

MAMMALS, AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES

OF

BRYCE CANYON NATIONAL PARK AND VICINITY

A Field Check-List

compiled by

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This check-list conforms to the following general references:
Burt and Grossenheider, A Field Guide to the Mammals, Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, 2nd edition, 1964; and Robert C. Stebbins, A Field Guide to Western Reptiles and Amphibians, Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, 1956. Area covered by this check-list includes the confines of the Park plus that territory east to the Paria River and west to the East Fork of the Sevier River.

Symbols and Terms Used

- ex - extirpated - species formerly native but now apparently absent from the area; last known record shown in parentheses.
ca - casual - species seen occasionally but not necessarily each year.
u - uncommon - occurs in small numbers, usually in specific and limited habitats.
c - common - occurs regularly in suitable and often diverse habitats.
R - Resident - present throughout the year; breeds in area.
B - Breeder - breeds within area in summer; spends cooler months farther south or at lower elevations.
T - transient - passes through area in spring-fall migrations; non-breeder.
H - hibernator - prolonged retreat from surface to escape winter cold; true of a few mammals and most amphibians-reptiles.
D - diurnal - animals which are active during daylight.
N - nocturnal - animals which are active at night.

Area Habitats

- 1 - sagebrush flats and meadows - found extensively in north and central parts of Park and along west boundary.
- 2 - Juniper-pinyon-oak forest - found mostly at north and east end of Park especially at elevations less than 7,000 feet.
- 3 - yellow pine forest - found throughout Park and adjoining areas at elevations between 7,000 and 8,500 feet.
- 4 - fir-aspen-spruce forest - found in south end of Park at elevations above 8,500 feet.
- 5 - rim, ledges, talus slopes and cliffs - generally found along east edge of Paunsaugunt Plateau and below its rim.
- 6 - water areas - widely dispersed stream, rivers, springs, ponds and lakes at varying elevations in and adjoining Park.

- 7 - riparian vegetation - mostly trees and shrubs found along streams, rivers, and canyons in area.
 8 - marshes and swamps - mostly found near Park springs, beaver ponds and permanent rivers - lakes.
 9 - farmland to townscape - found mostly along Paria River east of Park.
 0 - multi-habitats - species not restricted to particular habitats but range over many types.

Note: The locality following species name and symbols indicated choice habitat area where that species usually can be observed in proper season.

MAMMALS: 52 SPECIES
 (4 extirpated)

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| Little Brown Myotis - ca35-N-rim | White-tailed Paririe Dog - uR1,9-D-H-north of Park |
| Long-eared Myotis - uB5-N-rim | Least Chipmunk - uR1,2,3,5-D-H-below rim |
| Long-legged Myotis - cB5-N-rim | Uinta Chipmunk - cR0-D-H-rim |
| California Myotis - uB5-N-rim | Cliff Chipmunk - caR1,2,5-D-H-below rim |
| Small-footed Myotis - cB1,2,3,5,9-N-rim: cTO | Red Squirrel - cR4-D-Park south end |
| Silver-haired Bat - uB-N | North Flying Squirrel - caR3,4,5-N-Park south end |
| Big Brown Bat - cB1,w,e,5,9-N-campgrounds; cTO-N | Northern Pocket Gopher - cR0-D-N |
| Hoary Bat - caB-N | Great Basin Pocket Mouse - caR-N |
| Spotted Bat - uB5-N-rim; uTO-N | Ord's Kangaroo Rat - uR1,2,3,5-N-H |
| Pallid Bat - uB-N; uTO-N | Beaver - cR6,8-D-N-E. Fork Sevier River |
| Grizzly Bear - ex (1916) | Northern Grasshopper Mouse - caR1,2-N-Park north end |
| Black Bear - caR3,4,5,-D,N-Park south end. | Western Harvest Mouse - caR2-N-Park north end |
| Ringtail - uR1,2,5-N-below rim | Deer Mouse - cR0-N-campground |
| Long-tailed Weasel - uR0-D,N-Park south end | Brush Mouse - uR1,2-N Park north end |
| Wolverine - ex (1897) | Pinyon Mouse - uR1,2-N Park North end |
| Spotted Skunk - uR1,2,3,5,9-N-rim & Park south end | Desert Woodrat - uR1,2,5,9-N-below rim and near Tropic |
| Striped Skunk - cR1,2,5,9-N-below rim | Bushytailed Woodrat - 3,4,5-N- Park south end and rim |
| Badger - cR1,5,9-D-below rim | Mountain Vole - uR1,2,3,5-D-N-rim |
| Red Fox - caR1,2,5,9-D, N-Tropic | Long-tailed Vole - 1,2,5-D-N |
| Gray Fox - cR0-D, N-campgrounds | Sagebrush Vole - cR1,2-D-N-Park north end |
| Coyote - caR1,2,5,9-D, N-Tropic | House Mouse - cR9-N-Tropic |
| Gray Wolf - ex (1928) | Porcupine - cR0-D-N-campgrounds |
| Mountain Lion - cR0-D, N-Park south end | Elk - caR-D-N; seen mostly in winter |
| Bobcat - cR0-D,N-Park south end | Mule deer - cR0-D-N; Park flats and meadows in evening |
| Yellow-bellied Marmot - cR3,4,5-D-H-Park Stables | Pronghorn - ex (1936) |
| Rock Squirrel - cR1,2,5,7,9-D-H-below rim | |
| Golden-mantled Ground Squirrel - cR0-D-H-rim | |

AMPHIBIANS-REPTILES: 15 SPECIES

Tiger Salamander - cR6,3-N-H-Swamp Canyon, Park Springs
Rocky Mountain Toad - cR0,3,9-D-N-H-Tropic area; above and below rim
Leopard Frog - cR6,3-D-N-H-East fork Sevier River; Swamp Canyon
Great Basin Spadefoot - cR6,3,9-N-H-Sewage Lagoons; Park Springs:
Swamp Canyon
Northern Plateau Lizard - uR1,2,5,9-D-H-below rim
Northern Sagebrush Lizard - cR0-D-H-below rim
Side-blotched Lizard - cR1,2,5-D-H-below rim; Tropic area
Tree Lizard - cR1,2,5,9-D-H-below rim
Mountain Short-horned Lizard - cR0-D-H-widespread; most commonly
seen reptile
Western Skink - caR1,2,5-D-H-below rim; distribution unknown
Striped Whipsnake - cR1,2-D-H-below rim; Tropic area
Great Basin Gopher Snake - cR1,2,3,5,9-D-H-campgrounds; seen
below rim in canyons
Wondering Garter Snake - cR0-D-H-Park north end; below rim
Spotted Night Snake - uR1,2,3,5,9-N-H-below rim at mouths of canyons
Great Basin Rattlesnake - cR1,2,5,9-D-N-H-Sunset Point; Yovimpa Point;
in canyon

ADDITIONS: