution, Minute Man National Historical Park is hereby authorized to be established in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Minute Man
National Historical Park.
Establishment.

The park shall comprise not more than seven hundred and fifty acres as may be designated by the Secretary of the Interior from within the area beginning at Fiske Hill and thence lying along Massachusetts Avenue, Marrett Road and Marrett Street in the town of Lexington, along Nelson Road, Virginia Road, Old Bedford Road, and North Great Road or State Route 2-A in the town of Lincoln, and along Lexington Road, Monument Street, Liberty Street and Lowell Road in the town of Concord to and including the North Bridge and properties on both sides of the Concord River in the vicinity of the North Bridge. (16 U.S.C. § 410s [Supp. II].)

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire by donation or with donated funds, or with funds

Acquisition
of land.

hereby authorized to be appropriated, lands and interests in lands within the area designated for the park. Administrative jurisdiction of Federal lands lying within the area designated for the park shall, with the concurrence of the Federal agency involved, be transferred to the Secretary of the Interior for administration as a part of the park.

Notice in F.R.

The park shall be established as Minute Man National Historical Park by notice in the Federal Register when the Secretary of the Interior finds that sufficient lands within the designated area have been acquired to warrant such establishment. (16 U.S.C. § 410t [Supp. II].)

Preservation of historic sites.

SEC. 3. To provide further for the preservation and interpretation of historic sites, structures, and properties lying along the entire route or routes where significant events occurred on the 18th and 19th of April 1775, in the cities of Boston, Cambridge, Medford, and Somerville, and the towns of Arlington, Brookline, Concord, Lexington, and Lincoln, including the area generally described in section 1 as lying between Fiske Hill and the North Bridge, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized, in accordance with the purposes of this Act, to enter into cooperative agreements with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, political subdivisions thereof, corporations, associations, or individuals, and to erect and maintain tablets or markers, in accordance with provisions contained in the Act approved August 21, 1935, entitled "An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes" (49 Stat. 666). (16 U.S.C. § 410u [Supp. II].)

16 U.S.C. 461-468e.

Advisory commission.

SEC. 4. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to appoint an advisory commission of five members to advise him on the development of Minute Man National Historical Park, to consist of one member to be recommended by the selectmen of each of the towns of Concord, Lexington, and Lincoln, Massachusetts; one member to be recommended by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; and one member to be designated by the Secretary. (16 U.S.C. § 410v [Supp. II].)

Administration.

SEC. 5. When established pursuant to this Act, the park shall be administered, protected, and developed by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the provisions of the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 1-4), as amended and supplemented, and the Historic Sites Act of August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666; U.S.C. 461-467). (16 U.S.C. § 410w [Supp. II].)

Appropriation.

SEC. 6. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than \$8,000,000, as may be needed for the acquisition of lands and interests in lands

and for development of the Minute Man National Historical Park, of which not more than \$5,000,000 shall be used for acquisition purposes, and in addition thereto, such sums as may be needed for its administration and maintenance. (16 U.S.C. § 410x [Supp. II].)



Public Law 91-548
91st Congress, H. R. 13934
December 14, 1970

AN ACT

To amend the Act of September 21, 1959 (73 Stat. 590), to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to revise the boundaries of Minute Man National Historical Park, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of September 21, 1959 (73 Stat. 590) is amended by inserting "(n)" after the word "that" in the first sentence and adding two subsections, as follows:

"(b) Notwithstanding the description set forth in subsection (a) of this section, if the Secretary should determine that the relocation of Highway 2 by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts makes it desirable to establish new boundaries in common with, contiguous or adjacent to the proposed right-of-way for that highway, he is authorized to relocate such boundaries accordingly, and shall give notice thereof by publication of a map or other suitable description in the Federal Register: *Provided*, That any net acreage increase by reason of the boundary revision and land exchanges with the Commonwealth shall not be included in calculations of acreage in regard to the limitation set forth in subsection (a) of this section, but shall be in addition thereto.

"(c) Any lands added to the Minute Man National Historical Park, pursuant to subsection (b) may be acquired only if such acquisition can be accomplished without cost for land acquisition and, when so acquired, shall be subject to all laws, rules, and regulations applicable thereto."

SEC. 2. Section 6 of the Act of September 21, 1959 (73 Stat. 590), is amended by (1) deleting "\$8,000,000" and inserting "\$13,000,000" and (2) deleting "\$5,000,000" and inserting "\$10,000,000".

Approved December 14, 1970.

Minute Man
National His-
torical Park.
Boundary revi-
sion.
16 USC 410a.
Publication in
Federal Register
24 STAT. 1436
24 STAT. 1437

Appropriation.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORT No. 91-1398 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 91-1399 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 116 (1970):
Sept. 14, considered and passed House.
Dec. 4, considered and passed Senate.